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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: PEPTIDES AND RELATED MOLECULES THAT BIND TO TALL-1

a¹a²a³CDa⁵La⁵a°a¹a¹¹Ca¹²a¹³a¹⁴

(SEQ. ID. NO: 100),
b¹b²b³Cb⁵bʻDb⁵Lb¹⁰b¹¹b¹²b¹³b¹⁴Cb¹ʻb¹²b¹³b¹

(SEQ. ID. NO: 104)
c¹c²c³Cc⁵Dc²Lc°c¹⁰c¹¹c¹²c¹³c¹⁴Cc¹⁶c¹²c¹⁶

(SEQ. ID. NO: 105)
d¹d²d³Cd⁵dʻd²WDd¹⁰Ld¹³d¹⁴d¹⁵Cd¹ʻ6d¹²d¹8

(SEQ. ID. NO: 106)
e¹e²e³Ce⁵e6e7De9Le¹¹Ke¹³Ce¹⁵e¹6e¹7e¹8
(SEQ. ID. NO: 107)
f¹f²f³Kf⁵Df″Lf°f¹0Qf¹²f¹³f¹4
(SEQ. ID NO: 109)

 $(X^{1})_{a}-V^{1}-(X^{2})_{b}$  (I)

(57) Abstract: The present invention concerns therapeutic agents that modulate the activity of TALL-1. In accordance with the present invention, modulators of TALL-1 may comprise an amino acid sequence Dz<sup>2</sup>Lz<sup>4</sup> wherein z<sup>2</sup> is an amino acid residue and z4 is threonyl or isoleucyl. Exemplary molecules comprise a sequence of the formulae ala2a3CDa6La8a9a10Ca12a13a14 (SEQ.ID.NO:100), b1b2b3Cb5b6Db8Lb10b11b12b13b14Cb16b17b18  $c^1c^2c^3Cc^5Dc^7Lc^9c^{10}c^{11}c^{12}c^{13}c^{14}Cc^{16}c^{17}c^{18}\\$ (SEQ.ID.NO:104) (SEQ.ID.NO:105)  $d^1d^2d^3Cd^5d^6d^7WDd^{10}Ld^{13}d^{14}d^{15}Cd^{16}d^{17}d^{18}$ (SEQ.ID.NO:106)  $e^{1}e^{2}e^{3}Ce^{5}e^{6}e^{7}De^{9}I$ e<sup>11</sup>Ke<sup>13</sup>Ce<sup>15</sup>e<sup>16</sup>e<sup>17</sup>e<sup>18</sup> (SEQ.ID.NO:107) f<sup>1</sup>f<sup>2</sup>f<sup>3</sup>Kf<sup>5</sup>Df<sup>7</sup>Lf<sup>9</sup>f<sup>10</sup>Qf<sup>12</sup>f<sup>13</sup>f<sup>14</sup> (SEQ.ID NO:109) wherein the substituents are as defined in the specification. The invention further comprises compositions of matter of the formula  $(X^1)_{n}$ - $V^1$ - $(X^2)_{n}$  wherein  $V^1$  is a vehicle that is covalently attached to one or more of the above TALL-1 modulating compositions of matter. The vehicle and the TALL-1 modulating composition of matter may be linked through the N- or C-terminus of the TALL-1 modulating portion. The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain, and the preferred Fc domain is an IgG Fc domain.



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#### PEPTIDES AND RELATED MOLECULES THAT BIND TO TALL-1

This application is related to U.S. provisional application no. 60/290,196, filed May 11, 2001, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

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#### **Background of the Invention**

After years of study in necrosis of tumors, tumor necrosis factors (TNFs)  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  were finally cloned in 1984. The ensuing years witnessed the emergence of a superfamily of TNF cytokines, including fas ligand 10 (FasL), CD27 ligand (CD27L), CD30 ligand (CD30L), CD40 ligand (CD40L), TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand (TRAIL, also designated AGP-1), osteoprotegerin binding protein (OPG-BP or OPG ligand), 4-1BB ligand, LIGHT, APRIL, and TALL-1. Smith et al. (1994), Cell 76: 959-962; Lacey et al. (1998), Cell 93: 165-176; Chichepotiche et al. (1997), J. Biol. 15 <u>Chem.</u> 272: 32401-32410; Mauri et al. (1998), <u>Immunity</u> 8: 21-30; Hahne et <u>al</u>. (1998), J. <u>Exp</u>. <u>Med</u>. **188**: 1185-90; Shu <u>et al</u>. (1999), J. <u>Leukocyte Biology</u> 65: 680-3. This family is unified by its structure, particularly at the Cterminus. In addition, most members known to date are expressed in 20 immune compartments, although some members are also expressed in other tissues or organs, as well. Smith et al. (1994), Cell 76: 959-62. All ligand members, with the exception of LT- $\alpha$ , are type II transmembrane proteins, characterized by a conserved 150 amino acid region within Cterminal extracellular domain. Though restricted to only 20-25% identity, the conserved 150 amino acid domain folds into a characteristic  $\beta$ -pleated 25 sheet sandwich and trimerizes. This conserved region can be proteolytically released, thus generating a soluble functional form. Banner et al. (1993), Cell 73: 431-445.

Many members within this ligand family are expressed in lymphoid enriched tissues and play important roles in the immune system development and modulation. Smith et al. (1994). For example, TNFα is mainly synthesized by macrophages and is an important mediator for inflammatory responses and immune defenses. Tracey & Cerami (1994), Ann. Rev. Med. 45: 491-503. Fas-L, predominantly expressed in activated T cell, modulates TCR-mediated apoptosis of thymocytes. Nagata, S. & Suda, T. (1995) Immunology Today 16: 39-43; Castrim et al. (1996), Immunity 5: 617-27. CD40L, also expressed by activated T cells, provides an essential signal for B cell survival, proliferation and immunoglobulin isotype switching. Noelle (1996), Immunity 4: 415-9.

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The cognate receptors for most of the TNF ligand family members have been identified. These receptors share characteristic multiple cysteine-rich repeats within their extracellular domains, and do not possess catalytic motifs within cytoplasmic regions. Smith et al. (1994). The receptors signal through direct interactions with death domain proteins (e.g. TRADD, FADD, and RIP) or with the TRAF proteins (e.g. TRAF2, TRAF3, TRAF5, and TRAF6), triggering divergent and overlapping signaling pathways, e.g. apoptosis, NF-kB activation, or JNK activation. Wallach et al. (1999), Annual Review of Immunology 17: 331-67. These signaling events lead to cell death, proliferation, activation or differentiation. The expression profile of each receptor member varies. For example, TNFR1 is expressed on a broad spectrum of tissues and cells, whereas the cell surface receptor of OPGL is mainly restricted to the osteoclasts. Hsu et al. (1999) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96: 3540-5.

A number of research groups have recently identified TNF family ligands with the same or substantially similar sequence. The ligand has been variously named neutrokine  $\alpha$  (WO 98/18921, published May 7, 1998), 63954 (WO 98/27114, published June 25, 1998), TL5 (EP 869 180, published October 7, 1998), NTN-2 (WO 98/55620 and WO 98/55621,

published December 10, 1998), TNRL1-alpha (WO 9911791, published March 11, 1999), kay ligand (WO99/12964, published March 18, 1999), and AGP-3 (U.S. Prov. App. Nos. 60/119,906, filed February 12, 1999 and 60/166,271, filed November 18, 1999, respectively); and TALL-1 (WO 00/68378, published Nov. 16, 2000). Each of these references is hereby incorporated by reference. Hereinafter, the ligands reported therein are collectively referred to as TALL-1.

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TALL-1 is a member of the TNF ligand superfamily that is functionally involved in B cell survival and proliferation. Transgenic mice 10 overexpressing TALL-1 had severe B cell hyperplasia and lupus-like autoimmune disease. Khare et al. (2000) PNAS 97(7):3370-3375). Both TACI and BCMA serve as cell surface receptors for TALL-1. Gross et al. (2000), Nature 404: 995-999; Ware (2000), J. Exp. Med. 192(11): F35-F37; Ware (2000), Nature 404: 949-950; Xia et al. (2000), J. Exp. Med. 192(1):137-15 143; Yu et al. (2000), Nature Immunology 1(3):252-256; Marsters et al. (2000), Current Biology 10:785-788; Hatzoglou et al. (2000) J. of Immunology 165:1322-1330; Shu et al. (2000) PNAS 97(16):9156-9161; Thompson et al. (2000) J. Exp. Med. 192(1):129-135; Mukhopadhyay et al. (1999) J. Biol. Chem. 274(23): 15978-81; Shu et al. (1999) J. Leukocyte Biol. 20 65:680-683; Gruss et al. (1995) Blood 85(12): 3378-3404; Smith et al. (1994), Cell 76: 959-962; U.S. Pat. No. 5,969,102, issued October 19, 1999; WO 00/67034, published November 9, 2000; WO 00/40716, published July 13, 2000; WO 99/35170, published July 15, 1999. Both receptors are expressed on B cells and signal through interaction with TRAF proteins. In addition, 25 both TACI and BCMA also bind to another TNF ligand family member, APRIL. Yu et al. (2000), Nature Immunology 1(3):252-256. APRIL has also been demonstrated to induce B cell proliferation.

To date, no recombinant or modified proteins employing peptide modulators of TALL-1 have been disclosed. Recombinant and modified

proteins are an emerging class of therapeutic agents. Useful modifications of protein therapeutic agents include combination with the "Fc" domain of an antibody and linkage to polymers such as polyethylene glycol (PEG) and dextran. Such modifications are discussed in detail in a patent application entitled, "Modified Peptides as Therapeutic Agents," publicshed WO 00/24782, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

A much different approach to development of therapeutic agents is peptide library screening. The interaction of a protein ligand with its receptor often takes place at a relatively large interface. However, as demonstrated for human growth hormone and its receptor, only a few key residues at the interface contribute to most of the binding energy. Clackson et al. (1995), Science 267: 383-6. The bulk of the protein ligand merely displays the binding epitopes in the right topology or serves functions unrelated to binding. Thus, molecules of only "peptide" length (2 to 40 amino acids) can bind to the receptor protein of a given large protein ligand. Such peptides may mimic the bioactivity of the large protein ligand ("peptide agonists") or, through competitive binding, inhibit the bioactivity of the large protein ligand ("peptide antagonists").

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Phage display peptide libraries have emerged as a powerful method in identifying such peptide agonists and antagonists. See, for example, Scott et al. (1990), Science 249: 386; Devlin et al. (1990), Science 249: 404; U.S. Pat. No. 5,223,409, issued June 29, 1993; U.S. Pat. No. 5,733,731, issued March 31, 1998; U.S. Pat. No. 5,498,530, issued March 12, 1996; U.S. Pat. No. 5,432,018, issued July 11, 1995; U.S. Pat. No. 5,338,665, issued August 16, 1994; U.S. Pat. No. 5,922,545, issued July 13, 1999; WO 96/40987, published December 19, 1996; and WO 98/15833, published April 16, 1998 (each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety). In such libraries, random peptide sequences are displayed by fusion with

coat proteins of filamentous phage. Typically, the displayed peptides are affinity-eluted against an immobilized target protein. The retained phages may be enriched by successive rounds of affinity purification and repropagation. The best binding peptides may be sequenced to identify key residues within one or more structurally related families of peptides. See, e.g., Cwirla et al. (1997), Science 276: 1696-9, in which two distinct families were identified. The peptide sequences may also suggest which residues may be safely replaced by alanine scanning or by mutagenesis at the DNA level. Mutagenesis libraries may be created and screened to further optimize the sequence of the best binders. Lowman (1997), Ann. Rev. Biophys. Biomol. Struct. 26: 401-24.

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Structural analysis of protein-protein interaction may also be used to suggest peptides that mimic the binding activity of large protein ligands. In such an analysis, the crystal structure may suggest the identity and relative orientation of critical residues of the large protein ligand, from which a peptide may be designed. See, e.g., Takasaki et al. (1997), Nature Biotech. 15: 1266-70. These analytical methods may also be used to investigate the interaction between a receptor protein and peptides selected by phage display, which may suggest further modification of the peptides to increase binding affinity.

Other methods compete with phage display in peptide research. A peptide library can be fused to the carboxyl terminus of the <u>lac</u> repressor and expressed in <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u>. Another <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u>-based method allows display on the cell's outer membrane by fusion with a peptidoglycan-associated lipoprotein (PAL). Hereinafter, these and related methods are collectively referred to as "<u>E</u>. <u>coli</u> display." In another method, translation of random RNA is halted prior to ribosome release, resulting in a library of polypeptides with their associated RNA still attached. Hereinafter, this and related methods are collectively referred to as "ribosome display."

Other methods employ peptides linked to RNA; for example, PROfusion technology, Phylos, Inc. See, for example, Roberts & Szostak (1997), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 94: 12297-303. Hereinafter, this and related methods are collectively referred to as "RNA-peptide screening." Chemically derived peptide libraries have been developed in which peptides are immobilized on stable, non-biological materials, such as polyethylene rods or solvent-permeable resins. Another chemically derived peptide library uses photolithography to scan peptides immobilized on glass slides. Hereinafter, these and related methods are collectively referred to as "chemical-peptide screening." Chemical-peptide screening may be advantageous in that it allows use of D-amino acids and other unnatural analogues, as well as non-peptide elements. Both biological and chemical methods are reviewed in Wells & Lowman (1992), Curr. Opin. Biotechnol. 3: 355-62. Conceptually, one may discover peptide mimetics of any protein using phage display, RNA-peptide screening, and the other methods mentioned above.

#### Summary of the Invention

The present invention concerns therapeutic agents that modulate the activity of TALL-1. In accordance with the present invention, modulators of TALL-1 may comprise an amino acid sequence Dz<sup>2</sup>Lz<sup>4</sup> (SEQ ID NO: 108) wherein z<sup>2</sup> is an amino acid residue and z<sup>4</sup> is threonyl or isoleucyl. Such modulators of TALL-1 comprise molecules of the following formulae:

wherein:

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a<sup>1</sup>, a<sup>2</sup>, a<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

a<sup>6</sup> is an amino acid residue;

a<sup>9</sup> is a basic or hydrophobic residue;

30 a<sup>6</sup> is threonyl or isoleucyl;

a<sup>12</sup> is a neutral polar residue; and

a<sup>13</sup> and a<sup>14</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues. b1b2b3Cb5b6Db8Lb10b11b12b13b14Cb16b17b18 I(b) (SEQ. ID. NO: 104) 5 wherein: b<sup>1</sup> and b<sup>2</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues; b³ is an acidic or amide residue; b<sup>5</sup> is an amino acid residue; b6 is an aromatic residue; 10 b<sup>8</sup> is an amino acid residue; b<sup>10</sup> is T or I; b<sup>11</sup> is a basic residue; b12 and b13 are each independently amino acid residues; b14 is a neutral polar residue; and 15 b<sup>16</sup>, b<sup>17</sup>, and b<sup>18</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues. c<sup>1</sup>c<sup>2</sup>c<sup>3</sup>Cc<sup>5</sup>Dc<sup>7</sup>Lc<sup>9</sup>c<sup>10</sup>c<sup>11</sup>c<sup>12</sup>c<sup>13</sup>c<sup>14</sup>Cc<sup>16</sup>c<sup>17</sup>c<sup>18</sup> I(c) (SEQ. ID. NO:105) wherein: 20 c1, c2, and c3 are each independently absent or amino acid residues; c⁵ is an amino acid residue; c<sup>7</sup> is an amino acid residue; c° is T or I; c<sup>10</sup> is a basic residue; 25 c<sup>11</sup> and c<sup>12</sup> are each independently amino acid residues; c13 is a neutral polar residue; c14 is an amino acid residue; c16 is an amino acid residue;

c17 is a neutral polar residue; and

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c18 is an amino acid residue or is absent.
                            d¹d²d³Cd⁵d6d7WDd10Ld12d13d14Cd15d16d17
       I(d)
                                         (SEQ. ID. NO: 106)
       wherein:
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                 d<sup>1</sup>, d<sup>2</sup>, and d<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                 d^5, d^6, and d^7 are each independently amino acid residues;
                d10 is an amino acid residue;
                 d13 is T or I:
                 d14 is an amino acid residue; and
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                d16, d17, and d18 are each independently absent or amino acid
       residues.
       I(e)
                               e<sup>1</sup>e<sup>2</sup>e<sup>3</sup>Ce<sup>5</sup>e<sup>6</sup>e<sup>7</sup>De<sup>9</sup>Le<sup>11</sup>Ke<sup>13</sup>Ce<sup>15</sup>e<sup>16</sup>e<sup>17</sup>e<sup>18</sup>
                                         (SEQ. ID. NO: 107)
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       wherein:
                e<sup>1</sup>, e<sup>2</sup>, and e<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                e<sup>5</sup>, e<sup>6</sup>, e<sup>7</sup>, e<sup>9</sup>, and e<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                 e" is T or I; and
                e^{15}, e^{16}, and e^{17} are each independently absent or amino acid residues.
                                           f^1f^2f^3Kf^5Df^2Lf^2f^{10}Qf^{12}f^{13}f^{14}
       I(f)
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                                               (SEQ. ID NO: 109)
       wherein:
                f', f', and f' are absent or are amino acid residues (with one of f', f',
                          and f^3 preferred to be C when one of f^{12}, f^{13}, and f^{14} is C);
                f is W, Y, or F (W preferred);
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                f' is an amino acid residue (L preferred);
                f' is T or I (T preferred);
                f<sup>10</sup> is K, R, or H (K preferred);
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 $f^{12}$  is C, a neutral polar residue, or a basic residue (W, C, or R preferred);

 $f^{13}$  is C, a neutral polar residue or is absent (V preferred); and

 $f^{14}$  is any amino acid residue or is absent; provided that only one of  $f^1$ ,  $f^2$ , and  $f^3$  may be C, and only one of  $f^{12}$ ,  $f^{13}$ , and  $f^{14}$  may be C.

Compounds of formulae I(a) through I(f) above incorporate  $Dz^2Lz^4$ , as well as SEQ ID NO: 63 hereinafter. The sequence of I(f) was derived as a consensus sequence as described in Example 1 hereinbelow. Of compounds within formula I(f), those within the formula

$$I(f') f'f'f'KWDf'Lf'KQf^{12}f^{13}f^{14}$$

(SEQ ID NO: 125)

are preferred. Compounds falling within formula I(f') include SEQ ID NOS: 32, 58, 60, 62, 63, 66, 67, 69, 70, 114, 115, 122, 123, 124, 147-150, 152-177, 179, 180, 187.

Also in accordance with the present invention are compounds having the consensus motif:

**PFPWE** 

(SEQ ID NO: 110)

which also bind TALL-1.

Further in accordance with the present invention are compounds of the formulae:

wherein:

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g<sup>1</sup>, g<sup>2</sup> and g<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

g<sup>5</sup> is a neutral polar residue;

g<sup>8</sup> is a neutral polar residue;

30 g<sup>10</sup> is an acidic residue;

g<sup>12</sup> and g<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues; and g<sup>14</sup> is absent or is an amino acid residue. h¹h²h³CWh6h²WGh¹0Ch¹2h¹3h¹4 I(h) (SEQ. ID. NO: 102) wherein: 5 h<sup>1</sup>, h<sup>2</sup>, and h<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues; h<sup>6</sup> is a hydrophobic residue; h<sup>7</sup> is a hydrophobic residue; h<sup>10</sup> is an acidic or polar hydrophobic residue; and h<sup>12</sup>, h<sup>13</sup>, and h<sup>14</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues. 10  $i^1i^2i^3Ci^5i^6i^7i^8i^9i^{10}Ci^{12}i^{13}i^{14}\\$ I(i) (SEQ. ID. NO: 103) wherein: i<sup>1</sup> is absent or is an amino acid residue; i<sup>2</sup> is a neutral polar residue; 15 i³ is an amino acid residue; i<sup>5</sup>, i<sup>6</sup>, i<sup>7</sup>, and i<sup>8</sup> are each independently amino acid residues; i' is an acidic residue; i<sup>10</sup> is an amino acid residue;  $i^{12}$  and  $i^{13}$  are each independently amino acid residues; and 20 i<sup>14</sup> is a neutral polar residue.

The compounds defined by formulae I(g) through I(i) also bind TALL-1.

Further in accordance with the present invention, modulators of TALL-1 comprise:

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a) a TALL-1 modulating domain (e.g., an amino acid sequence of Formulae I(a) through I(i)), preferably the amino acid sequence Dz<sup>2</sup>Lz<sup>4</sup>, or sequences derived therefrom by phage display, RNA-peptide screening, or the other techniques mentioned above; and

b) a vehicle, such as a polymer (e.g., PEG or dextran) or an Fc domain, which is preferred;

wherein the vehicle is covalently attached to the TALL-1 modulating domain. The vehicle and the TALL-1 modulating domain may be linked through the N- or C-terminus of the TALL-1 modulating domain, as described further below. The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain, and the preferred Fc domain is an IgG Fc domain. Such Fc-linked peptides are referred to herein as "peptibodies." Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains comprise the amino acid sequences described hereinafter in Tables 1 and 2. Other TALL-1 modulating domains can be generated by phage display, RNA-peptide screening and the other techniques mentioned herein.

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Further in accordance with the present invention is a process for making TALL-1 modulators, which comprises:

- a. selecting at least one peptide that binds to TALL-1; and
- b. covalently linking said peptide to a vehicle.

The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain. Step (a) is preferably carried out by selection from the peptide sequences in Table 2 hereinafter or from phage display, RNA-peptide screening, or the other techniques mentioned herein.

The compounds of this invention may be prepared by standard synthetic methods, recombinant DNA techniques, or any other methods of preparing peptides and fusion proteins. Compounds of this invention that encompass non-peptide portions may be synthesized by standard organic chemistry reactions, in addition to standard peptide chemistry reactions when applicable.

The primary use contemplated for the compounds of this invention is as therapeutic or prophylactic agents. The vehicle-linked peptide may

have activity comparable to—or even greater than—the natural ligand mimicked by the peptide.

The compounds of this invention may be used for therapeutic or prophylactic purposes by formulating them with appropriate pharmaceutical carrier materials and administering an effective amount to a patient, such as a human (or other mammal) in need thereof. Other related aspects are also included in the instant invention.

Numerous additional aspects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent upon consideration of the figures and detailed description of the invention.

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#### **Brief Description of the Figures**

Figure 1 shows exemplary Fc dimers that may be derived from an IgG1 antibody. "Fc" in the figure represents any of the Fc variants within the meaning of "Fc domain" herein. "X¹" and "X²" represent peptides or linker-peptide combinations as defined hereinafter. The specific dimers are as follows:

A, D: Single disulfide-bonded dimers. IgG1 antibodies typically have two disulfide bonds at the hinge region of the antibody. The Fc domain in Figures 1A and 1 D may be formed by truncation between the two disulfide bond sites or by substitution of a cysteinyl residue with an unreactive residue (e.g., alanyl). In Figure 1A, the Fc domain is linked at the amino terminus of the peptides; in 1D, at the carboxyl terminus.

B, E: Doubly disulfide-bonded dimers. This Fc domain may be formed by truncation of the parent antibody to retain both cysteinyl residues in the Fc domain chains or by expression from a construct including a sequence encoding such an Fc domain. In Figure 1B, the Fc domain is linked at the amino terminus of the peptides; in 1E, at the carboxyl terminus.

C, F: Noncovalent dimers. This Fc domain may be formed by elimination of the cysteinyl residues by either truncation or substitution. One may desire to eliminate the cysteinyl residues to avoid impurities formed by reaction of the cysteinyl residue with cysteinyl residues of other proteins present in the host cell. The noncovalent bonding of the Fc domains is sufficient to hold together the dimer.

Other dimers may be formed by using Fc domains derived from different types of antibodies (e.g., IgG2, IgM).

Figure 2 shows the structure of preferred compounds of the invention that feature tandem repeats of the pharmacologically active peptide. Figure 2A shows a single chain molecule and may also represent the DNA construct for the molecule. Figure 2B shows a dimer in which the linker-peptide portion is present on only one chain of the dimer. Figure 2C shows a dimer having the peptide portion on both chains. The dimer of Figure 2C will form spontaneously in certain host cells upon expression of a DNA construct encoding the single chain shown in Figure 3A. In other host cells, the cells could be placed in conditions favoring formation of dimers or the dimers can be formed in vitro.

Figure 3 shows exemplary nucleic acid and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2, respectively) of human IgG1 Fc that may be used in this invention.

Figures 4A through 4F show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 3-27) S of NdeI to SalI fragments encoding peptide and linker.

Figures 5A through 5M show the nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 28) of pAMG21-RANK-Fc vector, which was used to construct Fc-linked molecules of the present invention. These figures identify a number of features of the nucleic acid, including:

- promoter regions <u>PcopB</u>, <u>PrepA</u>, <u>RNAI</u>, APHII, luxPR, and luxPL;
- mRNA for APHII, luxR;

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coding sequences and amino acid sequences for the proteins copB protein, copT,
 repAI, repA4, APHII, luxR, RANK, and Fc;

- binding sites for the proteins copB, CRP;
- hairpins T1, T2, T7, and toop;
- operator site for lux protein;

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enzyme restriction sites for <u>Pfill08I</u>, <u>BglII</u>, <u>ScaI</u>, <u>BmnI</u>, <u>DrdII</u>, <u>DraIII</u>, <u>BstBI</u>,
 <u>AceIII</u>, <u>AflII</u>, <u>PfiMI</u>, <u>BglI</u>, <u>SfiI</u>, <u>BstEII</u>, <u>BspLullI</u>, <u>NspV</u>, <u>BplI</u>, <u>EagI</u>, <u>BcgI</u>, <u>NsiI</u>,
 <u>BsaI</u>, <u>Pspl406I</u>, <u>AatII</u>, <u>BsmI</u>, <u>NruI</u>, <u>NdeI</u>, <u>ApaLI</u>, <u>Acc65I</u>, <u>KpnI</u>, <u>SalI</u>, <u>AccI</u>, <u>BspEI</u>,
 <u>AhdI</u>, <u>BspHI</u>, <u>EconI</u>, <u>BsrGI</u>, <u>BmaI</u>, <u>SmaI</u>, <u>SexAI</u>, BamHI, and BlpI.

Figures 6A and 6B show the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 97) inserted into pCFM1656 between the unique <u>Aat</u>II (position #4364 in pCFM1656) and <u>Sac</u>II (position #4585 in pCFM1656) restriction sites to form expression plasmid pAMG21 (ATCC accession no. 98113).

Figure 7 shows that the TALL-1 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 70) inhibits TALL-1-mediated B cell proliferation. Purified B cells ( $10^5$ ) from B6 mice were cultured in triplicates in 96-well plated with the indicated amounts of TALL-1 consensus peptibody in the presence of 10 ng/ml TALL-1 plus  $2 \mu \text{g/ml}$  anti-IgM antibody. Proliferation was measured by radioactive [ $^3$ H]thymidine uptake in the last 18h of pulse. Data shown represent mean  $\pm$  SD triplicate wells.

Figure 8 shows that a TALL-1 N-terminal tandem dimer peptibodies (SEQ ID NO: 123, 124 in Table 5B hereinafter) are preferable for inhibition of TALL-1-mediated B cell proliferation. Purified B cells (10<sup>5</sup>) from B6 mice were cultured in triplicates in 96-well plated with the indicated amounts of TALL-1 12-3 peptibody and TALL-1 consensus peptibody (SEQ ID NOS: 115 and 122 of Table 5B)or the related dimer peptibodies (SEQ ID NOS: 123, 124) in the presence of 10 ng/ml TALL-1 plus 2 μg/ml anti-IgM antibody. Proliferation was measured by radioactive [³H]thymidine uptake in the last 18h of pulse. Data shown represent mean ± SD triplicate wells.

Figure 9. AGP3 peptibody binds to AGP3 with high affinity.

30 Dissociation equilibrium constant (K<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from nonlinear regression

of the competition curves using a dual-curve one-site homogeneous binding model (KinEx<sup>™</sup> software). K<sub>D</sub> is about 4 pM for AGP3 peptibody binding with human AGP3 (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figures 10A and 10B. AGP3 peptibody blocks both human and murine AGP3 in the Biacore competition assay. Soluble human TACI protein was immobilized to B1 chip. 1 nM of recombinant human AGP3 protein (upper panel) or 5 nM of recombinant murine AGP3 protein (lower panel) was incubated with indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody before injected over the surface of receptor. Relative human AGP3 and murine AGP3 (binding response was shown (SEQ ID NO: 123).

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Figures 11A and 11B. AGP3 peptibody blocked AGP3 binding to all three receptors TACI, BCMA and BAFFR in Biacore competition assay. Recombinant soluble receptor TACI, BCMA and BAFFR proteins were immobilized to CM5 chip. 1 nM of recombinant human AGP3 (upper panel) were incubated with indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody before injected over each receptor surface. Relative binding of AGP3 was measured. Similarly, 1 nM of recombinant APRIL protein was incubated with indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody before injected over each receptor surface. AGP3 peptibody didn't inhibit APRIL binding to all three receptors (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figures 12A and 12B. AGP3 peptibody inhibits mouse serum immunoglobulin level increase induced by human AGP3 challenge. Balb/c mice received 7 daily intraperitoneal injections of 1 mg/Kg human AGP3 protein along with saline, human Fc, or AGP3 peptibody at indicated doses, and were bled on day 8. Serum total IgM and IgA level were measured by ELISA (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figure 13. AGP3 peptibody treatment reduced arthritis severity in the mouse CIA model. Eight to 12 weeks old DBA/1 male mice were immunized with bovine collagen type II (bCII) emulsified in complete freunds adjuvant intradermally at the base of tail, and were boosted 3 weeks after the initial immunization with bCII emulsified in incomplete freunds adjuvant. Treatment with indicated dosage of AGP3 peptibody was begun from the day of booster

immunization for 4 weeks. As described before (Khare et al., *J. Immunol.*. 155: 3653-9, 1995), all four paws were individually scored from 0-3 for arthritis severity (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figure 14. AGP3 peptibody treatment inhibited anti-collagen antibody generation in the mouse CIA model. Serum samples were taken one week after final treatment (day 35) as described above. Serum anti-collagen II antibody level was determined by ELISA analysis (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figures 15A and 15B. AGP3 peptibody treatment delayed proteinuria onset and improved survival in NZB/NZW lupus mice. Five-month-old lupus prone NZBx NZBWF1 mice were treated i.p. 3X/week for 8 weeks with PBS or indicated doses of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) or human Fc proteins. Protein in the urine was evaluated monthly throughout the life of the experiment with Albustix reagent strips (Bayer AG).

Figures 16A and 16B show the nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of a preferred TALL-1-binding peptibody (SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 123)

#### **Detailed Description of the Invention**

#### **Definition of Terms**

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The terms used throughout this specification are defined as follows, unless otherwise limited in specific instances.

#### General definitions

The term "comprising" means that a compound may include additional amino acids on either or both of the N- or C- termini of the given sequence. Of course, these additional amino acids should not significantly interfere with the activity of the compound.

Additionally, physiologically acceptable salts of the compounds of this invention are also encompassed herein. The term "physiologically acceptable salts" refers to any salts that are known or later discovered to be pharmaceutically acceptable. Some specific examples are: acetate;

trifluoroacetate; hydrohalides, such as hydrochloride and hydrobromide; sulfate; citrate; tartrate; glycolate; and oxalate.

#### Amino acids

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The term "acidic residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or Lform having sidechains comprising acidic groups. Exemplary acidic residues include D and E.

The term "amide residue" refers to amino acids in D- or L-form having sidechains comprising amide derivatives of acidic groups.

Exemplary residues include N and Q.

The term "aromatic residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or L-form having sidechains comprising aromatic groups. Exemplary aromatic residues include F, Y, and W.

The term "basic residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or Lform having sidechains comprising basic groups. Exemplary basic residues include H, K, and R.

The term "hydrophilic residue" refers to amino acid residues in Dor L-form having sidechains comprising polar groups. Exemplary hydrophilic residues include C, S, T, N, and Q.

The term "nonfunctional residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or L-form having sidechains that lack acidic, basic, or aromatic groups. Exemplary nonfunctional amino acid residues include M, G, A, V, I, L and norleucine (Nle).

The term "neutral polar residue" refers to amino acid residues in Dor L-form having sidechains that lack basic, acidic, or polar groups.

Exemplary neutral polar amino acid residues include A, V, L, I, P, W, M, and F.

The term "polar hydrophobic residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or L-form having sidechains comprising polar groups. Exemplary polar hydrophobic amino acid residues include T, G, S, Y, C, Q, and N.

The term "hydrophobic residue" refers to amino acid residues in Dor L-form having sidechains that lack basic or acidic groups. Exemplary hydrophobic amino acid residues include A, V, L, I, P, W, M, F, T, G, S, Y, C, Q, and N.

#### 5 <u>Peptides</u>

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The term "peptide" refers to molecules of 1 to 40 amino acids, with molecules of 5 to 20 amino acids preferred. Exemplary peptides may comprise the TALL-1 modulating domain of a naturally occurring molecule or comprise randomized sequences.

The term "randomized" as used to refer to peptide sequences refers to fully random sequences (e.g., selected by phage display methods or RNA-peptide screening) and sequences in which one or more residues of a naturally occurring molecule is replaced by an amino acid residue not appearing in that position in the naturally occurring molecule. Exemplary methods for identifying peptide sequences include phage display, <u>E. coli</u> display, ribosome display, RNA-peptide screening, chemical screening, and the like.

The term "TALL-1 modulating domain" refers to any amino acid sequence that binds to the TALL-1 and comprises naturally occurring sequences or randomized sequences. Exemplary TALL-1 modulating domains can be identified or derived by phage display or other methods mentioned herein.

The term "TALL-1 antagonist" refers to a molecule that binds to the TALL-1 and increases or decreases one or more assay parameters opposite from the effect on those parameters by full length native TALL-1. Such activity can be determined, for example, by such assays as described in the subsection entitled "Biological activity of AGP-3" in the Materials & Methods section of the patent application entitled, "TNF-RELATED PROTEINS", WO 00/47740, published August 17, 2000.

#### Vehicles and peptibodies

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The term "vehicle" refers to a molecule that prevents degradation and/or increases half-life, reduces toxicity, reduces immunogenicity, or increases biological activity of a therapeutic protein. Exemplary vehicles include an Fc domain (which is preferred) as well as a linear polymer (e.g., polyethylene glycol (PEG), polylysine, dextran, etc.); a branched-chain polymer (see, for example, U.S. Patent No. 4,289,872 to Denkenwalter et al., issued September 15, 1981; 5,229,490 to Tam, issued July 20, 1993; WO 93/21259 by Frechet et al., published 28 October 1993); a lipid; a cholesterol group (such as a steroid); a carbohydrate or oligosaccharide (e.g., dextran); any natural or synthetic protein, polypeptide or peptide that binds to a salvage receptor; albumin, including human serum albumin (HSA), leucine zipper domain, and other such proteins and protein fragments. Vehicles are further described hereinafter.

The term "native Fc" refers to molecule or sequence comprising the sequence of a non-antigen-binding fragment resulting from digestion of whole antibody, whether in monomeric or multimeric form. The original immunoglobulin source of the native Fc is preferably of human origin and may be any of the immunoglobulins, although IgG1 and IgG2 are preferred. Native Fc's are made up of monomeric polypeptides that may be linked into dimeric or multimeric forms by covalent (i.e., disulfide bonds) and non-covalent association. The number of intermolecular disulfide bonds between monomeric subunits of native Fc molecules ranges from 1 to 4 depending on class (e.g., IgG, IgA, IgE) or subclass (e.g., IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgA1, IgGA2). One example of a native Fc is a disulfide-bonded dimer resulting from papain digestion of an IgG (see Ellison et al.

(1982), <u>Nucleic Acids Res</u>. 10: 4071-9). The term "native Fc" as used herein is generic to the monomeric, dimeric, and multimeric forms.

The term "Fc variant" refers to a molecule or sequence that is modified from a native Fc but still comprises a binding site for the salvage receptor, FcRn. International applications WO 97/34631 (published 25 September 1997) and WO 96/32478 describe exemplary Fc variants, as well as interaction with the salvage receptor, and are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. Thus, the term "Fc variant" comprises a molecule or sequence that is humanized from a non-human native Fc. Furthermore, a native Fc comprises sites that may be removed because 10 they provide structural features or biological activity that are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention. Thus, the term "Fc variant" comprises a molecule or sequence that lacks one or more native Fc sites or residues that affect or are involved in (1) disulfide bond 15 formation, (2) incompatibility with a selected host cell (3) N-terminal heterogeneity upon expression in a selected host cell, (4) glycosylation, (5) interaction with complement, (6) binding to an Fc receptor other than a salvage receptor, or (7) antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC). Fc variants are described in further detail hereinafter.

The term "Fc domain" encompasses native Fc and Fc variant molecules and sequences as defined above. As with Fc variants and native Fc's, the term "Fc domain" includes molecules in monomeric or multimeric form, whether digested from whole antibody or produced by other means.

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The term "multimer" as applied to Fc domains or molecules comprising Fc domains refers to molecules having two or more polypeptide chains associated covalently, noncovalently, or by both covalent and non-covalent interactions. IgG molecules typically form dimers; IgM, pentamers; IgD, dimers; and IgA, monomers, dimers,

trimers, or tetramers. Multimers may be formed by exploiting the sequence and resulting activity of the native Ig source of the Fc or by derivatizing (as defined below) such a native Fc.

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The term "dimer" as applied to Fc domains or molecules comprising Fc domains refers to molecules having two polypeptide chains associated covalently or non-covalently. Thus, exemplary dimers within the scope of this invention are as shown in Figure 1.

The terms "derivatizing" and "derivative" or "derivatized" comprise processes and resulting compounds respectively in which (1) the compound has a cyclic portion; for example, cross-linking between cysteinyl residues within the compound; (2) the compound is cross-linked or has a cross-linking site; for example, the compound has a cysteinyl residue and thus forms cross-linked dimers in culture or in vivo; (3) one or more peptidyl linkage is replaced by a non-peptidyl linkage; (4) the N-terminus is replaced by -NRR¹, NRC(O)R¹, -NRC(O)OR¹, -NRS(O)₂R¹, -NHC(O)NHR, a succinimide group, or substituted or unsubstituted benzyloxycarbonyl-NH-, wherein R and R¹ and the ring substituents are as defined hereinafter; (5) the C-terminus is replaced by -C(O)R² or -NR³R⁴ wherein R², R³ and R⁴ are as defined hereinafter; and (6) compounds in which individual amino acid moieties are modified through treatment with agents capable of reacting with selected side chains or terminal residues. Derivatives are further described hereinafter.

The terms "peptibody" and "peptibodies" refer to molecules comprising an Fc domain and at least one peptide. Such peptibodies may be multimers or dimers or fragments thereof, and they may be derivatized. In the present invention, the molecules of formulae II through VI hereinafter are peptibodies when V¹ is an Fc domain.

PCT/US02/15273 WO 02/092620

#### Structure of compounds

<u>In General</u>. The present inventors identified sequences capable of binding to and modulating the biological activity of TALL-1. These sequences can be modified through the techniques mentioned above by which one or more amino acids may be changed while maintaining or even improving the binding affinity of the peptide.

In the compositions of matter prepared in accordance with this invention, the peptide(s) may be attached to the vehicle through the peptide's N-terminus or C-terminus. Any of these peptides may be linked in tandem (i.e., sequentially), with or without linkers. Thus, the vehiclepeptide molecules of this invention may be described by the following formula:

II

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$$(X^1)_a - V^1 - (X^2)_b$$

15 wherein:

V<sup>1</sup> is a vehicle (preferably an Fc domain);

 $X^1$  and  $X^2$  are each independently selected from -(L<sup>1</sup>),-P<sup>1</sup>, -(L<sup>1</sup>),-P<sup>1</sup>- $(L^2)_d - P^2$ ,  $-(L^1)_c - P^1 - (L^2)_d - P^2 - (L^3)_e - P^3$ , and  $-(L^1)_c - P^1 - (L^2)_d - P^2 - (L^3)_e - P^3 - (L^4)_f - P^4$ 

 $P^1$ ,  $P^2$ ,  $P^3$ , and  $P^4$  are each independently sequences of TALL-1

modulating domains, such as those of Formulae I(a) through I(i);

 $L^1$ ,  $L^2$ ,  $L^3$ , and  $L^4$  are each independently linkers; and

a, b, c, d, e, and f are each independently 0 or 1, provided that at least one of a and b is 1.

Thus, compound II comprises preferred compounds of the formulae

Ш

$$X^1-V^1$$

and multimers thereof wherein V1 is an Fc domain and is attached at the C-terminus of A<sup>1</sup>;

IV

$$V^1-X^2$$

and multimers thereof wherein  $V^1$  is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of  $A^2$ ;

5 V

$$V^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}$$

and multimers thereof wherein  $V^{i}$  is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of -( $L^{i}$ )<sub>c</sub>- $P^{i}$ ; and

VI

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$$V^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}$$

and multimers thereof wherein  $V^1$  is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of  $-L^1-P^1-L^2-P^2$ .

<u>Peptides</u>. The peptides of this invention are useful as TALL-1 modulating peptides or as TALL-1 modulating domains in the molecules of formulae II through VI. Molecules of this invention comprising these peptide sequences may be prepared by methods known in the art.

Preferred peptide sequences are those of the foregoing formulae I(a) having the substituents identified below.

Table 1--Preferred peptide substituents

Formula I(a)	a <sup>8</sup> is T;		
	a° is a basic residue (K most preferred); and		
	a <sup>12</sup> is a neutral polar residue (F most preferred).		
Formula I(b)			
Formula I(b)	b <sup>3</sup> is D, Q, or E;		
	b <sup>6</sup> is W or Y; b <sup>10</sup> is T;		
	b <sup>11</sup> is K or R; and		
	b <sup>14</sup> is V or L.		
Formula I(c)	c° is T;		
	c <sup>10</sup> is K or R;		
	c <sup>13</sup> is a I, L, or V; and		
	$c^{17}$ is A or L.		
Formula I(d)	d <sup>13</sup> is T.		
Formula I(e)	e <sup>11</sup> is T.		
Formula I(f)	f <sup>6</sup> is T;		
	f' is K; and		
	$f^{10}$ is V.		
Formula I(g)	g <sup>5</sup> is W; g <sup>8</sup> is P;		
	g <sup>10</sup> is E; and		
	g <sup>13</sup> is a basic residue.		
Formula I(h)	h <sup>T</sup> is G;		
	h <sup>6</sup> is A;		
	h <sup>7</sup> is a neutral polar residue; and		
	h <sup>10</sup> is an acidic residue.		
Formula I(i)	i² is W; and		
	i <sup>14</sup> is W.		

Preferred peptide sequences appear in Table 2 below.

Table 2—Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
PGTCFPFPWECTHA	29
WGACWPFPWECFKE	30
VPFCDLLTKHCFEA	31
GSRCKYKWDVLTKOCFHH	32
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL	33
SADCYFDILTKSDVCTSS	34
SDDCMYDQLTRMFICSNL	35
DLNCKYDELTYKEWCQFN	36
FHDCKYDLLTROMVCHGL	37
RNHCFWDHLLKODICPSP	38
ANOCWWDSLTKKNVCEFF	39
YKGROMWDIUTRSWVVSL	126
	127
QDVGLWWDILTRAWMPNI QNAQRVWDLLIRTWVYPQ	128
GWNEAWWDELTKIWVLEO	129
RITCDTWDSLIKKCVPQS	130
GAIMOFWDSLTKTWLROS	131
WLHSGWWDPLTKHWLOKV	132
SEWFFWFDPLTRAOLKFR	133
GVWFWWFDPLTKQWTQAG	134
MOCKGYYDILTKWCVTNG	135
LWSKEVWDILTKSWVSQA	136
KAAGWWFDWLTKVWVPAP	137
AYOTWFWDSLTRLWLSTT	138
SGOHFWWDLLTRSWTPST	139
LGVGQKWDPLTKQWVSRG	140
VGKMCOWDPLIKRTVCVG	141
CROGAKFOLLTKOCLLGR	142
GQAIRHWDVLTKQWVDSQ	143
RGPCGSWDLLTKHCLDSQ	144
WOWKOOWDLLTKOMVWVG	145
PITICRKDLLTKOVVCLD	146
KTCNGKWDLLTKQCLQQA	147
KCLKGKWDLLTKOCVTEV	148
RCWNGKWDLLTKQCIHPW	149
NRDMRKWDPLIKQWIVRP	150
QAAAATWDLLTKQWLVPP	151
PEGGPKWDPLTKQFLPPV	152
	152
QTPQKKWDLLTKQWFTRN IGSPCKWDLLTKQMICQT	153
	155
CTAAGKWDLLTKQCIQEK	156
VSQCMKWDLLTKQCLQGW	157
VWGTWKWDLLTKQYLPPQ	
GWWEMKWDLLTKQWYRPQ	158
TAQVSKWDLLTKQWLPLA	159
QLWGTKWDLLTKQYIQIM	160
WATSQKWDLLTKQWVQNM	161
QRQCAKWDLLTKQCVLFY	162

KTTDCK:DLLTKQRICQV		
LMMFWKWDLLTKQLVPTF	KTTDCKWDLLTKQRICQV	163
QTWAMKWDLLTKQWIGPM         166           NKELLKWDLLTKQCRGRS         167           GQKDLKWDLLTKQCRGRS         168           PKPCQKWDLLTKQVYRQS         168           PKPCQKWDLLTKQWIQTR         170           VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIQTR         171           QEMEYKWDLLTKQWUQA         171           HWDSWKWDLLTKQWCWQA         173           TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWFWDV         176           QQTFMKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMCGRWDLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMCWWPDLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQCVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQCQCGWDLLTRLYUPCH         181           LHRACKWDLLTKQWVSSE         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         182           ITQDWRFPTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WLDGGWRPPLIKRSVQLG         61           GHQOFKWDLLTKQWQN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64	LLCQGKWDLLTKQCLKLR	164
NKELLKWDLLTKQCRGRS         167           GQKDLKWDLLTKQYVRQS         168           PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV         169           GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR         170           VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIQTR         171           QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR         172           HWDSWKWDLLTKQWVQA         173           TRPLQKWDLLTKQWRVG         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTEYMKWDLLTKQWIRRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           QGMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCTP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           1TQDWRFDTLTRLWIPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTRKWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRWITUF         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WWBWKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WLDGGWRDPLTKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQCWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHWKWDLLTKQWLPWM         66	LMWFWKWDLLTKQLVPTF	165
GQKDLKWDLLTKQYVRQS         168           PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV         169           GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR         170           VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIHPQ         171           QEWEYKWDLLTKQWIHPQ         172           HWDSWKWDLLTKQWLVQA         173           TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRYQLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQOFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QNCGFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAVGGYSYDALIKTWIRWP         65	QTWAWKWDLLTKQWIGPM	166
PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV         169           GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR         170           VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIPPQ         171           QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR         172           HWDSWKWDLLTKQWGWDV         173           TRPLQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRUWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTFWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTUMKWDLLTRQFITYM         60           PVYQCWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQOFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGGFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHWKWDLLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWIQQ         69 </td <td>NKELLKWDLLTKQCRGRS</td> <td>167</td>	NKELLKWDLLTKQCRGRS	167
GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR         170           VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIHPQ         171           QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR         172           HWDSWKWDLLTKQWVQA         173           TRPLQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWFRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKUTOTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWIPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKWILGV         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQPFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHWKWDLLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWLQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQN         68	GQKDLKWDLLTKQYVRQS	168
VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIHPQ         171           QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR         172           HWDSWKWDLLTKQWVQA         173           TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWFWDV         176           QQECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           QGMGRWMDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQQQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKUQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKWILGV         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHWKWDLLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQMILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69 <td>PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV</td> <td>169</td>	PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV	169
QEWEYKWDLLTKQWUVQA         172           HWDSWKWDLLTKQWUVQA         173           TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWIQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWQQQ         69 <td>GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR</td> <td>170</td>	GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR	170
HWDSWKWDLLTKQWUVQA         173           TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWNDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHMWKWDPLTKQWLQM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWLQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWQQQ         69	VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIHPQ	171
TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG         174           SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKLWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKWFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         69	QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR	172
SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV         175           QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKYCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWLQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	HWDSWKWDLLTKQWVVQA	173
QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH         176           QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWLQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG	174
QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ         177           GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPE         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHMWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV	175
GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPE         178           QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHMKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH	176
QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP         179           HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWIQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ	177
HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE         180           HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH         181           LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS	178
HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH	QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP	179
LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ         182           GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE	180
GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG         183           ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH	181
ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR         184           QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ	182
QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP         185           GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG	183
GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV         186           VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR	184
VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD         187           WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP	185
WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS         188           NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV	186
NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM         60           PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD	187
PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG         61           WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS	188
WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG         62           GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM	60
GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN         63           QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG	61
QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS         64           QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG	62
QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP         65           GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN	63
GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM         66           GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS	64
GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM         67           WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN         68           WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ         69	QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP	65
WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM	66
WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM	67
	WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN	68
GQMGWRWDPLTKMWLGTS 70	WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ	69
	GQMGWRWDPLTKMWLGTS	70

It is noted that the known receptors for TALL-1 bear some sequence homology with preferred peptides:

12-3 LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL

BAFFR MRRGPRSLRGRDAPVPTPCVPTECYDLLVRKCVDCRLL

TACI TICNHQSQRTCAAFCRSLSCRKEQGKFYDHLLRDCISCASI

BCMA FVSPSQEIRGRFRRMLQMAGQCSQNEYFDSLLHACIPCOLRC

(SEQ ID NOS: 33, 195, 196, and 197, respectively).

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Any peptide containing a cysteinyl residue may be cross-linked with another Cys-containing peptide, either or both of which may be linked to a

vehicle. Any peptide having more than one Cys residue may form an intrapeptide disulfide bond, as well. Any of these peptides may be derivatized as described hereinafter.

Additional useful peptide sequences may result from conservative and/or non-conservative modifications of the amino acid sequences of the sequences in Table 2.

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Conservative modifications will produce peptides having functional and chemical characteristics similar to those of the peptide from which such modifications are made. In contrast, substantial modifications in the functional and/or chemical characteristics of the peptides may be accomplished by selecting substitutions in the amino acid sequence that differ significantly in their effect on maintaining (a) the structure of the molecular backbone in the area of the substitution, for example, as a sheet or helical conformation, (b) the charge or hydrophobicity of the molecule at the target site, or (c) the size of the molecule.

For example, a "conservative amino acid substitution" may involve a substitution of a native amino acid residue with a nonnative residue such that there is little or no effect on the polarity or charge of the amino acid residue at that position. Furthermore, any native residue in the polypeptide may also be substituted with alanine, as has been previously described for "alanine scanning mutagenesis" (see, for example, MacLennan et al., 1998, Acta Physiol. Scand. Suppl. 643:55-67; Sasaki et al., 1998, Adv. Biophys. 35:1-24, which discuss alanine scanning mutagenesis).

Desired amino acid substitutions (whether conservative or non-conservative) can be determined by those skilled in the art at the time such substitutions are desired. For example, amino acid substitutions can be used to identify important residues of the peptide sequence, or to increase or decrease the affinity of the peptide or vehicle-peptide molecules (see preceding formulae) described herein. Exemplary amino acid substitutions are set forth in Table 3.

**Table 3—Amino Acid Substitutions** 

Original Residues	Exemplary Substitutions	Preferred Substitutions
Ala (A)	Val, Leu, Ile	Val
Arg (R)	Lys, Gln, Asn	Lys
Asn (N)	Gin	Gln
Asp (D)	Glu	Glu
Cys (C)	Ser, Ala	Ser
Gln (Q)	Asn	Asn
Glu (E)	Asp	Asp
Gly (G)	Pro, Ala	Ala
His (H)	Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg	Arg
lle (I)	Leu, Val, Met, Ala, Phe, Norleucine	Leu
Leu (L)	Norleucine, Ile, Val, Met, Ala, Phe	lle
Lys (K)	Arg, 1,4 Diamino- butyric Acid, Gln, Asn	Arg
Met (M)	Leu, Phe, Ile	Leu
Phe (F)	Leu, Val, Ile, Ala, Tyr	Leu
Pro (P)	Ala	Gly
Ser (S)	Thr, Ala, Cys	Thr
Thr (T)	Ser	Ser
Trp (W)	Tyr, Phe	Tyr
Tyr (Y)	Trp, Phe, Thr, Ser	Phe
Val (V)	lle, Met, Leu, Phe, Ala, Norleucine	Leu

In certain embodiments, conservative amino acid substitutions also encompass non-naturally occurring amino acid residues which are

typically incorporated by chemical peptide synthesis rather than by synthesis in biological systems.

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As noted in the foregoing section "Definition of Terms," naturally occurring residues may be divided into classes based on common sidechain properties that may be useful for modifications of sequence. For example, non-conservative substitutions may involve the exchange of a member of one of these classes for a member from another class. Such substituted residues may be introduced into regions of the peptide that are homologous with non-human orthologs, or into the non-homologous regions of the molecule. In addition, one may also make modifications using P or G for the purpose of influencing chain orientation.

In making such modifications, the hydropathic index of amino acids may be considered. Each amino acid has been assigned a hydropathic index on the basis of their hydrophobicity and charge characteristics, these are: isoleucine (+4.5); valine (+4.2); leucine (+3.8); phenylalanine (+2.8); cysteine/cystine (+2.5); methionine (+1.9); alanine (+1.8); glycine (-0.4); threonine (-0.7); serine (-0.8); tryptophan (-0.9); tyrosine (-1.3); proline (-1.6); histidine (-3.2); glutamate (-3.5); glutamine (-3.5); aspartate (-3.5); asparagine (-3.5); lysine (-3.9); and arginine (-4.5).

The importance of the hydropathic amino acid index in conferring interactive biological function on a protein is understood in the art. Kyte et al., J. Mol. Biol., 157: 105-131 (1982). It is known that certain amino acids may be substituted for other amino acids having a similar hydropathic index or score and still retain a similar biological activity. In making changes based upon the hydropathic index, the substitution of amino acids whose hydropathic indices are within  $\pm 2$  is preferred, those which are within  $\pm 1$  are particularly preferred, and those within  $\pm 0.5$  are even more particularly preferred.

It is also understood in the art that the substitution of like amino acids can be made effectively on the basis of hydrophilicity. The greatest local average hydrophilicity of a protein, as governed by the hydrophilicity of its adjacent amino acids, correlates with its immunogenicity and antigenicity, <u>i.e.</u>, with a biological property of the protein.

The following hydrophilicity values have been assigned to amino acid residues: arginine (+3.0); lysine (+3.0); aspartate ( $+3.0 \pm 1$ ); glutamate ( $+3.0 \pm 1$ ); serine (+0.3); asparagine (+0.2); glutamine (+0.2); glycine (0); threonine (-0.4); proline ( $-0.5 \pm 1$ ); alanine (-0.5); histidine (-0.5); cysteine (-1.0); methionine (-1.3); valine (-1.5); leucine (-1.8); isoleucine (-1.8); tyrosine (-2.3); phenylalanine (-2.5); tryptophan (-3.4). In making changes based upon similar hydrophilicity values, the substitution of amino acids whose hydrophilicity values are within  $\pm 2$  is preferred, those which are within  $\pm 1$  are particularly preferred, and those within  $\pm 0.5$  are even more particularly preferred. One may also identify epitopes from primary amino acid sequences on the basis of hydrophilicity. These regions are also referred to as "epitopic core regions."

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A skilled artisan will be able to determine suitable variants of the polypeptide as set forth in the foregoing sequences using well known techniques. For identifying suitable areas of the molecule that may be changed without destroying activity, one skilled in the art may target areas not believed to be important for activity. For example, when similar polypeptides with similar activities from the same species or from other species are known, one skilled in the art may compare the amino acid sequence of a peptide to similar peptides. With such a comparison, one can identify residues and portions of the molecules that are conserved among similar polypeptides. It will be appreciated that changes in areas of a peptide that are not conserved relative to such similar peptides would

be less likely to adversely affect the biological activity and/or structure of the peptide. One skilled in the art would also know that, even in relatively conserved regions, one may substitute chemically similar amino acids for the naturally occurring residues while retaining activity (conservative amino acid residue substitutions). Therefore, even areas that may be important for biological activity or for structure may be subject to conservative amino acid substitutions without destroying the biological activity or without adversely affecting the peptide structure.

Additionally, one skilled in the art can review structure-function studies identifying residues in similar peptides that are important for activity or structure. In view of such a comparison, one can predict the importance of amino acid residues in a peptide that correspond to amino acid residues that are important for activity or structure in similar peptides. One skilled in the art may opt for chemically similar amino acid substitutions for such predicted important amino acid residues of the peptides.

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One skilled in the art can also analyze the three-dimensional structure and amino acid sequence in relation to that structure in similar polypeptides. In view of that information, one skilled in the art may predict the alignment of amino acid residues of a peptide with respect to its three dimensional structure. One skilled in the art may choose not to make radical changes to amino acid residues predicted to be on the surface of the protein, since such residues may be involved in important interactions with other molecules. Moreover, one skilled in the art may generate test variants containing a single amino acid substitution at each desired amino acid residue. The variants can then be screened using activity assays know to those skilled in the art. Such data could be used to gather information about suitable variants. For example, if one discovered that a change to a particular amino acid residue resulted in destroyed,

undesirably reduced, or unsuitable activity, variants with such a change would be avoided. In other words, based on information gathered from such routine experiments, one skilled in the art can readily determine the amino acids where further substitutions should be avoided either alone or in combination with other mutations.

A number of scientific publications have been devoted to the prediction of secondary structure. See Moult J., Curr. Op. in Biotech., 7(4): 422-427 (1996), Chou et al., Biochemistry, 13(2): 222-245 (1974); Chou et al., Biochemistry, 113(2): 211-222 (1974); Chou et al., Adv. Enzymol. Relat. Areas Mol. Biol., 47: 45-148 (1978); Chou et al., Ann. Rev. Biochem., 47: 10 251-276 and Chou et al., Biophys. J., 26: 367-384 (1979). Moreover, computer programs are currently available to assist with predicting secondary structure. One method of predicting secondary structure is based upon homology modeling. For example, two polypeptides or 15 proteins which have a sequence identity of greater than 30%, or similarity greater than 40% often have similar structural topologies. The recent growth of the protein structural data base (PDB) has provided enhanced predictability of secondary structure, including the potential number of folds within a polypeptide's or protein's structure. See Holm et al., Nucl. Acid. Res., 27(1): 244-247 (1999). It has been suggested (Brenner et al., 20 Curr. Op. Struct. Biol., 7(3): 369-376 (1997)) that there are a limited number of folds in a given polypeptide or protein and that once a critical number of structures have been resolved, structural prediction will gain dramatically in accuracy.

Additional methods of predicting secondary structure include "threading" (Jones, D., <u>Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.</u>, 7(3): 377-87 (1997); Sippl <u>et al.</u>, <u>Structure</u>, 4(1): 15-9 (1996)), "profile analysis" (Bowie <u>et al.</u>, <u>Science</u>, 253: 164-170 (1991); Gribskov <u>et al.</u>, <u>Meth. Enzym.</u>, 183: 146-159 (1990);

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Gribskov et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci., 84(13): 4355-8 (1987)), and "evolutionary linkage" (See Home, supra, and Brenner, supra).

<u>Vehicles</u>. This invention requires the presence of at least one vehicle (V¹) attached to a peptide through the N-terminus, C-terminus or a sidechain of one of the amino acid residues. Multiple vehicles may also be used; e.g., Fc's at each terminus or an Fc at a terminus and a PEG group at the other terminus or a sidechain. Exemplary vehicles include:

- an Fc domain;
- other proteins, polypeptides, or peptides capable of binding to a salvage receptor;
- human serum albumin (HSA);
- a leucine zipper (LZ) domain;
- polyethylene glycol (PEG), including 5 kD, 20 kD, and 30 kD
   PEG, as well as other polymers;
- dextran;

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and other molecules known in the art to provide extended half-life and/or protection from proteolytic degradation or clearance.

An Fc domain is the preferred vehicle. The Fc domain may be fused to the N or C termini of the peptides or at both the N and C termini.

20 Fusion to the N terminus is preferred.

As noted above, Fc variants are suitable vehicles within the scope of this invention. A native Fc may be extensively modified to form an Fc variant in accordance with this invention, provided binding to the salvage receptor is maintained; see, for example WO 97/34631 and WO 96/32478.

In such Fc variants, one may remove one or more sites of a native Fc that provide structural features or functional activity not required by the fusion molecules of this invention. One may remove these sites by, for example, substituting or deleting residues, inserting residues into the site, or truncating portions containing the site. The inserted or substituted

residues may also be altered amino acids, such as peptidomimetics or D-amino acids. Fc variants may be desirable for a number of reasons, several of which are described below. Exemplary Fc variants include molecules and sequences in which:

- 1. Sites involved in disulfide bond formation are removed. Such removal may avoid reaction with other cysteine-containing proteins present in the host cell used to produce the molecules of the invention. For this purpose, the cysteine-containing segment at the N-terminus may be truncated or cysteine residues may be deleted or substituted with other amino acids (e.g., alanyl, seryl). In particular, one may truncate the N-terminal 20-amino acid segment of SEQ ID NO: 2 or delete or substitute the cysteine residues at positions 7 and 10 of SEQ ID NO: 2. Even when cysteine residues are removed, the single chain Fc domains can still form a dimeric Fc domain that is held together non-covalently.
- A native Fc is modified to make it more compatible with a selected host cell. For example, one may remove the PA sequence near the N-terminus of a typical native Fc, which may be recognized by a digestive enzyme in <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u> such as proline iminopeptidase. One may also add an N-terminal methionine residue, especially when the molecule is expressed recombinantly in a bacterial cell such as <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u>. The Fc domain of SEQ ID NO: 2 is one such Fc variant.
  - 3. A portion of the N-terminus of a native Fc is removed to prevent N-terminal heterogeneity when expressed in a selected host cell. For this purpose, one may delete any of the first 20 amino acid residues at the N-terminus, particularly those at positions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

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4. One or more glycosylation sites are removed. Residues that are typically glycosylated (e.g., asparagine) may confer cytolytic response. Such residues may be deleted or substituted with unglycosylated residues (e.g., alanine).

5. Sites involved in interaction with complement, such as the C1q binding site, are removed. For example, one may delete or substitute the EKK sequence of human IgG1. Complement recruitment may not be advantageous for the molecules of this invention and so may be avoided with such an Fc variant.

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- 6. Sites are removed that affect binding to Fc receptors other than a salvage receptor. A native Fc may have sites for interaction with certain white blood cells that are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention and so may be removed.
- 7. The ADCC site is removed. ADCC sites are known in the art; see, for example, Molec. Immunol. 29 (5): 633-9 (1992) with regard to ADCC sites in IgG1. These sites, as well, are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention and so may be removed.
  - 8. When the native Fc is derived from a non-human antibody, the native Fc may be humanized. Typically, to humanize a native Fc, one will substitute selected residues in the non-human native Fc with residues that are normally found in human native Fc. Techniques for antibody humanization are well known in the art.

Preferred Fc variants include the following. In SEQ ID NO: 2 (Figure 3), the leucine at position 15 may be substituted with glutamate; the glutamate at position 99, with alanine; and the lysines at positions 101 and 103, with alanines. In addition, one or more tyrosine residues can be replaced by phenyalanine residues.

An alternative vehicle would be a protein, polypeptide, peptide, antibody, antibody fragment, or small molecule (e.g., a peptidomimetic compound) capable of binding to a salvage receptor. For example, one could use as a vehicle a polypeptide as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,739,277, issued April 14, 1998 to Presta et al. Peptides could also be selected by phage display or RNA-peptide screening for binding to the

FcRn salvage receptor. Such salvage receptor-binding compounds are also included within the meaning of "vehicle" and are within the scope of this invention. Such vehicles should be selected for increased half-life (e.g., by avoiding sequences recognized by proteases) and decreased immunogenicity (e.g., by favoring non-immunogenic sequences, as discovered in antibody humanization).

As noted above, polymer vehicles may also be used for V¹. Various means for attaching chemical moieties useful as vehicles are currently available, see, e.g., Patent Cooperation Treaty ("PCT") International Publication No. WO 96/11953, entitled "N-Terminally Chemically Modified Protein Compositions and Methods," herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. This PCT publication discloses, among other things, the selective attachment of water soluble polymers to the N-terminus of proteins.

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A preferred polymer vehicle is polyethylene glycol (PEG). The PEG group may be of any convenient molecular weight and may be linear or branched. The average molecular weight of the PEG will preferably range from about 2 kiloDalton ("kD") to about 100 kD, more preferably from about 5 kD to about 50 kD, most preferably from about 5 kD to about 10 kD. The PEG groups will generally be attached to the compounds of the invention via acylation or reductive alkylation through a reactive group on the PEG moiety (e.g., an aldehyde, amino, thiol, or ester group) to a reactive group on the inventive compound (e.g., an aldehyde, amino, or ester group).

A useful strategy for the PEGylation of synthetic peptides consists of combining, through forming a conjugate linkage in solution, a peptide and a PEG moiety, each bearing a special functionality that is mutually reactive toward the other. The peptides can be easily prepared with conventional solid phase synthesis. The peptides are "preactivated" with

an appropriate functional group at a specific site. The precursors are purified and fully characterized prior to reacting with the PEG moiety. Ligation of the peptide with PEG usually takes place in aqueous phase and can be easily monitored by reverse phase analytical HPLC. The PEGylated peptides can be easily purified by preparative HPLC and characterized by analytical HPLC, amino acid analysis and laser desorption mass spectrometry.

Polysaccharide polymers are another type of water soluble polymer which may be used for protein modification. Dextrans are polysaccharide polymers comprised of individual subunits of glucose predominantly linked by  $\alpha$ 1-6 linkages. The dextran itself is available in many molecular weight ranges, and is readily available in molecular weights from about 1 kD to about 70 kD. Dextran is a suitable water soluble polymer for use in the present invention as a vehicle by itself or in combination with another vehicle (e.g., Fc). See, for example, WO 96/11953 and WO 96/05309. The use of dextran conjugated to therapeutic or diagnostic immunoglobulins has been reported; see, for example, European Patent Publication No. 0 315 456, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Dextran of about 1 kD to about 20 kD is preferred when dextran is used as a vehicle in accordance with the present invention.

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Linkers. Any "linker" group is optional. When present, its chemical structure is not critical, since it serves primarily as a spacer. The linker is preferably made up of amino acids linked together by peptide bonds. Thus, in preferred embodiments, the linker is made up of from 1 to 30 amino acids linked by peptide bonds, wherein the amino acids are selected from the 20 naturally occurring amino acids. Some of these amino acids may be glycosylated, as is well understood by those in the art. In a more preferred embodiment, the 1 to 20 amino acids are selected from glycine, alanine, proline, asparagine, glutamine, and lysine. Even more preferably,

a linker is made up of a majority of amino acids that are sterically unhindered, such as glycine and alanine. Thus, preferred linkers are polyglycines (particularly (Gly), (Gly), poly(Gly-Ala), and polyalanines. Other specific examples of linkers are:

(Gly)<sub>3</sub>Lys(Gly)<sub>4</sub> (SEQ ID NO: 40); (Gly)<sub>3</sub>AsnGlySer(Gly)<sub>2</sub> (SEQ ID NO: 41); (Gly)<sub>3</sub>Cys(Gly)<sub>4</sub> (SEQ ID NO: 42); and GlyProAsnGlyGly (SEQ ID NO: 43).

To explain the above nomenclature, for example, (Gly)₃Lys(Gly)₄ means Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly (SEQ ID NO: 40). Combinations of Gly and Ala are also preferred. The linkers shown here are exemplary; linkers within the scope of this invention may be much longer and may include other residues.

Preferred linkers are amino acid linkers comprising greater than 5 amino acids, with suitable linkers having up to about 500 amino acids selected from glycine, alanine, proline, asparagine, glutamine, lysine, threonine, serine or aspartate. Linkers of about 20 to 50 amino acids are most preferred. One group of preferred linkers are those of the formulae

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx1x2

(SEQ ID NO: 193)

and

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GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx<sup>3</sup>x<sup>4</sup>
(SEQ ID NO: 194)

wherein  $x^1$  and  $x^3$  are each independently basic or hydrophobic residues and  $x^2$  and  $x^4$  are each independently hydrophobic residues. Specific preferred linkers are:

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHM (SEQ ID NO: 59)

# GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATGM

(SEQ ID NO: 190)

### GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATGS

(SEQ ID NO: 191), and

# GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHMGSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHM (SEQ ID NO: 192).

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Non-peptide linkers are also possible. For example, alkyl linkers such as -NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>-C(O)-, wherein s = 2-20 could be used. These alkyl linkers may further be substituted by any non-sterically hindering group such as lower alkyl (e.g.,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ ) lower acyl, halogen (e.g., Cl, Br), CN, NH<sub>2</sub>, phenyl, etc. An exemplary non-peptide linker is a PEG linker, VII

$$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right\}$$

wherein n is such that the linker has a molecular weight of 100 to 5000 kD, preferably 100 to 500 kD. The peptide linkers may be altered to form derivatives in the same manner as described above.

<u>Derivatives</u>. The inventors also contemplate derivatizing the peptide and/or vehicle portion of the compounds. Such derivatives may improve the solubility, absorption, biological half life, and the like of the compounds. The moieties may alternatively eliminate or attenuate any undesirable side-effect of the compounds and the like. Exemplary derivatives include compounds in which:

1. The compound or some portion thereof is cyclic. For example, the peptide portion may be modified to contain two or more Cys residues (e.g., in the linker), which could cyclize by disulfide bond formation.

2. The compound is cross-linked or is rendered capable of cross-linking between molecules. For example, the peptide portion may be modified to contain one Cys residue and thereby be able to form an intermolecular disulfide bond with a like molecule. The compound may also be cross-linked through its C-terminus, as in the molecule shown below.

VIII

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$$V^{1}-(X^{1})_{b}-CO-N$$
 $V^{1}-(X^{1})_{b}-CO-N$ 
 $NH_{2}$ 
 $NH_{2}$ 
 $NH_{3}$ 

In Formula VIII, each "V" may represent typically one strand of the Fc domain.

- One or more peptidyl [-C(O)NR-] linkages (bonds) is replaced by a non-peptidyl linkage. Exemplary non-peptidyl linkages are -CH<sub>2</sub>-carbamate [-CH<sub>2</sub>-OC(O)NR-], phosphonate, -CH<sub>2</sub>-sulfonamide [-CH<sub>2</sub>-S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR-], urea [-NHC(O)NH-], -CH<sub>2</sub>-secondary amine, and alkylated peptide [-C(O)NR<sup>6</sup>- wherein R<sup>6</sup> is lower alkyl].
- 4. The N-terminus is derivatized. Typically, the N-terminus may be acylated or modified to a substituted amine. Exemplary N-terminal derivative groups include -NRR¹ (other than -NH₂), -NRC(O)R¹, -NRC(O)OR¹, -NRS(O)₂R¹, -NHC(O)NHR¹, succinimide, or benzyloxycarbonyl-NH- (CBZ-NH-), wherein R and R¹ are each independently hydrogen or lower alkyl and wherein the phenyl ring may be substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, chloro, and bromo.
- 5. The free C-terminus is derivatized. Typically, the C-terminus is
  esterified or amidated. Exemplary C-terminal derivative groups
  include, for example, -C(O)R<sup>2</sup> wherein R<sup>2</sup> is lower alkoxy or -NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>

wherein  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are independently hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl (preferably  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl).

A disulfide bond is replaced with another, preferably more stable, cross-linking moiety (e.g., an alkylene). See, e.g., Bhatnagar et al. (1996), J. Med. Chem. 39: 3814-9; Alberts et al. (1993) Thirteenth Am. Pep. Symp., 357-9.

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7. One or more individual amino acid residues is modified. Various derivatizing agents are known to react specifically with selected sidechains or terminal residues, as described in detail below.

Lysinyl residues and amino terminal residues may be reacted with succinic or other carboxylic acid anhydrides, which reverse the charge of the lysinyl residues. Other suitable reagents for derivatizing alpha-amino-containing residues include imidoesters such as methyl picolinimidate; pyridoxal phosphate; pyridoxal; chloroborohydride; trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid; O-methylisourea; 2,4 pentanedione; and transaminase-catalyzed reaction with glyoxylate.

Arginyl residues may be modified by reaction with any one or combination of several conventional reagents, including phenylglyoxal, 2,3-butanedione, 1,2-cyclohexanedione, and ninhydrin. Derivatization of arginyl residues requires that the reaction be performed in alkaline conditions because of the high pKa of the guanidine functional group. Furthermore, these reagents may react with the groups of lysine as well as the arginine epsilon-amino group.

Specific modification of tyrosyl residues has been studied extensively, with particular interest in introducing spectral labels into tyrosyl residues by reaction with aromatic diazonium compounds or tetranitromethane. Most commonly, N-acetylimidizole and tetranitromethane are used to form O-acetyl tyrosyl species and 3-nitro derivatives, respectively.

Carboxyl sidechain groups (aspartyl or glutamyl) may be selectively modified by reaction with carbodiimides (R'-N=C=N-R') such as 1-cyclohexyl-3-(2-morpholinyl-(4-ethyl) carbodiimide or 1-ethyl-3-(4-azonia-4,4-dimethylpentyl) carbodiimide. Furthermore, aspartyl and glutamyl residues may be converted to asparaginyl and glutaminyl residues by reaction with ammonium ions.

Glutaminyl and asparaginyl residues may be deamidated to the corresponding glutamyl and aspartyl residues. Alternatively, these residues are deamidated under mildly acidic conditions. Either form of these residues falls within the scope of this invention.

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Cysteinyl residues can be replaced by amino acid residues or other moieties either to eliminate disulfide bonding or, conversely, to stabilize cross-linking. See, e.g., Bhatnagar <u>et al.</u> (1996), J. <u>Med. Chem.</u> 39: 3814-9.

Derivatization with bifunctional agents is useful for cross-linking the peptides or their functional derivatives to a water-insoluble support matrix or to other macromolecular vehicles. Commonly used cross-linking agents include, e.g., 1,1-bis(diazoacetyl)-2-phenylethane, glutaraldehyde, N-hydroxysuccinimide esters, for example, esters with 4-azidosalicylic acid, homobifunctional imidoesters, including disuccinimidyl esters such as 3,3'-dithiobis(succinimidylpropionate), and bifunctional maleimides such as bis-N-maleimido-1,8-octane. Derivatizing agents such as methyl-3-[(p-azidophenyl)dithio]propioimidate yield photoactivatable intermediates that are capable of forming cross-links in the presence of light. Alternatively, reactive water-insoluble matrices such as cyanogen bromide-activated carbohydrates and the reactive substrates described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,969,287; 3,691,016; 4,195,128; 4,247,642; 4,229,537; and 4,330,440 are employed for protein immobilization.

Carbohydrate (oligosaccharide) groups may conveniently be attached to sites that are known to be glycosylation sites in proteins.

Generally, O-linked oligosaccharides are attached to serine (Ser) or threonine (Thr) residues while N-linked oligosaccharides are attached to asparagine (Asn) residues when they are part of the sequence Asn-X-Ser/Thr, where X can be any amino acid except proline. X is preferably one of the 19 naturally occurring amino acids other than proline. The structures of N-linked and O-linked oligosaccharides and the sugar residues found in each type are different. One type of sugar that is commonly found on both is N-acetylneuraminic acid (referred to as sialic acid). Sialic acid is usually the terminal residue of both N-linked and Olinked oligosaccharides and, by virtue of its negative charge, may confer acidic properties to the glycosylated compound. Such site(s) may be incorporated in the linker of the compounds of this invention and are preferably glycosylated by a cell during recombinant production of the polypeptide compounds (e.g., in mammalian cells such as CHO, BHK, COS). However, such sites may further be glycosylated by synthetic or semi-synthetic procedures known in the art.

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Other possible modifications include hydroxylation of proline and lysine, phosphorylation of hydroxyl groups of seryl or threonyl residues, oxidation of the sulfur atom in Cys, methylation of the alpha-amino groups of lysine, arginine, and histidine side chains. Creighton, <u>Proteins: Structure and Molecule Properties</u> (W. H. Freeman & Co., San Francisco), pp. 79-86 (1983).

Compounds of the present invention may be changed at the DNA level, as well. The DNA sequence of any portion of the compound may be changed to codons more compatible with the chosen host cell. For <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u>, which is the preferred host cell, optimized codons are known in the art. Codons may be substituted to eliminate restriction sites or to include silent restriction sites, which may aid in processing of the DNA in the selected

host cell. The vehicle, linker and peptide DNA sequences may be modified to include any of the foregoing sequence changes.

# Methods of Making

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The compounds of this invention largely may be made in transformed host cells using recombinant DNA techniques. To do so, a recombinant DNA molecule coding for the peptide is prepared. Methods of preparing such DNA molecules are well known in the art. For instance, sequences coding for the peptides could be excised from DNA using suitable restriction enzymes. Alternatively, the DNA molecule could be synthesized using chemical synthesis techniques, such as the phosphoramidate method. Also, a combination of these techniques could be used.

The invention also includes a vector capable of expressing the peptides in an appropriate host. The vector comprises the DNA molecule that codes for the peptides operatively linked to appropriate expression control sequences. Methods of effecting this operative linking, either before or after the DNA molecule is inserted into the vector, are well known. Expression control sequences include promoters, activators, enhancers, operators, ribosomal binding sites, start signals, stop signals, cap signals, polyadenylation signals, and other signals involved with the control of transcription or translation.

The resulting vector having the DNA molecule thereon is used to transform an appropriate host. This transformation may be performed using methods well known in the art.

Any of a large number of available and well-known host cells may be used in the practice of this invention. The selection of a particular host is dependent upon a number of factors recognized by the art. These include, for example, compatibility with the chosen expression vector, toxicity of the peptides encoded by the DNA molecule, rate of

transformation, ease of recovery of the peptides, expression characteristics, bio-safety and costs. A balance of these factors must be struck with the understanding that not all hosts may be equally effective for the expression of a particular DNA sequence. Within these general guidelines, useful microbial hosts include bacteria (such as <u>E. coli</u> sp.), yeast (such as <u>Saccharomyces</u> sp.) and other fungi, insects, plants, mammalian (including human) cells in culture, or other hosts known in the art.

Next, the transformed host is cultured and purified. Host cells may be cultured under conventional fermentation conditions so that the desired compounds are expressed. Such fermentation conditions are well known in the art. Finally, the peptides are purified from culture by methods well known in the art.

The compounds may also be made by synthetic methods. For example, solid phase synthesis techniques may be used. Suitable techniques are well known in the art, and include those described in Merrifield (1973), Chem. Polypeptides, pp. 335-61 (Katsoyannis and Panayotis eds.); Merrifield (1963), J. Am. Chem. Soc. 85: 2149; Davis et al. (1985), Biochem. Intl. 10: 394-414; Stewart and Young (1969), Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis; U.S. Pat. No. 3,941,763; Finn et al. (1976), The Proteins (3rd ed.) 2: 105-253; and Erickson et al. (1976), The Proteins (3rd ed.) 2: 257-527. Solid phase synthesis is the preferred technique of making individual peptides since it is the most cost-effective method of making small peptides.

Compounds that contain derivatized peptides or which contain non-peptide groups may be synthesized by well-known organic chemistry techniques.

# Uses of the Compounds

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Compounds of this invention may be particularly useful in treatment of B-cell mediated autoimmune diseases. In particular, the

compounds of this invention may be useful in treating, preventing, ameliorating, diagnosing or prognosing lupus, including systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), and lupus-associated diseases and conditions. Other preferred indications include B-cell mediated cancers, including B-cell lymphoma.

The compounds of this invention can also be used to treat inflammatory conditions of the joints. Inflammatory conditions of a joint are chronic joint diseases that afflict and disable, to varying degrees, millions of people worldwide. Rheumatoid arthritis is a disease of articular joints in which the cartilage and bone are slowly eroded away by a proliferative, invasive connective tissue called pannus, which is derived from the synovial membrane. The disease may involve peri-articular structures such as bursae, tendon sheaths and tendons as well as extraarticular tissues such as the subcutis, cardiovascular system, lungs, spleen, lymph nodes, skeletal muscles, nervous system (central and peripheral) and eyes (Silberberg (1985), Anderson's Pathology, Kissane (ed.), II:1828). Osteoarthritis is a common joint disease characterized by degenerative changes in articular cartilage and reactive proliferation of bone and cartilage around the joint. Osteoarthritis is a cell-mediated active process that may result from the inappropriate response of chondrocytes to catabolic and anabolic stimuli. Changes in some matrix molecules of articular cartilage reportedly occur in early osteoarthritis (Thonar et al. (1993), Rheumatic disease clinics of North America, Moskowitz (ed.), 19:635-657 and Shinmei et al. (1992), Arthritis Rheum., 35:1304-1308). TALL-1, TALL-1R and modulators thereof are believed to be useful in the treatment of these and related conditions.

Compounds of this invention may also be useful in treatment of a number of additional diseases and disorders, including:

acute pancreatitis;

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- ALS;
- Alzheimer's disease;
- asthma;
- atherosclerosis;
- autoimmune hemolytic anemia;
  - cancer, particularly cancers related to B cells;
  - cachexia/anorexia;
  - chronic fatigue syndrome;
  - cirrhosis (e.g., primary biliary cirrhosis);
- diabetes (e.g., insulin diabetes);
  - fever;
  - glomerulonephritis, including IgA glomerulonephritis and primary glomerulonephritis;
  - Goodpasture's syndrome;
- Guillain-Barre syndrome;
  - graft versus host disease;
  - Hashimoto's thyroiditis;
  - hemorrhagic shock;
  - hyperalgesia;

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- inflammatory bowel disease;
  - inflammatory conditions of a joint, including osteoarthritis,
     psoriatic arthritis and rheumatoid arthritis;
  - inflammatory conditions resulting from strain, sprain, cartilage damage, trauma, orthopedic surgery, infection or other disease processes;
  - insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus;

ischemic injury, including cerebral ischemia (e.g., brain injury as
a result of trauma, epilepsy, hemorrhage or stroke, each of
which may lead to neurodegeneration);

- learning impairment;
- lung diseases (e.g., ARDS);
  - multiple myeloma;
  - multiple sclerosis;
  - Myasthenia gravis;
  - myelogenous (e.g., AML and CML) and other leukemias;
- myopathies (e.g., muscle protein metabolism, esp. in sepsis);
  - neurotoxicity (e.g., as induced by HIV);
  - osteoporosis;
  - pain;
  - Parkinson's disease;
- Pemphigus;
  - polymyositis/dermatomyositis;
  - pulmonary inflammation, including autoimmune pulmonary inflammation;
  - pre-term labor;
- psoriasis;
  - Reiter's disease;
  - reperfusion injury;
  - septic shock;
  - side effects from radiation therapy;
- Sjogren's syndrome;
  - sleep disturbance;
  - temporal mandibular joint disease;

 thrombocytopenia, including idiopathic thrombocytopenia and autoimmune neonatal thrombocytopenia;

- tumor metastasis;
- uveitis; and
- vasculitis.

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Compounds of this invention may be administered alone or in combination with a therapeutically effective amount of other drugs, including analysesic agents, disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), and any immune and/or inflammatory modulators. Thus, compounds of this invention may be administered with:

- Modulators of other members of the TNF/TNF receptor family, including TNF antagonists, such as etanercept (Enbrel<sup>™</sup>), sTNF-RI, onercept, D2E7, and Remicade<sup>™</sup>.
- Nerve growth factor (NGF) modulators.
- IL-1 inhibitors, including IL-1ra molecules such as anakinra and more recently discovered IL-1ra-like molecules such as IL-1Hy1 and IL-1Hy2; IL-1 "trap" molecules as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,844,099, issued December 1, 1998; IL-1 antibodies; solubilized IL-1 receptor, and the like.
- IL-6 inhibitors (e.g., antibodies to IL-6).
- IL-8 inhibitors (e.g., antibodies to IL-8).
- IL-18 inhibitors (e.g., IL-18 binding protein, solubilized IL-18 receptor, or IL-18 antibodies).
- Interleukin-1 converting enzyme (ICE) modulators.
- insulin-like growth factors (IGF-1, IGF-2) and modulators thereof.
- Transforming growth factor-β (TGF-β), TGF-β family members,
   and TGF-β modulators.

 Fibroblast growth factors FGF-1 to FGF-10, and FGF modulators.

- Osteoprotegerin (OPG), OPG analogues, osteoprotective agents, and antibodies to OPG-ligand (OPG-L).
- bone anabolic agents, such as parathyroid hormone (PTH), PTH fragments, and molecules incorporating PTH fragments (e.g., PTH (1-34)-Fc).
  - PAF antagonists.

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- Keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), KGF-related molecules (e.g., KGF-2), and KGF modulators.
  - COX-2 inhibitors, such as Celebrex<sup>™</sup> and Vioxx<sup>™</sup>.
  - Prostaglandin analogs (e.g., E series prostaglandins).
  - Matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) modulators.
  - Nitric oxide synthase (NOS) modulators, including modulators of inducible NOS.
  - Modulators of glucocorticoid receptor.
  - Modulators of glutamate receptor.
  - Modulators of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) levels.
- Anti-cancer agents, including inhibitors of oncogenes (e.g., fos, jun) and interferons.
  - Noradrenaline and modulators and mimetics thereof.

# **Pharmaceutical Compositions**

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<u>In General</u>. The present invention also provides methods of using pharmaceutical compositions of the inventive compounds. Such pharmaceutical compositions may be for administration for injection, or for oral, pulmonary, nasal, transdermal or other forms of administration. In general, the invention encompasses pharmaceutical compositions comprising effective amounts of a compound of the invention together with pharmaceutically acceptable diluents, preservatives, solubilizers, emulsifiers, adjuvants and/or carriers. Such compositions include diluents of various buffer content (e.g., Tris-HCl, acetate, phosphate), pH and ionic strength; additives such as detergents and solubilizing agents (e.g., Tween 80, Polysorbate 80), anti-oxidants (e.g., ascorbic acid, sodium metabisulfite), preservatives (e.g., Thimersol, benzyl alcohol) and bulking substances (e.g., lactose, mannitol); incorporation of the material into particulate preparations of polymeric compounds such as polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, etc. or into liposomes. Hyaluronic acid may also be used, and this may have the effect of promoting sustained duration in the circulation. Such compositions may influence the physical state, stability, rate of in vivo release, and rate of in vivo clearance of the present proteins and derivatives. See, e.g., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 18th Ed. (1990, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA 18042) pages 1435-1712 which are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety. The compositions may be prepared in liquid form, or may be in dried powder, such as lyophilized form. Implantable sustained release formulations are also contemplated, as are transdermal formulations.

Oral dosage forms. Contemplated for use herein are oral solid dosage forms, which are described generally in Chapter 89 of Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences (1990), 18th Ed., Mack Publishing Co. Easton PA 18042, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Solid dosage forms include tablets, capsules, pills, troches or lozenges, cachets

or pellets. Also, liposomal or proteinoid encapsulation may be used to formulate the present compositions (as, for example, proteinoid microspheres reported in U.S. Patent No. 4,925,673). Liposomal encapsulation may be used and the liposomes may be derivatized with various polymers (e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,013,556). A description of possible solid dosage forms for the therapeutic is given in Chapter 10 of Marshall, K., Modern Pharmaceutics (1979), edited by G. S. Banker and C. T. Rhodes, herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. In general, the formulation will include the inventive compound, and inert ingredients which allow for protection against the stomach environment, and release of the biologically active material in the intestine.

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Also specifically contemplated are oral dosage forms of the above inventive compounds. If necessary, the compounds may be chemically modified so that oral delivery is efficacious. Generally, the chemical modification contemplated is the attachment of at least one moiety to the compound molecule itself, where said moiety permits (a) inhibition of proteolysis; and (b) uptake into the blood stream from the stomach or intestine. Also desired is the increase in overall stability of the compound and increase in circulation time in the body. Moieties useful as covalently attached vehicles in this invention may also be used for this purpose. Examples of such moieties include: PEG, copolymers of ethylene glycol and propylene glycol, carboxymethyl cellulose, dextran, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinyl pyrrolidone and polyproline. See, for example, Abuchowski and Davis, Soluble Polymer-Enzyme Adducts, Enzymes as Drugs (1981), Hocenberg and Roberts, eds., Wiley-Interscience, New York, NY,, pp. 367-83; Newmark, et al. (1982), J. Appl. Biochem. 4:185-9. Other polymers that could be used are poly-1,3-dioxolane and poly-1,3,6-tioxocane. Preferred for pharmaceutical usage, as indicated above, are PEG moieties.

For oral delivery dosage forms, it is also possible to use a salt of a modified aliphatic amino acid, such as sodium N-(8-[2-hydroxybenzoyl] amino) caprylate (SNAC), as a carrier to enhance absorption of the therapeutic compounds of this invention. The clinical efficacy of a heparin formulation using SNAC has been demonstrated in a Phase II trial conducted by Emisphere Technologies. See US Patent No. 5,792,451, "Oral drug delivery composition and methods".

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The compounds of this invention can be included in the formulation as fine multiparticulates in the form of granules or pellets of particle size about 1 mm. The formulation of the material for capsule administration could also be as a powder, lightly compressed plugs or even as tablets. The therapeutic could be prepared by compression.

Colorants and flavoring agents may all be included. For example, the protein (or derivative) may be formulated (such as by liposome or microsphere encapsulation) and then further contained within an edible product, such as a refrigerated beverage containing colorants and flavoring agents.

One may dilute or increase the volume of the compound of the invention with an inert material. These diluents could include carbohydrates, especially mannitol,  $\alpha$ -lactose, anhydrous lactose, cellulose, sucrose, modified dextrans and starch. Certain inorganic salts may also be used as fillers including calcium triphosphate, magnesium carbonate and sodium chloride. Some commercially available diluents are Fast-Flo, Emdex, STA-Rx 1500, Emcompress and Avicell.

Disintegrants may be included in the formulation of the therapeutic into a solid dosage form. Materials used as disintegrants include but are not limited to starch including the commercial disintegrant based on starch, Explotab. Sodium starch glycolate, Amberlite, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, ultramylopectin, sodium alginate, gelatin, orange

peel, acid carboxymethyl cellulose, natural sponge and bentonite may all be used. Another form of the disintegrants are the insoluble cationic exchange resins. Powdered gums may be used as disintegrants and as binders and these can include powdered gums such as agar, Karaya or tragacanth. Alginic acid and its sodium salt are also useful as disintegrants.

Binders may be used to hold the therapeutic agent together to form a hard tablet and include materials from natural products such as acacia, tragacanth, starch and gelatin. Others include methyl cellulose (MC), ethyl cellulose (EC) and carboxymethyl cellulose (CMC). Polyvinyl pyrrolidone (PVP) and hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose (HPMC) could both be used in alcoholic solutions to granulate the therapeutic.

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An antifrictional agent may be included in the formulation of the therapeutic to prevent sticking during the formulation process. Lubricants may be used as a layer between the therapeutic and the die wall, and these can include but are not limited to; stearic acid including its magnesium and calcium salts, polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), liquid paraffin, vegetable oils and waxes. Soluble lubricants may also be used such as sodium lauryl sulfate, magnesium lauryl sulfate, polyethylene glycol of various molecular weights, Carbowax 4000 and 6000.

Glidants that might improve the flow properties of the drug during formulation and to aid rearrangement during compression might be added. The glidants may include starch, talc, pyrogenic silica and hydrated silicoaluminate.

To aid dissolution of the compound of this invention into the aqueous environment a surfactant might be added as a wetting agent. Surfactants may include anionic detergents such as sodium lauryl sulfate, dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate and dioctyl sodium sulfonate. Cationic detergents might be used and could include benzalkonium chloride or

benzethonium chloride. The list of potential nonionic detergents that could be included in the formulation as surfactants are lauromacrogol 400, polyoxyl 40 stearate, polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil 10, 50 and 60, glycerol monostearate, polysorbate 40, 60, 65 and 80, sucrose fatty acid ester, methyl cellulose and carboxymethyl cellulose. These surfactants could be present in the formulation of the protein or derivative either alone or as a mixture in different ratios.

Additives may also be included in the formulation to enhance uptake of the compound. Additives potentially having this property are for instance the fatty acids oleic acid, linoleic acid and linolenic acid.

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Controlled release formulation may be desirable. The compound of this invention could be incorporated into an inert matrix which permits release by either diffusion or leaching mechanisms; e.g., gums. Slowly degenerating matrices may also be incorporated into the formulation, e.g., alginates, polysaccharides. Another form of a controlled release of the compounds of this invention is by a method based on the Oros therapeutic system (Alza Corp.), i.e., the drug is enclosed in a semipermeable membrane which allows water to enter and push drug out through a single small opening due to osmotic effects. Some enteric coatings also have a delayed release effect.

Other coatings may be used for the formulation. These include a variety of sugars which could be applied in a coating pan. The therapeutic agent could also be given in a film coated tablet and the materials used in this instance are divided into 2 groups. The first are the nonenteric materials and include methyl cellulose, ethyl cellulose, hydroxyethyl cellulose, methylhydroxy-ethyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl-methyl cellulose, sodium carboxy-methyl cellulose, providone and the polyethylene glycols. The second group consists of the enteric materials that are commonly esters of phthalic acid.

A mix of materials might be used to provide the optimum film coating. Film coating may be carried out in a pan coater or in a fluidized bed or by compression coating.

Pulmonary delivery forms. Also contemplated herein is pulmonary delivery of the present protein (or derivatives thereof). The protein (or derivative) is delivered to the lungs of a mammal while inhaling and traverses across the lung epithelial lining to the blood stream. (Other reports of this include Adjei et al., Pharma. Res. (1990) 7: 565-9; Adjei et al. (1990), Internatl. J. Pharmaceutics 63: 135-44 (leuprolide acetate); Braquet et al. (1989), J. Cardiovasc. Pharmacol. 13 (suppl.5): s.143-146 (endothelin-1); Hubbard et al. (1989), Annals Int. Med. 3: 206-12 (α1-antitrypsin); Smith et al. (1989), J. Clin. Invest. 84: 1145-6 (α1-proteinase); Oswein et al. (March 1990), "Aerosolization of Proteins", Proc. Symp. Resp. Drug Delivery II, Keystone, Colorado (recombinant human growth hormone); Debs et al. (1988), J. Immunol. 140: 3482-8 (interferon-γ and tumor necrosis factor α) and Platz et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,284,656 (granulocyte colony stimulating factor).

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Contemplated for use in the practice of this invention are a wide range of mechanical devices designed for pulmonary delivery of therapeutic products, including but not limited to nebulizers, metered dose inhalers, and powder inhalers, all of which are familiar to those skilled in the art. Some specific examples of commercially available devices suitable for the practice of this invention are the Ultravent nebulizer, manufactured by Mallinckrodt, Inc., St. Louis, Missouri; the Acorn II nebulizer, manufactured by Marquest Medical Products, Englewood, Colorado; the Ventolin metered dose inhaler, manufactured by Glaxo Inc., Research Triangle Park, North Carolina; and the Spinhaler powder inhaler, manufactured by Fisons Corp., Bedford, Massachusetts.

All such devices require the use of formulations suitable for the dispensing of the inventive compound. Typically, each formulation is specific to the type of device employed and may involve the use of an appropriate propellant material, in addition to diluents, adjuvants and/or carriers useful in therapy.

The inventive compound should most advantageously be prepared in particulate form with an average particle size of less than 10  $\mu m$  (or microns), most preferably 0.5 to 5  $\mu m$ , for most effective delivery to the distal lung.

Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers include carbohydrates such as trehalose, mannitol, xylitol, sucrose, lactose, and sorbitol. Other ingredients for use in formulations may include DPPC, DOPE, DSPC and DOPC. Natural or synthetic surfactants may be used. PEG may be used (even apart from its use in derivatizing the protein or analog).

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Dextrans, such as cyclodextran, may be used. Bile salts and other related enhancers may be used. Cellulose and cellulose derivatives may be used. Amino acids may be used, such as use in a buffer formulation.

Also, the use of liposomes, microcapsules or microspheres, inclusion complexes, or other types of carriers is contemplated.

Formulations suitable for use with a nebulizer, either jet or ultrasonic, will typically comprise the inventive compound dissolved in water at a concentration of about 0.1 to 25 mg of biologically active protein per mL of solution. The formulation may also include a buffer and a simple sugar (e.g., for protein stabilization and regulation of osmotic pressure). The nebulizer formulation may also contain a surfactant, to reduce or prevent surface induced aggregation of the protein caused by atomization of the solution in forming the aerosol.

Formulations for use with a metered-dose inhaler device will generally comprise a finely divided powder containing the inventive

compound suspended in a propellant with the aid of a surfactant. The propellant may be any conventional material employed for this purpose, such as a chlorofluorocarbon, a hydrochlorofluorocarbon, a hydrochlorofluorocarbon, or a hydrocarbon, including trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorodifluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethanol, and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane, or combinations thereof. Suitable surfactants include sorbitan trioleate and soya lecithin. Oleic acid may also be useful as a surfactant.

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Formulations for dispensing from a powder inhaler device will comprise a finely divided dry powder containing the inventive compound and may also include a bulking agent, such as lactose, sorbitol, sucrose, mannitol, trehalose, or xylitol in amounts which facilitate dispersal of the powder from the device, e.g., 50 to 90% by weight of the formulation.

<u>Nasal delivery forms</u>. Nasal delivery of the inventive compound is also contemplated. Nasal delivery allows the passage of the protein to the blood stream directly after administering the therapeutic product to the nose, without the necessity for deposition of the product in the lung. Formulations for nasal delivery include those with dextran or cyclodextran. Delivery via transport across other mucous membranes is also contemplated.

<u>Dosages</u>. The dosage regimen involved in a method for treating the above-described conditions will be determined by the attending physician, considering various factors which modify the action of drugs, e.g. the age, condition, body weight, sex and diet of the patient, the severity of any infection, time of administration and other clinical factors. Generally, the daily regimen should be in the range of 0.1-1000 micrograms of the inventive compound per kilogram of body weight, preferably 0.1-150 micrograms per kilogram.

# Specific preferred embodiments

The inventors have determined preferred structures for the preferred peptides listed in Table 4 below. The symbol " $\Lambda$ " may be any of the linkers described herein or may simply represent a normal peptide bond (i.e., so that no linker is present). Tandem repeats and linkers are shown separated by dashes for clarity.

Table 4—Preferred embodiments

Sequence/structure	SEQ ID
	NO:
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL-A-V1	44
V <sup>1</sup> -A- LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL	45
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL -A-	46
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL -A-V1	
V¹-Λ- LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL -Λ-	47
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL	
SADCYFDILTKSDVCTSS-A-V1	48
V¹-Λ- SADCYFDILTKSDVCTSS	49
SADCYFDILTKSDVTSS-A- SADCYFDILTKSDVTSS	50
-A-V <sup>1</sup>	
V¹-Λ- SADCYFDILTKSDVTSS -Λ-	51
SADCYFDILTKSDVTSS	
FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL-A-V1	52
V¹-A- FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL	53
FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL -A-	54
FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL -A-V1	
V¹-A- FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL -A-	55
FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL	

"V<sup>1</sup>" is an Fc domain as defined previously herein. In addition to those listed in Table 4, the inventors further contemplate heterodimers in which each strand of an Fc dimer is linked to a different peptide sequence; for example, wherein each Fc is linked to a different sequence selected from Table 2.

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All of the compounds of this invention can be prepared by methods described in PCT appl. no. WO 99/25044.

The invention will now be further described by the following working examples, which are illustrative rather than limiting.

#### **EXAMPLE 1**

## **Peptides**

# 5 Peptide Phage Display

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### 1. Magnetic bead preparation

A. Fc-TALL-1 immobilization on magnetic beads

The recombinant Fc-TALL-1 protein was immobilized on the Protein A Dynabeads (Dynal) at a concentration of 8 µg of Fc-TALL-1 per 100 µl of the bead stock from the manufacturer. By drawing the beads to one side of a tube using a magnet and pipetting away the liquid, the beads were washed twice with the phosphate buffer saline (PBS) and resuspended in PBS. The Fc-TALL-1 protein was added to the washed beads at the above concentration and incubated with rotation for 1 hour at room temperature. The Fc-TALL-1 coated beads were then blocked by adding bovine serum albumin (BSA) to 1% final concentration and incubating overnight at 4 °C with rotation. The resulting Fc-TALL-1 coated beads were then washed twice with PBST (PBS with 0.05% Tween-20) before being subjected to the selection procedures.

### B. Negative selection bead preparation

Additional beads were also prepared for negative selections. For each panning condition, 250  $\mu$ l of the bead stock from the manufacturer was subjected to the above procedure (section 1A) except that the incubation step with Fc-TALL-1 was omitted. In the last washing step, the beads were divided into five 50  $\mu$ l aliquots.

### 2. Selection of TALL-1 binding phage

#### A. Overall strategy

Two filamentous phage libraries, TN8-IX (5X10<sup>9</sup> independent transformants) and TN12-I (1.4X10<sup>9</sup> independent transformants) (Dyax Corp.), were used to select for TALL-1 binding phage. Each library was subjected to either pH 2 elution or 'bead elution' (section 2E). Therefore, four different panning conditions were carried out for the TALL-1 project (TN8-IX using the

pH2 elution method, TN8-IX using the bead elution method, TN12-I the using pH2 elution method, and TN12-I using the bead elution method). Three rounds of selection were performed for each condition.

## B. Negative selection

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For each panning condition, about 100 random library equivalent (5X10<sup>11</sup> pfu for TN8-IX and 1.4X10<sup>11</sup> pfu for TN12-I) was aliquoted from the library stock and diluted to 300 µl with PBST. After the last washing liquid was drawn out from the first 50 µl aliquot of the beads prepared for negative selections (section 1B), the 300 µl diluted library stock was added to the beads. The resulting mixture was incubated for 10 minutes at room temperature with rotation. The phage supernatant was drawn out using the magnet and added to the second 50 µl aliquot for another negative selection step. In this way, five negative selection steps were performed.

## C. Selection using the Fc-TALL-1 protein coated beads

The phage supernatant after the last negative selection step (section 1B) was added to the Fc-TALL-1 coated beads after the last washing step (section 1A). This mixture was incubated with rotation for two hours at room temperature, allowing specific phage to bind to the target protein. After the supernatant is discarded, the beads were washed seven times with PBST.

## D. pH2 elution of bound phage

After the last washing step (section 2C), the bound phages were eluted from the magnetic beads by adding 200  $\mu$ l of CBST (50 mM sodium citrate, 150 mM sodium chloride, 0.05% Tween-20, pH2). After 5 minute incubation at room temperature, the liquid containing the eluted phage were drawn out and transferred to another tube. The elution step was repeated again by adding 200  $\mu$ l of CBST and incubating for 5 minutes. The liquids from two elution steps were added together, and 100  $\mu$ l of 2 M Tris solution (pH 8) was added to neutralize the pH. 500  $\mu$ l of Min A Salts solution (60 mM K<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 33 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 7.6 mM (NH<sub>4</sub>)SO<sub>4</sub>, and 1.7 mM sodium citrate) was added to make the final volume to 1 ml.

#### E. 'bead elution'

After the final washing liquid was drawn out (section 2C), 1 ml of Min A salts solution was added to the beads. This bead mixture was added directly to a concentrated bacteria sample for infection (section 3A and 3B).

#### 3. Amplification

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# A. Preparation of plating cells

Fresh <u>E</u>. <u>Coli</u>. (XL-1 Blue MRF') culture was grown to  $OD_{600} = 0.5$  in LB media containing 12.5  $\mu$ g/ml tetracycline. For each panning condition, 20 ml of this culture was chilled on ice and centrifuged. The bacteria pellet was resuspended in 1 ml of the Min A Salts solution.

### B. Transduction

Each mixture from different elution methods (section 2D and 2E) was added to a concentrated bacteria sample (section 3A) and incubated at 37 °C for 15 minutes. 2 ml of NZCYM media (2XNZCYM, 50 μg/ml ampicillin) was added to each mixture and incubated at room temperature for 15 minutes. The resulting 4 ml solution was plated on a large NZCYM agar plate containing 50 μg/ml ampicillin and incubated overnight at 37 °C.

#### C. Phage Harvesting

Each of the bacteria/phage mixture that was grown overnight on a large NZCYM agar plate (section 3B) was scraped off in 35 ml of LB media, and the agar plate was further rinsed with additional 35 ml of LB media. The resulting bacteria/phage mixture in LB media was centrifuged to pellet the bacteria away. 50 ml the of the phage supernatant was transferred to a fresh tube, and 12.5 ml of PEG solution (20% PEG8000, 3.5M ammonium acetate) was added and incubated on ice for 2 hours to precipitate phages. Precipitated phages were centrifuged down and resuspended in 6 ml of the phage resuspension buffer (250 mM NaCl, 100 mM Tris pH8, 1 mM EDTA). This phage solution was further purified by centrifuging away the remaining bacteria and precipitating the phage for the second time by adding 1.5 ml of the PEG solution. After a centrifugation step, the phage pellet was resuspended in 400 μl of PBS. This solution was subjected to a final centrifugation to rid of remaining bacteria debris. The resulting phage

preparation was titered by a standard plaque formation assay (Molecular Cloning, Maniatis et al 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition).

# 4. Two more rounds of selection and amplification.

In the second round, the amplified phage (10<sup>10</sup> pfu) from the first round (section 3C) was used as the input phage to perform the selection and amplification steps (sections 2 and 3). The amplified phage (10<sup>10</sup> pfu) from the 2<sup>nd</sup> round in turn was used as the input phage to perform 3<sup>rd</sup> round of selection and amplification (sections 2 and 3). After the elution steps (sections 2D and 2E) of the 3<sup>rd</sup> round, a small fraction of the eluted phage was plated out as in the plaque formation assay (section 3C). Individual plaques were picked and placed into 96 well microtiter plates containing 100 µl of TE buffer in each well. These master plates were incubated in a 37 °C incubator for 1 hour to allow phages to elute into the TE buffer.

## 5. Clonal analysis (Phage ELISA and sequencing)

The phage clones were analyzed by phage ELISA and sequencing methods. The sequences were ranked based on the combined results from these two assays.

### A. Phage ELISA

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An XL-1 Blue MRF' culture was grown until OD<sub>600</sub> reaches 0.5. 30 µl of this culture was aliquoted into each well of a 96 well microtiter plate. 10 µl of eluted phage (section 4) was added to each well and allowed to infect bacteria for 15 min at room temperature. 130 µl of LB media containing 12.5 µg/ml of tetracycline and 50 µg/ml of ampicillin was added to each well. The microtiter plate was then incubated overnight at 37 °C. The recombinant TALL-1 protein (1 µg/ml in PBS) was allowed to coat onto the 96-well Maxisorp plates (NUNC) overnight and 4°C. As a control, the recombinant Fc-Trail protein was coated onto a separate Maxisorp plate at the same molar concentration as the TALL-1 protein.

On the following day, liquids in the protein coated Maxisorp plates were

discarded, and each well was blocked with 300 µl of 2% BSA solution at 37 °C

for one hour. The BSA solution was discarded, and the wells were washed three times with the PBST solution. After the last washing step, 50  $\mu$ l of PBST was added to each well of the protein coated Maxisorp plates. Each of the 50  $\mu$ l overnight cultures in the 96 well microtiter plate was transferred to the corresponding wells of the TALL-1 coated plates as well as the control Fc-Trail coated plates. The 100  $\mu$ l mixtures in the two kinds of plates were incubated for 1 hour at room temperature. The liquid was discarded from the Maxisorp plates, and the wells were washed five times with PBST. The HRP-conjugated anti-M13 antibody (Pharmacia) was diluted to 1:7,500, and 100  $\mu$ l of the diluted solution was added to each well of the Maxisorp plates for 1 hour incubation at room temperature. The liquid was again discarded and the wells were washed seven times with PBST. 100  $\mu$ l of tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) substrate (Sigma) was added to each well for the color reaction to develop, and the reaction was stopped with 50  $\mu$ l of the 5 N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> solution. The OD<sub>450</sub> was read on a plate reader (Molecular Devices).

# B. Sequencing of the phage clones.

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For each phage clone, the sequencing template was prepared by a PCR method. The following oligonucleotide pair was used to amplify about 500 nucleotide fragment:

primer #1 (5'-CGGCGCAACTATCGGTATCAAGCTG-3') (SEQ ID NO: 56) and primer #2 (5'-CATGTACCGTAACACTGAGTTTCGTC-3'). (SEQ ID NO: 57) The following mixture was prepared for each clone.

Reagents	volume (μL) / tube				
dH <sub>2</sub> O	26.25				
50% glycerol	10				
10B PCR Buffer (w/o MgCl <sub>2</sub> )	5				
25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>	4				
10 mM dNTP mix	1				
100 μ <u>M</u> primer 1	0.25				
100 μ <u>M</u> primer 2	0.25				
Taq polymerase	0.25				
Phage in TE (section 4)	3				
Final reaction volume	50				

The thermocycler (GeneAmp PCR System 9700, Applied Biosystems) was used to run the following program: 94°C for 5 min; [94°C for 30 sec, 55°C for 30 sec, 72°C for 45 sec.]x30 cycles; 72°C for 7 min; cool to 4°C. The PCR product was checked by running 5 µl of each PCR reaction on a 1% agarose gel. The PCR product in the remaining 45 µl from each reaction was cleaned up using the QIAquick Multiwell PCR Purification kit (Qiagen), following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting product was then sequenced using the ABI 377 Sequencer (Perkin-Elmer) following the manufacturer recommended protocol.

## 6. Sequence ranking and consensus sequence determination

## A. Sequence ranking

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The peptide sequences that were translated from variable nucleotide sequences (section 5B) were correlated to ELISA data. The clones that showed high OD<sub>450</sub> in the TALL-1 coated wells and low OD<sub>450</sub> in the Fc-Trail coated wells were considered more important. The sequences that occur multiple times were also considered important. Candidate sequences were chosen based on these criteria for further analysis as peptides or peptibodies. Five and nine candidate peptide sequences were selected from the TN8-IX and TN12-I libraries, respectively.

#### B. Consensus sequence determination

The majority of sequences selected from the TN12-I library contained a very conserved DBL motif. This motif was also observed in sequences selected from the TN8-IB library as well. Another motif, PFPWE (SEQ ID NO: 110) was also observed in sequences obtained from the TN8-IB library.

A consensus peptide, FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL (SEQ ID NO: 58), was designed based on the DBL motif. Since peptides derived from the TN12-I library were the most active ones, the top 26 peptide sequences based on the above ranking criteria (section 5A) were aligned by the DBL motif. The underlined "core amino acid sequence" was obtained by determining the amino acid that occur the most in each position. The two cysteines adjacent to the core

sequences were fixed amino acids in the TN12-I library. The rest of the amino acid sequence in the consensus peptide is taken from one of the candidate peptides, TALL-1-12-10 (Table 2, SEQ ID NO: 37). The peptide and peptibody that was derived from this consensus sequence were most active in the B cell proliferation assay.

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## **EXAMPLE 2**

## **Peptibodies**

A set of 12 TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies (Table 5) was constructed in 10 which a monomer of each peptide was fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1. Each TALL-1 inhibitory peptibody was constructed by annealing the pairs of oligonucleotides shown in Table 6 to generate a duplex encoding the peptide and a linker comprised of 5 glycine residues and one valine residue as an NdeI to Sal I fragment. These duplex molecules were ligated into a vector (pAMG21-15 RANK-Fc, described herein) containing the human Fc gene, also digested with NdeI and SalI. The resulting ligation mixtures were transformed by electroporation into E. coli strain 2596 cells (GM221, described herein). Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such 20 clone was selected for each of the peptibodies. The nucleotide and amino acid sequences of the fusion proteins are shown in Figure 4A through 4F.

Table 5. Peptide sequences and oligonucleotides used to generate TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies.

Peptibody	Peptibody SEQ ID NO	Peptide Sequence	Sense oligo- nucleotide	Antisense oligo-nucleotide		
TALL-1-8-1-a	29	PGTCFPFPWECTHA	2517-24	2517-25		
TALL-1-8-2-a	30	WGACWPFPWECFKE	2517-26	2517-27		
TALL-1-8-4-a	31	VPFCDLLTKHCFEA	2517-28	2517-29		
TALL-1-12-4-a	32	GSRCKYKWDVLTKQCFHH	2517-30	2517-31		
TALL-1-12-3-a	33	LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL	2517-32	2517-33		
TALL-1-12-5-a	34	SADCYFDILTKSDVCTSS	2517-34	2517-35		
TALL-1-12-8-a	35	SDDCMYDQLTRMFICSNL	2517-36	2517-37		
TALL-1-12-9-a	36	DLNCKYDELTYKEWCQFN	2521-92	2521-93		

TALL-1-12-10-a	37	FHDCKYDLLTRQMVCHGL	2521-94	2521-95
TALL-1-12-11-a	38	RNHCFWDHLLKQDICPSP	2521-96	2521-97
TALL-1-12-14-a	39	ANQCWWDSLTKKNVCEFF	2521-98	2521-99
TALL-1-	58	FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL	2551-48	2551-49
consensus	]			

Table 5B TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies.

Peptibody	Peptibody	Peptide Sequence								
1	SEQ ID	<b>Y</b> - <b>Y</b>								
	NO									
TALLAG	111	MPGTCFPFPW ECTHAGGGGG VDKTHTCPPC PAPELLGGPS								
TALL-1-8-	111	VFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYV								
1-a		DGVEVHNAKT KPREEOYNST YRVVSVLTVL HODWLNGKEY								
		KCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKA KGOPREPOVY TLPPSRDELT								
		KNQVSLTCLV KGFYPSDIAV EWESNGOPEN NYKTTPPVLD								
		SDGSFFLYSK LTVDKSRWQQ GNVFSCSVMH EALHNHYTQK								
		SLSLSPGK								
TALL-1-8-	112	MWGACWPFPW ECFKEGGGGG VDKTHTCPPC PAPELLGGPS								
2-a		VFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYV								
- 4		DGVEVHNAKT KPREEQYNST YRVVSVLTVL HODWLNGKEY								
1		KCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKA KGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELT								
		KNQVSLTCLV KGFYPSDIAV EWESNGOPEN NYKTTPPVLD								
		SDGSFFLYSK LTVDKSRWQQ GNVFSCSVMH EALHNHYTQK								
		SLSLSPGK								
TALL-1-8-	113	MVPFCDLLTK HCFEAGGGGG VDKTHTCPPC PAPELLGGPS								
4-a		VFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYV								
7 4		DGVEVHNAKT KPREEQYNST YRVVSVLTVL HQDWLNGKEY								
		KCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKA KGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELT								
		KNQVSLTCLV KGFYPSDIAV EWESNGQPEN NYKTTPPVLD								
		SDGSFFLYSK LTVDKSRWOO GNVFSCSVMH EALHNHYTOK								
		SLSLSPGK								
TALL-1-12-	114	MGSRCKYKWD VLTKOCFHHG GGGGVDKTHT CPPCPAPELL								
4-a		GGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVD VSHEDPEVKF								
۱ ۳ ۵		NWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQ YNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLN								
		GKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKT ISKAKGOPRE POVYTLPPSR								
		DELTKNOVSL TCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNG OPENNYKTTP								
		PVLDSDGSFF LYSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSC SVMHEALHNH								
		YTQKSLSLSP GK								
TALL-1-12-	115	MLPGCKWDLL IKQWVCDPLG GGGGVDKTHT CPPCPAPELL								
3-a		GGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVD VSHEDPEVKF								
" "		NWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQ YNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLN								
{		GKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKT ISKAKGQPRE PQVYTLPPSR								
		DELTKNQVSL TCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNG QPENNYKTTP								
		PVLDSDGSFF LYSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSC SVMHEALHNH								
		YTOKSLSLSP GK								
TALL-1-12-	116	MSADCYFDIL TKSDVCTSSG GGGG VDKTHT CPPCPAPELL								
5-a		GGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVD VSHEDPEVKF								
" "		NWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQ YNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLN								
		GKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKT ISKAKGQPRE PQVYTLPPSR								
		DELTKNOVSL TCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNG QPENNYKTTP								
		PVLDSDGSFF LYSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSC SVMHEALHNH								
		YTQKSLSLSP GK								
TALL-1-12-	117	MSDDCMYDQL TRMFICSNLG GGGGVDKTHT CPPCPAPELL								
8-a		GGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVD VSHEDPEVKF								
~ ~		NWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQ YNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLN								
ļ		GKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKT ISKAKGQPRE PQVYTLPPSR								
		DELTKNOVSL TCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNG QPENNYKTTP								

		PVLDSDGSFF	LYSKLTVDKS	RWQQGNVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
		YTQKSLSLSP		~~	
TALL-1-12-	118	MDLNCKYDEL	TYKEWCOFNG	GGGGVDKTHT	CPPCPAPELL
9-a		GGPSVFLFPP	KPKDTLMISR	TPEVTCVVVD	VSHEDPEVKF
-				YNSTYRVVSV	
		GKEYKCKVSN	KALPAPIEKT	ISKAKGQPRE	PQVYTLPPSR
		DELTKNQVSL	TCLVKGFYPS	DIAVEWESNG	QPENNYKTTP
		PVLDSDGSFF	LYSKLTVDKS	RWQQGNVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
		YTOKSLSLSP			
TALL-1-12-	119	MFHDCKYDLL	TROMVCHGLG	GGGGVDKTHT	CPPCPAPELL
10-a				TPEVTCVVVD	
				YNSTYRVVSV	
		GKEYKCKVSN	KALPAPIEKT	ISKAKGQPRE	PQVYTLPPSR
				DIAVEWESNG	
				RWQQGNVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
		YTQKSLSLSP			
TALL-1-12-	120	MRNHCFWDHL	LKQDICPSPG	GGGGVDKTHT	CPPCPAPELL
11-a		GGPSVFLFPP	KPKDTLMISR	TPEVTCVVVD	VSHEDPEVKF
l		NWYVDGVEVH	NAKTKPREEQ	YNSTYRVVSV	LTVLHQDWLN
				ISKAKGQPRE	
				DIAVEWESNG	
				RWQQGNVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
TALL 4 40	101	YTOKSLSLSP			
TALL-1-12-	121			GGGGVDKTHT	
14-a				TPEVTCVVVD	
				YNSTYRVVSV	
1		DELEGATION	WOT ANCEADO	ISKAKGQPRE DIAVEWESNG	ODENDRUMEN
		DETIVING A SP	ICTAVGLIED	RWQQGNVFSC	OPENNIKTTP
ì		YTOKSLSLSP		KWQQGIVYF SC	SVIMEALAINA
TALL-1-	122			GGGGVDKTHT	CDDCDADELI
1	122			TPEVTCVVVD	
consensus				YNSTYRVVSV	
				ISKAKGOPRE	
				DIAVEWESNG	
				RWQQGNVFSC	
		YTQKSLSLSP		1	O 11
TALL-1 12-	123			SGSATGGSGS	TASSGSGSAT
3 tandem			~	GGGGGVDKTH	
dimer		LGGPSVFLFP	PKPKDTLMIS	RTPEVTCVVV	DVSHEDPEVK
dirilei				QYNSTYRVVS	
				TISKAKGOPR	
		RDELTKNQVS	LTCLVKGFYP	SDIAVEWESN	GQPENNYKTT
		PPVLDSDGSF	FLYSKLTVDK	SRWQQGNVFS	CSVMHEALHN
	_	HYTOKSLSLS	PGK		
TALL-1	124			SGSATGGSGS	
consensus				GGGGGVDKTH	
tandem				RTPEVTCVVV	
dimer				QYNSTYRVVS	
3.11101				TISKAKGQPR	
				SDIAVEWESN	
	1			SRWQQGNVFS	CSVMHEALHN
L	<u> </u>	HYTOKSLSLS	PGK		

Table 6. Sequences of oligonucleotides used in peptibody construction.

Olica	SEQ	Sagranas
Oligo-	SEQ	Sequence
nucleotide	ID NO	
ID		
number		
2517-24	71	TAT GCC GGG TAC TTG TTT CCC GTT CCC GTG GGA ATG CAC
		TCA CGC TGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-25	72	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCT GGA GCG TGA GTG CAT TCC CAC
		GGG AAG CCG AAA CAA GTA CCC GGC A
2517-26	73	TAT GTG GGG TGC TTG TTG GCC GTT CCC GTG GGA ATG TTT
		CAA AGA AGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-27	74	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCT TCT TTG AAA CAT TCC
		CACGGG AAC GGC CAA CAAGCA CCC CAC A
2517-28	75	TAT GGT TCC GTT CTG TGA CCT GCT GAC TAA ACA CTG TTT
		CGA AGC TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-29	76	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCA GCT TCG AAA CAG TGT TTA
		GTC AGC AGG TCA CAGAAC GGA ACC A
2517-30	77	TAT GGG TTC TCG TTG TAA ATA CAA ATG GGA CGT TCT GAC
		TAA ACA GTG TTT CCA CCA CGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-31	78	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCG TGG TGG AAA CAC TGT TTA
		GTC AGA ACG TCC CAT TTG TAT TTA CAA CGA GAA CCC A
2517-32	79	TAT GCT GCC GGG TTG TAA ATG GGA CCT GCT GAT CAA ACA
		GTG GGT TTG TGA CCC GCT GGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-33	80	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCC AGC GGG TCA CAA ACC CAC
]		TGT TTG ATC AGC AGG TCC CAT TTA CAA CCC GGC AGC A
2517-34	81	TAT GTC TGC TGA CTG TTA CTT CGA CAT CCT GAC TAA ATC
		TGA CGT TTG TAC TTC TTG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-35	82	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCA GAA GAA GTA CAA ACG TCA
		GAT TTA GTC AGG ATG TCG AAG TAA CAG TCA GCA GAC A
2517-36	83	TAT GTC TGA CGA CTG TAT GTA CGA CCA GCT GAC TCG TAT
		GTT CAT CTG TTC TAA CCT GGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-37	84	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCC AGG TTA GAA CAG ATG AAC
		ATA CGA GTC AGC TGG TCG TAC ATA CAG TCG TCA GAC A
2521-92	85	TAT GGA CCT GAA CTG TAA ATA CGA CGA ACT GAC TTA CAA
		AGA ATG GTG TCA GTT CAA CGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
25221-93	86	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCG TTG AAC TGA CAC CAT TCT
		TTG TAA GTC AGTTCG TCG TAT TTA CAG TTC AGG TCC A
2521-94	87	TAT GTT CCA CGA CTG TAA ATA CGA CCT GCT GAC TCG TCA
		GAT GGT TTG TCA CGG TCT GGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2521-95	88	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCC AGA CCG TGA CAA ACC ATC
		TGA CGA GTC AGC AGG TCG TAT TTA CAG TCG TGG AAC A
2521-96	89	TAT GCG TAA CCA CTG TTT CTG GGA CCA CCT GCT GAA ACA
		The second secon

		GGA	CAT	CTG	TCC	GTC	TCC	GGG	TGG	AGG	CGG	TGG	GG	
2521-97	90	TCG	ACC	CCA	CCG	CCT	CCA	CCC	GGA	GAC	GGA	CAG	ATG	TCC
		TGT	TTC	AGC	AGG	TGG	TCC	CAG	AAA	CAG	TGG	TTA	CGC	A
2521-98	91	TAT	GGC	TAA	CCA	GTG	TTG	GTG	GGA	CTC	TCT	GCT	GAA	AAA
		AAA	CGT	TTG	TGA	ATT	CTT	CGG	TGG	AGG	CGG	TGG	GG	
2521-99	92	TCG	ACC	CCA	CCG	CCT	CCA	CCG	AAG	AAT	TCA	CAA	ACG	TTT
•		TTT	TTC	AGC	AGA	GAG	TCC	CAC	CAA	CAC	TGG	TTA	GCC	Ą
2551-48	93	TAT	GTT	CCA	CGA	CTG	CAA	ATG	GGA	CCT	GCT	GAC	CAA	ACA
		GTG	GGT	TTG	CCA	CGG	TCT	GGG	TGG	AGG	CGG	TGG	GG	
2551-49	94	TCG	ACC	CCA	CCG	CCT	CCA	CCC	AGA	CCG	TGG	CAA	ACC	CAC
		TGT	TTG	GTC	AGC	AGG	TCC	CAT	TTG	CAG	TCG	TGG	AAC	A

## pAMG21-RANK-Fc vector

pAMG21. The expression plasmid pAMG21 (ATCC accession no. 98113) can be derived from the Amgen expression vector pCFM1656 (ATCC #69576) which in turn be derived from the Amgen expression vector system described in US Patent No. 4,710,473. The pCFM1656 plasmid can be derived from the described pCFM836 plasmid (U.S. Patent No. 4,710,473) by:

- destroying the two endogenous NdeI restriction sites by end filling with
   T4 polymerase enzyme followed by blunt end ligation;
- replacing the DNA sequence between the unique <u>Aat</u>II and <u>Cla</u>I restriction sites containing the synthetic P<sub>L</sub> promoter with a similar fragment obtained from pCFM636 (patent No. 4,710,473) containing the P<sub>L</sub> promoter (see SEQ ID NO: 95 below); and
  - substituting the small DNA sequence between the unique <u>ClaI</u> and <u>KpnI</u> restriction sites with the oligonucleotide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 96.

**SEQ ID NO: 95:** 

#### <u>Aat</u>II

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- - -AAAAAACATACAGATAACCATCTGCGGTGATAAATTATCTCTGGCGGTGTTGACATAAA-TTTTTTGTATGTCTATTGGTAGACGCCACTATTTAATAGAGACCGCCACAACTGTATTT-
- 25 -TACCACTGGCGGTGATACTGAGCACAT 3'
  -ATGGTGACCGCCACTATGACTCGTGTAGC 5'
  Clai

**SEQ ID NO: 96:** 

- 5' CGATTTGATTCTAGAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGTTAACGCGTTGGAATTCGGTAC 3'
- 3' TAAACTAAGATCTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCAATTGCGCAACCTTAAGC 5' ClaI KpnI

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shown in Table 7 below.

The expression plasmid pAMG21 can then be derived from pCFM1656 by making a series of site-directed base changes by PCR overlapping oligonucleotide mutagenesis and DNA sequence substitutions. Starting with the  $\underline{BgIII}$  site (plasmid bp # 180) immediately 5' to the plasmid replication promoter  $\underline{P_{CODB}}$  and proceeding toward the plasmid replication genes, the base pair changes are as

Table 7—Base pair changes resulting in pAMG21

	pAMG21 bp #	bp in pCFM1656	bp changed to in pAMG21
15			
	# 204	T/A	C/G
	# 428	A/T	G/C
	# 509	G/C	A/T
	# 617	• •	insert two G/C bp
20	# 679	G/C	T/A
	# 980	T/A	C/G
	# 994	G/C	A/T
	# 1004	A/T	C/G ,
	# 1007	C/G	T/A
25	# 1028	A/T	T/A
	# 1047	C/G	T/A
	# 1178	G/C	T/A
	# 1466	G/C	T/A
	# 2028	G/C	bp deletion
30	# 2187	C/G	T/A
	# 2480	A/T	T/A
	# 2499-2502	<u>AGTG</u>	<u>GTCA</u>
25		TCAC	CAGT
35	# 2642	TCCGAGC AGGCTCG	7 bp deletion
	# 3435	G/C	A/T
40	# 3446	G/C	A/T
	# 3643	A/T	T/A

The DNA sequence between the unique <u>Aat</u>II (position #4364 in pCFM1656) and <u>Sac</u>II (position #4585 in pCFM1656) restriction sites is substituted with the DNA sequence below (SEQ ID NO: 97):.

	[ <u>AatII</u> sticky end] (position #4358 in	pAMG21)		TAACGTATGCAT ATTGCATACGT	
5	-CCATGCGAGAGTAGGGAA -GGTACGCTCTCATCCCTT				
	-GGGCCTTTCGTTTTATCT -CCCGGAAAGCAAAATAGA				
10	-CGGGAGCGGATTTGAACG -GCCCTCGCCTAAACTTGC				
15	-CATAAACTGCCAGGCATC -GTATTTGACGGTCCGTAG				
	-TTCTACAAACTCTTTTGT -AAGATGTTTGAGAAAACA				
20	-TTTTAAAGTATGGGCAAT -AAAATTTCATACCCGTTA				
25	-GGTTTGTTGTATTGAGTT -CCAAACAACATAACTCAA				
	-TACAGCCTAATATTTTTC -ATGTCGGATTATAAAAAC				
30	-ATTCTTTTTCTCTTTTGG -TAAGAAAAAGAGAAAACC				
	-GATAATTATCAACTAGAG -CTATTAATAGTTGATCTC				
35	-AACTATCTATATAGTTGT -TTGATAGATATATCAACA				
40	-TAGCAGTATGAATAGGGA -ATCGTCATACTTATCCCT				
	-TTACATTTGGAGATTTTT -AATGTAAACCTCTAAAAA				
45	-AATGATTGGAGTTAGAAT -TTACTAACCTCAATCTTA		<del>-</del>		
	-AATATTGCCTCCATTTTT -TTATAACGGAGGTAAAAA				
50	-AATGAGGATAAATGATCG -TTACTCCTATTTACTAGC				
55	-ATAAGCATTGATTAATAT -TATTCGTAACTAATTATA				
	-AAGTGTCGTCGGCATTTA -TTCACAGCAGCCGTAAAT				
50	-GCAAGTTTTGCGTGTTAT -CGTTCAAAACGCACAATA				
	-ATTGGATTTTTGTCACAC				

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-TAGGATCGTACAGGTTTACGCAAGAAAATGGTTTGTTATAGTCGATTAATCGATTTGATT
-ATCCTAGCATGTCCAAATGCGTTCTTTTACCAAACAATATCAGCTAATTAGCTAAACTAA-

-CTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGTTAACGCGTTGGAATTCGA-
-GATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCAATTGCGCAACCTTAAGCT-

-GCTCACTAGTGTCGACCTGCAGGGTACCATGGAAGCTTACTCGAGGATCCGCGGAAAGAA-
-CGAGTGATCACAGCTGGACGTCCCATGGTACCTTCGAATGAGCTCCTAGGCGCCTTTCTT-

10

-GAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGCCCGAAAGGAAGCTGAGTTGGCTGCCACCGCTGAGCAATA-
-CTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCGGCCTTTCCTTCGACTCAACCGACGACGGTGGCGACTCGTTAT-

-ACTAGCATAACCCCTTGGGGCCTCTAAACGGGTCTTGAGGGGTTTTTTGCTGAAAGGAGG-
-TGATCGTATTGGGGAACCCCGGAGATTTGCCCAGAACTCCCCAAAAAAACGACTTTCCTCC-

-AACCGCTCTTCACGCTCTTCACGC 3' [Sacli sticky end]
```

-TTGGCGAGAAGTGCGAGAAGTG

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During the ligation of the sticky ends of this substitution DNA sequence, the outside <u>AatII</u> and <u>SacII</u> sites are destroyed. There are unique <u>AatII</u> and <u>SacII</u> sites in the substituted DNA.

(position #5904 in pAMG21)

A gene encoding human RANK fused to the N-terminus of Fc was ligated into pAMG21 as an NdeI to BamHI fragment to generate Amgen Strain #4125. This construct was modified to insert a valine codon at the junction of RANK and Fc. The adjacent valine and aspartate codons create a unique SalI site. This allows for the fusion of peptides at the N-terminus of Fc3 between the unique NdeI and SalI sites. The RANK sequence is deleted upon insertion of a new NdeI-SalI fragment. The sequence of the vector is given in Figure 5A through 5M.

GM221 (Amgen #2596). The Amgen host strain #2596 is an <u>E. coli</u> K-12 strain derived from Amgen strain #393, which is a derivative of <u>E. coli</u> W1485, obtained from the <u>E. coli</u> Genetic Stock Center, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut (CGSC strain 6159). It has been modified to contain both the temperature sensitive lambda repressor cI857s7 in the early <u>ebg</u> region and the lacI<sup>Q</sup> repressor in the late <u>ebg</u> region (68 minutes). The presence of these two repressor genes allows the use of this host with a variety of expression systems, however both of these repressors are irrelevant to the expression from luxP<sub>R</sub>. The untransformed host has no antibiotic resistances.

The ribosome binding site of the cI857s7 gene has been modified to include an enhanced RBS. It has been inserted into the ebg operon between

nucleotide position 1170 and 1411 as numbered in Genbank accession number M64441Gb\_Ba with deletion of the intervening ebg sequence. The sequence of the insert is shown below with lower case letters representing the ebg sequences flanking the insert shown below (SEQ ID NO: 98):

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The construct was delivered to the chromosome using a recombinant phage called MMebg-cI857s7enhanced RBS #4 into F'tet/393. After recombination and resolution only the chromosomal insert described above remains in the cell. It was renamed F'tet/GM101. F'tet/GM101 was then modified by the delivery of a lacI<sup>Q</sup> construct into the ebg operon between nucleotide position 2493 and 2937 as numbered in the Genbank accession number M64441Gb\_Ba with the deletion of the intervening ebg sequence. The sequence of the insert is shown below with the lower case letters representing the ebg sequences flanking the insert (SEQ ID NO: 99) shown below:

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ggcggaaaccGACGTCCATCGAATGGTGCAAAACCTTTCGCGGTATGGCATGATAGCGCCCGGAAGA GAGTCAATTCAGGGTGGTGAATGTGAAACCAGTAACGTTATACGATGTCGCAGAGTATGCCGGT AAAAAGTCGAAGCGGCGATGGCGGAGCTGAATTACATTCCCAACCGCGTGGCACAACAACTGG CGGGCAAACAGTCGCTCCTGATTGGCGTTGCCACCTCCAGTCTGGCCCTGCACGCGCCGTCGCA AATTGTCGCGCGATTAAATCTCGCGCCGATCAACTGGGTGCCAGCGTGGTGGTGTCGATGGTA GAACGAAGCGCGTCGAAGCCTGTAAAGCGGCGGTGCACAATCTTCTCGCGCAACGCGTCAGTG TGTTCCGGCGTTATTTCTTGATGTCTCTGACCAGACACCCATCAACAGTATTATTTTCTCCCATGA AGACGGTACGCGACTGGGCGTGGAGCATCTGGTCGCATTGGGTCACCAGCAAATCGCGCTGTTA CAATCAAATTCAGCCGATAGCGGAACGGGAAGGCGACTGGAGTGCCATGTCCGGTTTTCAACAA ACCATGCAAATGCTGAATGAGGGCATCGTTCCCACTGCGATGCTGGTTGCCAACGATCAGATGG CGCTGGGCGCAATGCGCGCATTACCGAGTCCGGGCTGCGCGTTGGTGCGGATATCTCGGTAGT GGGATACGACGATACCGAAGACAGCTCATGTTATATCCCGCCGTTAACCACCATCAAACAGGAT TTTCGCCTGCTGGGCCAACCAGCGTGGACCGCTTGCTGCAACTCTCTCAGGGCCAGGCGGTGA

AGGGCAATCAGCTGTTGCCCGTCTCACTGGTGAAAAGAAAACCACCCTGGCGCCCAATACGCA AACCGCCTCTCCCCGCGCGTTGGCCGATTCATTAATGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGTTTCCCGACTGG AAAGCGGACAGTAAGGTACCATAGGATCCaggcacagga

The construct was delivered to the chromosome using a recombinant phage called AGebg-LacIQ#5 into F'tet/GM101. After recombination and resolution only the chromosomal insert described above remains in the cell. It was renamed F'tet/GM221. The F'tet episome was cured from the strain using acridine orange at a concentration of 25  $\mu$ g/ml in LB. The cured strain was identified as tetracyline sensitive and was stored as GM221.

Expression in E. coli. Cultures of each of the pAMG21-Fc-fusion constructs in E. coli GM221 were grown at 37 °C in Luria Broth medium. Induction of gene product expression from the luxPR promoter was achieved following the addition of the synthetic autoinducer N-(3-oxohexanoyl)-DL-homoserine lactone to the culture media to a final concentration of 20 ng/ml. Cultures were incubated at 37 °C for a further 3 hours. After 3 hours, the bacterial cultures were examined by microscopy for the presence of inclusion bodies and were then collected by centrifugation. Refractile inclusion bodies were observed in induced cultures indicating that the Fc-fusions were most likely produced in the insoluble fraction in E. coli. Cell pellets were lysed directly by resuspension in Laemmli sample buffer containing 10%  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol and were analyzed by SDS-PAGE. In each case, an intense Coomassie-stained band of the appropriate molecular weight was observed on an SDS-PAGE gel.

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#### **EXAMPLE 3**

#### TALL-1 peptibody inhibits TALL-1 mediated B cell proliferation

Mouse B lymphocytes were isolated from C57BL/6 spleens by negative selection. (MACS CD43 (Ly-48) Microbeads, Miltenyi Biotech, Auburn, CA). Purified (10<sup>5</sup>) B cells were cultured in MEM, 10% heat inactivated FCS, 5x10<sup>-5</sup>M 2-mercaptoethanol, 100 U/ml penicillin, 100 μg/ml streptomycin) in triplicate in 96-well flat bottom tissue culture plates with 10 ng/ml TALL-1 protein and 2 μg/ml of Goat F(ab')<sub>2</sub> anti-mouse IgM (Jackson ImmunoResearch Laboratory,

West Grove, Pennsylvania) with the indicated amount of recombinant TALL-1 peptibody for a period of 4 days at 37 °C, 5%CO<sub>2</sub>. Proliferation was measured by the uptake of radioactive <sup>3</sup>[H] thymidine after an 18-hour incubation period.

#### **EXAMPLE 4**

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# TALL-1 peptibody blocks TALL-1 binding to its receptors

Reacti-Gel 6x (Pierce) were pre-coated with human AGP3 (also known as TALL-1, Khare et al., <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.</u> 97:3370-3375, 2000) and blocked with BSA. 100 pM and 40 pM of AGP3 peptibody samples were incubated with indicated various concentrations of human AGP3 at room temperature for 8 hours before run through the human AGP3-coated beads. The amount of the beadbound peptibody was quantified by fluorescent (Cy5) labeled goat anti-human-Fc antibody (Jackson Immuno Research). The binding signal is proportional to the concentration of free peptibody at binding equilibrium. Dissociation equilibrium constant (K<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from nonlinear regression of the competition curves using a dual-curve one-site homogeneous binding model (KinEx<sup>TM</sup> software). K<sub>D</sub> is about 4 pM for AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) binding with human AGP3 (Figure 10).

To determine if this AGP3 peptibody can neutralize murine AGP3 binding as well as human AGP3, a BIAcore neutralizing assay was utilized. All experiments were performed on a BIAcore 3000 at room temperature. Human TACI-Fc protein (Xia et al, <u>J. Exp. Med.</u> 192, 137-144, 2000) was immobilized to a B1 chip using 10 mM Acetate pH 4.0 to a level of 2900RU. A blank flow cell was used as a background control. Using a running buffer of PBS (without calcium or magnesium) containing 0.005% P20, 1 nM recombinant human AGP3 (in running buffer plus, 0.1 mg/ml BSA) was incubated without and with indicated various amount of AGP3 peptibody (x axis) before injected over the surface of the receptor. Regeneration was performed using 8 mM glycine pH 1.5 for 1 minute, 25 mM 3-[cyclohexylamino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (CAPS) pH 10.5, 1 M NaCl for 1 minute. For determination of murine AGP3 binding, human his-tagged

TACI was immobilized to 1000 RU in the above buffer. 5 nM recombinant murine AGP3 (in running buffer plus, 0.1 mg/ml BSA) was incubated without and with the various amounts indicated in Figure 11 of AGP3 peptibody (x axis) before injected over the surface of the receptor. Regeneration was performed with 10 mM HCl pH2, twice for 30 seconds. Relative binding of both human and murine AGP3 at presence vs absence of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) was measured (y axis). Relative binding response was determined as (RU-RU blank/RUo-RU blank). The AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) inhibited both human and murine AGP3 binding to its receptor TACI (Figures 11A and 11B).

To examine if this AGP3 peptibody blocks AGP3 binding to all three receptors (TACI, BCMA and BAFFR), recombinant soluble receptor TACI, BCMA and BAFFR proteins were immobilized to CM5 chip. Using 10 mM acetate, pH4, human TACI-Fc was immobilized to 6300 RU, human BCMA-Fc to 5000 RU, and BAFFR-Fc to 6000 RU. 1 nM of recombinant human AGP3 (in running buffer containing 0.1 mg/ml BSA and 0.1 mg/ml Heparin) or 1 nM recombinant APRIL protein (Yu, et al., Nat. Immunol., 1:252-256, 2000) were incubated with indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody before injection over each receptor surface. Regeneration for the AGP3 experiment was done with 8 mM glycine, pH 1.5, for 1 minute, followed by 25 mM CAPS, pH 10.5, 1M NaCl for 1 minute. Regeneration for the APRIL experiment was performed with 8 mM glycine, pH 2, for one minute, followed by 25 mM CAPS, pH 10.5, 1 M NaCl for one minute. Relative binding of AGP3 or APRIL was measured. AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) blocked AGP3 binding to all three receptors (Figure 12A). AGP3 peptibody didn't affect APRIL binding to the receptors (Figure 12B).

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# EXAMPLE 5 AGP3 peptibody blocks AGP3 mediated B cell proliferation

Mouse B lymphocytes were isolated from C57BL/6 spleens by negative selection. (MACS CD43 (Ly-48) Microbeads, Miltenyi Biotech, Auburn, CA).

Purified (10<sup>5</sup>) B cells were cultured in minimal essential medium (MEM), 10% heat inactivated fetal calf serum (FCS), 5x10<sup>-5</sup> M 2-mercaptoethanol, 100 U/ml penicillin, 100 μg/ml streptomycin) in triplicate in 96-well flat bottom tissue culture plates with 10 ng/ml AGP3 (TALL-1) protein and 2 μg/ml of Goat F(ab')<sub>2</sub> anti-mouse IgM (Jackson ImmunoResearch Laboratory, West Grove, Pennsylvania) with the indicated amount of recombinant AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) for a period of 4 days at 37 °C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. Proliferation was measured by the uptake of radioactive <sup>3</sup>[H] thymidine after an 18-hour incubation period.

#### **EXAMPLE 6**

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## AGP3 peptibody on AGP3-stimulated Ig production in mice

Mice (Balb/c females of 9-14 weeks of age and 19-21 g of weight) were purchased from Charles River Laboratories, Wilmington, MA. Mice (n = 10) were treated i.p. with 1 mg/Kg of human AGP3 once a day for five consecutive days followed by 5 mg/Kg or 0.5 mg/Kg of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) or by saline or by 5 mg/Kg of human Fc. Other mice were left untreated. Mice were sacrificed on the sixth day to measure serum IgM and IgA, which were measured by ELISA. Briefly, plates were coated with capture antibodies specific for IgM or IgA (Southern Biotechnology Associates, Birmingham, AL), blocked, and added with dilutions of standard (IgM from Calbiochem, San Diego, CA and IgA from Southern Biotechnology Associates) or test samples. Captured Ig were revealed using biotinylated antibodies specific for IgM or IgA (Southern Biotechnology Associates), neutravidin-conjugated peroxidase (Pierce, Rockford, IL), and tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) microwell peroxidase substrate (KPL, Gaithersburg, MD). Optical densities were quantitated in a Thermomax ELISA reader (Molecular Devices, Menlo Park, CA).

Human AGP3-stimulated increase in serum levels of IgM and IgA was blocked by 5 mg/Kg of the anti-AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) and not by 0.5 mg/Kg (Figures 14A and 14B).

#### EXAMPLE 7

## AGP3 peptibody reduced spleen B cell number in mice

Mice (as above, n = 7) were treated i.p. for seven consecutive days with 5 mg/Kg or 1.5 mg/Kg or 0.5 mg/Kg of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) or with saline or with 5 mg/Kg of human Fc. Mice were sacrificed on the eighth day to count spleen B cell number. Spleens were collected in saline and gently disrupted by manual homogenization to yield a cell suspension. The total cell number was obtained with a H1E counter (Technicon, Tarrytown, NY). Percentages of B cells were derived by immunofluorescence double staining and flow cytometry using fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC)-conjugated and phycoerythrin (PE)-conjugated Ab against CD3 and B220, respectively (PharMingen, San Diego, CA) and a FACScan analyser (Becton and Dickinson, Mountain View, CA). B cells were identified for being CD3-B220+. At all doses, the AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) decreased spleen B cell number in a dose-response fashion (Figure 14) (SEQ ID NO: 123).

#### **EXAMPLE 8**

#### AGP3 peptibody reduced arthritis severity in mouse CIA model

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Eight to 12 week old DBA/1 mice (obtained from Jackson Laboratories, Bar Harbor, ME) were immunized with bovine collagen type II (bCII) (purchased from University of Utah), emulsified in complete Freunds adjuvant (Difco) intradermally at the base of tail. Each injection was 100 μl containing 100 μg of bCII. Mice were boosted 3 weeks after the initial immunization with bCII emulsified in incomplete Freunds adjuvant. Treatment was begun from the day of booster immunization for 4 weeks. Mice were examined for the development of arthritis. As described before (Khare et al., J. Immunol. 155: 3653-9, 1995), all four paws were individually scored from 0-3. Therefore arthritis severity could vary from 0 to 12 for each animal. AGP3 (SEQ ID NO: 123) peptibody treatment significantly reduced the severity of arthritic scores (Figure 15).

Serum samples were taken one week after final treatment (day 35) for the analysis of anti-collagen antibody level. High binding ELISA plates (Immulon, Nunc) were coated with 50 µl of 4 µg/ml solution of bovine CII in carbonate buffer and plated were kept in cold overnight in the refrigerator. Plates were washed three times with cold water. 75 µl of blocking solution made up of PBS/.05% tween 20/1% BSA was used to block non-specific binding for an hour. Samples were diluted (in blocking buffer) in dilution plates at 1:25, 1:100, 1:400, and 1:1600 and 25 µl of these samples were added to each well of the ELISA plate for a final dilution of 100, 400, 1600, and 6400 with a final volume of 100 µl/well. After incubation at room temperature for 3 hours, plates were washed three times again. 100 µl of secondary antibody diluted in blocking buffer (rat anti-mouse IgM, IgG2a, IgG2b, IgG1, IgG3-HRP) was added to each well and plates were incubated for at least 2 hours. Plates were washed four times. 100 µl of TMB solution (Sigma) was added to each well and the reaction was stopped using 50 µl of 25% sulfuric acid. Plates were read using an ELISA plate reader at 450 nm. OD was compared with a standard pool representing units/ml. AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) treatment reduced serum anti-collagen II IgG1, IgG3, IgG2a, and IgG2b levels compared to PBS or Fc control treatment groups (Figure 16).

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# **EXAMPLE 9**

#### Treatment of AGP3 peptibody in NZB/NZW lupus mice

Five month old lupus prone NZBx NZBWF1 mice were treated i.p. 3X/week for 8 weeks with PBS or indicated doses of AGP3 peptibody or human Fc proteins. Prior to the treatment, animals were pre-screened for protein in the urine with Albustix reagents strips (Bayer AG). Mice having greater than 100 mg/dl of protein in the urine were not included in the study. Protein in the urine was evaluated monthly throughout the life of the experiment. AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) treatment led to delay of proteinuria onset and improved survival (Figure 17).

AGP3 peptibody treatment reduced B cell number in mice. Balb/c mice received 7 daily intraperitoneal injections of indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) or human Fc protein. On day 8, spleens were collected, and subject to FACS analysis for B220+ B cells as set for in Table 8.

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Table 8

AGP3 Pb Reduces B Cell Number in Normal Mice

n=7	dose (1/dayx7)	spleen B cell (1x10e6)	SD	t test
saline		51.3	9.6	
Fc	5mg/Kg	45.5	7.1	
Peptibody	5mg/Kg	20.1	3.8	1.37856E-05
	1.5mg/Kg	22.6	6.9	5.10194E-05
	0.5mg/Kg	25.8	3.6	0.000111409

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\* \* \*

The invention now being fully described, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that many changes and modifications can be made thereto, without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth herein.

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#### What is claimed is:

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1. A TALL-1-binding composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence Dz<sup>2</sup>Lz<sup>4</sup>, wherein z<sup>2</sup> is an amino acid residue and z<sup>4</sup> is T or I, and wherein the composition of matter does not comprise a fragment of TACI, BCMA, or BAFFR (SEQ ID NOS: 195, 196, and 197).

- 2. The composition of matter of Claim 1, wherein z<sup>4</sup> is T.
- 3. A TALL-1-binding composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence Dz<sup>2</sup>LI, wherein z<sup>2</sup> is an amino acid residue.
- 10 4. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

wherein:

15 a<sup>1</sup>, a<sup>2</sup>, a<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

a<sup>6</sup> is an amino acid residue;

a<sup>8</sup> is T or I;

a9 is a basic or hydrophobic residue;

a<sup>12</sup> is a neutral polar residue; and

a<sup>13</sup> and a<sup>14</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

- 5. The composition of matter of Claim 4 wherein a<sup>8</sup> is T and a<sup>9</sup> is a basic residue.
- 6. The composition of matter of Claim 4 wherein a is K and a is F.
- 7. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acidsequence of the formula

wherein:

 $b^1$  and  $b^2$  are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

30 b³ is an acidic or amide residue;

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b<sup>5</sup> is an amino acid residue;
               b6 is an aromatic residue;
               b<sup>8</sup> is an amino acid residue;
               b<sup>10</sup> is T or I:
               b<sup>11</sup> is a basic residue;
 5
               b12 and b13 are each independently amino acid residues;
               b14 is a neutral polar residue; and
               b<sup>16</sup>, b<sup>17</sup>, and b<sup>18</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid
           residues.
      8. The composition of matter of Claim 7 wherein:
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               b<sup>3</sup> is D, Q, or E;
               b<sup>6</sup> is W or Y;
               b<sup>10</sup> is T;
               b11 is K or R; and
               b<sup>14</sup> is V or L.
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      9. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid
           sequence of the formula
                                   c^{1}c^{2}c^{3}Cc^{5}Dc^{7}L c^{9}c^{10}c^{11}c^{12}c^{13}c^{14}Cc^{16}c^{17}c^{18}
                                             (SEQ. ID. NO: 105)
           wherein:
20
               c1, c2, and c3 are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
               c<sup>5</sup> is an amino acid residue;
               c<sup>7</sup> is an amino acid residue;
               c° is T or I:
               c<sup>10</sup> is a basic residue;
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               c11 and c12 are each independently amino acid residues;
               c<sup>13</sup> is a neutral polar residue;
               c14 is an amino acid residue;
               c16 is an amino acid residue;
               c17 is a neutral polar residue; and
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c18 is an amino acid residue or is absent.

10. The composition of matter of Claim 9 wherein:

c10 is K or R;

5  $c^{13}$  is a I, L, or V; and

c17 is A or L.

11. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

$$d^{1}d^{2}d^{3}Cd^{5}d^{6}d^{7}WDd^{10}Ld^{12}d^{13}d^{14}Cd^{15}d^{16}d^{17}$$

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(SEQ. ID. NO: 106)

wherein:

d¹, d², and d³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

d<sup>5</sup>, d<sup>6</sup>, and d<sup>7</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;

d10 is an amino acid residue;

 $d^{13}$  is T or I;

d14 is an amino acid residue; and

d<sup>16</sup>, d<sup>17</sup>, and d<sup>18</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

12. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

wherein:

e<sup>1</sup>, e<sup>2</sup>, and e<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

e<sup>5</sup>, e<sup>6</sup>, e<sup>7</sup>, e<sup>9</sup>, and e<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;

 $e^n$  is T or I; and

e<sup>15</sup>, e<sup>16</sup>, and e<sup>17</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

13. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

f'f'f'Kf'Df'Lf'f<sup>10</sup>Qf<sup>12</sup>f<sup>13</sup>f<sup>14</sup> (SEQ ID NO: 109)

5 wherein:

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f<sup>1</sup>, f<sup>2</sup>, and f<sup>3</sup> are absent or are amino acid residues;

f is W, Y, or F;

f' is an amino acid residue;

f' is T or I;

10  $f^{10}$  is K, R, or H;

 $f^{12}$  is C, a neutral polar residue, or a basic residue (W, C, or R preferred);

 $f^{\mbox{\tiny 13}}$  is C, a neutral polar residue or is absent; and

f14 is any amino acid residue or is absent;

- provided that only one of  $f^1$ ,  $f^2$ , and  $f^3$  may be C, and only one of  $f^{12}$ ,  $f^{13}$ , and  $f^{14}$  may be C.
  - 14. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f is W.
  - 15. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f' is L.
  - 16. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f' is T.
- 17. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein  $f^{10}$  is K.
  - 18. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein  $f^{12}$  is C and one of  $f^1$ ,  $f^2$ , and  $f^3$  is C.
  - 19. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f<sup>13</sup> is V.
  - 20. The composition of matter of Claim 13 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

f<sup>1</sup>f<sup>2</sup>f<sup>2</sup>KWDf<sup>2</sup>Lf<sup>2</sup>KQf<sup>12</sup>f<sup>13</sup>f<sup>14</sup> (SEQ ID NO: 125).

21. The composition of matter of Claim 20 comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 32, 33, 58,

60, 63, 66, 67, 69, 114, 115, 122, 123, 124, 147-150, 152-177, 179, 180, and 187.

22. The composition of matter of Claim 20 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

# LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL (SEQ ID NO: 33).

23. A composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

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wherein:

g<sup>1</sup>, g<sup>2</sup> and g<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

g<sup>5</sup> is a neutral polar residue;

g<sup>8</sup> is a neutral polar residue;

g<sup>10</sup> is an acidic residue;

 $g^{12}$  and  $g^{13}$  are each independently amino acid residues; and

g<sup>14</sup> is absent or is an amino acid residue.

24. The composition of matter of Claim 23 wherein:

 $g^2$  is G;

20 g<sup>5</sup> is W;

g<sup>8</sup> is P;

g<sup>10</sup> is E; and

g<sup>13</sup> is a basic residue.

25. A composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

# h¹h²h³CWh⁴h²WGh¹⁰Ch¹²h¹³h¹⁴ (SEQ. ID. NO: 102)

wherein:

 $h^1,\,h^2,\,$  and  $h^3$  are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

30 h<sup>6</sup> is a hydrophobic residue;

h<sup>7</sup> is a hydrophobic residue;

h<sup>10</sup> is an acidic or polar hydrophobic residue; and

h<sup>12</sup>, h<sup>13</sup>, and h<sup>14</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

26. The composition of matter of Claim 25 wherein:

5  $h^1$  is G:

h<sup>6</sup> is A;

h<sup>7</sup> is a neutral polar residue; and

h<sup>10</sup> is an acidic residue.

27. A composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence of the

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 $i^{1}i^{2}i^{3}Ci^{5}i^{6}i^{7}i^{8}i^{9}i^{10}Ci^{12}i^{13}i^{14}$ 

(SEQ. ID. NO: 103)

wherein:

i1 is absent or is an amino acid residue;

i<sup>2</sup> is a neutral polar residue;

i3 is an amino acid residue;

 $i^5$ ,  $i^6$ ,  $i^7$ , and  $i^8$  are each independently amino acid residues;

i<sup>9</sup> is an acidic residue;

 $i^{10}$  is an amino acid residue;

20 i<sup>12</sup> and i<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues; and

i<sup>14</sup> is a neutral polar residue.

28. The composition of matter of Claim 27 wherein:

i<sup>2</sup> is W; and

i<sup>14</sup> is W.

- 29. A TALL-1 binding composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula PFPWE (SEQ ID NO: 110).:
  - 30. The composition of matter of Claim 1 having the formula

 $(X^1)_{a}-V^1-(X^2)_{b}$ 

30 and multimers thereof, wherein:

V¹ is a vehicle;

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 $X^1$  and  $X^2$  are each independently selected from -( $L^1$ ), - $P^1$ ,

$$-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}$$
,  $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}-(L^{3})_{c}-P^{3}$ , and  $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{c}-P^{2}-(L^{3})_{c}-P^{3}-(L^{4})_{c}-P^{4}$ 

one or more of P<sup>1</sup>, P<sup>2</sup>, P<sup>3</sup>, and P<sup>4</sup> each independently comprise Dz<sup>2</sup>Lz<sup>4</sup>;

L¹, L², L³, and L⁴ are each independently linkers; and a, b, c, d, e, and f are each independently 0 or 1, provided that at least one of a and b is 1.

- 31. The composition of matter of Claim 30 of the formula  $P^1$ - $(L^1)_-P^2$ - $(L^2)_d$ - $V^1$ .
  - 32. The composition of matter of Claim 30 of the formula  $V^1-(L^1)_a-P^1-(L^2)_a-P^2$ .
- 15 33. The composition of matter of Claim 30, wherein  $V^1$  is an Fc domain.
  - 34. The composition of matter of Claim 30 wherein V1 is an IgG Fc domain.
  - 35. The composition of matter of Claim 30 wherein V<sup>1</sup> is an IgG1 Fc domain.
  - 36. The composition of matter of Claim 30 wherein V¹ comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
    - 37. The composition of matter of Claim 30 wherein one or more of  $P^1$ ,  $P^2$ ,  $P^3$ , and  $P^4$  each independently comprises a sequence selected from:

a¹a²a³CDa⁴La⁴a³a¹¹Ca¹²a¹³a¹⁴ (SEQ. ID. NO: 100)
b¹b²b³Cb⁵bʻDb⁴Lb¹⁰b¹¹b¹²b¹³b¹⁴Cb¹ʻb¹²b¹³b¹⁴Cb¹ʻb¹²b¹³b¹ (SEQ. ID. NO: 104)
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c¹c²c³Cc⁵Dc7Lc⁴c¹¹c¹²c¹³c¹⁴Cc¹⁴c¹²c¹³c¹⁴Cb¹ (SEQ. ID. NO: 105)
d¹d²d³Cd⁵dʻd7WDd¹⁰Ld¹³d¹⁴d¹5Cd¹⁴d¹7d¹³ (SEQ. ID. NO: 106)
e¹e²e³Ce⁵ée7De⁴Le¹¹Ke¹³Ce¹⁵e¹6e¹7e¹³ (SEQ. ID. NO: 107)
f¹f²f³Kf⁵Df7Lf²f¹⁰Qf¹²f¹³f¹⁴ (SEQ. ID. NO: 109)

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\begin{split} &g^1g^2g^3Cg^5PFg^8Wg^{10}Cg^{11}g^{12}g^{13}~(SEQ~ID~NO:~101),\\ &h^1h^2h^3CWh^6h^7WGh^{10}Ch^{12}h^{13}h^{14}~(SEQ~ID~NO:~102),~and\\ &i^1i^2i^3Ci^5i^6i^7i^8i^9i^{10}Ci^{12}i^{13}i^{14}~(SEQ~ID~NO:~103) \end{split}
```

# wherein:

 $a^1$ ,  $a^2$ ,  $a^3$  are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

a<sup>6</sup> is an amino acid residue;

a9 is a basic or hydrophobic residue;

a<sup>8</sup> is threonyl or isoleucyl;

a<sup>12</sup> is a neutral polar residue;

10 a<sup>13</sup> and a<sup>14</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

b¹ and b² are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

b³ is an acidic or amide residue;

b<sup>5</sup> is an amino acid residue;

b<sup>6</sup> is an aromatic residue;

15 b<sup>8</sup> is an amino acid residue;

b<sup>10</sup> is T or I;

b" is a basic residue;

 $b^{12}$  and  $b^{13}$  are each independently amino acid residues;

b14 is a neutral polar residue;

b<sup>16</sup>, b<sup>17</sup>, and b<sup>18</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

 $c^1$ ,  $c^2$ , and  $c^3$  are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

c⁵ is an amino acid residue;

c<sup>1</sup> is an amino acid residue;

25 c° is T or I;

c10 is a basic residue;

c11 and c12 are each independently amino acid residues;

c13 is a neutral polar residue;

c14 is an amino acid residue;

30 c<sup>16</sup> is an amino acid residue;

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c17 is a neutral polar residue; and
                c18 is an amino acid residue or is absent;
                d¹, d², and d³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                d<sup>5</sup>, d<sup>6</sup>, and d<sup>7</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                d<sup>10</sup> is an amino acid residue;
 5
                d12 is T or I:
                d13 is an amino acid residue; and
                d15, d16, and d17 are each independently absent or amino acid
                         residues:
                e<sup>1</sup>, e<sup>2</sup>, and e<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
10
                e<sup>5</sup>, e<sup>6</sup>, e<sup>7</sup>, e<sup>9</sup>, and e<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                e11 is T or I; and
                e<sup>15</sup>, e<sup>16</sup>, and e<sup>17</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                f<sup>1</sup>, f<sup>2</sup>, and f<sup>3</sup> are absent or are amino acid residues;
                f is W, Y, or F;
15
                f is an amino acid residue:
                f' is T or I:
                f10 is K, R, or H;
                f<sup>12</sup> is C, a neutral polar residue, or a basic residue;
                f<sup>13</sup> is C, a neutral polar residue or is absent; and
20
                f<sup>14</sup> is any amino acid residue or is absent;
                provided that only one of f1, f2, and f3 may be C, and only one of f12,
                         f<sup>13</sup>, and f<sup>14</sup> may be C;
                g<sup>1</sup>, g<sup>2</sup> and g<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                g<sup>5</sup> is a neutral polar residue;
25
                g<sup>8</sup> is a neutral polar residue;
                g<sup>10</sup> is an acidic residue:
                g<sup>12</sup> and g<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues; and
                g<sup>14</sup> is absent or is an amino acid residue;
                h<sup>1</sup>, h<sup>2</sup>, and h<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
30
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h<sup>6</sup> is a hydrophobic residue;
                h<sup>7</sup> is a hydrophobic residue;
                h<sup>10</sup> is an acidic or polar hydrophobic residue; and
                h<sup>12</sup>, h<sup>13</sup>, and h<sup>14</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                i<sup>1</sup> is absent or is an amino acid residue;
 5
                i<sup>2</sup> is a neutral polar residue;
                i<sup>3</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                i<sup>5</sup>, i<sup>6</sup>, i<sup>7</sup>, and i<sup>8</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                i' is an acidic residue;
                i<sup>10</sup> is an amino acid residue;
10
                i<sup>12</sup> and i<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues; and
                i<sup>14</sup> is a neutral polar residue.
       38. The composition of matter of claim 37, wherein:
                a<sup>9</sup> is a basic residue.
                b^3 is D, Q, or E;
15
                b<sup>6</sup> is W or Y;
                b" is K or R; and
                b14 is V or L.
                c<sup>10</sup> is K or R:
                c^{13} is a I, L, or V;
20
                c17 is A or L;
                f is W:
            f' is L; f' is K; and
                f^{10} is V.
       39. The composition of matter of Claim 37, wherein one or more of P<sup>1</sup>, P<sup>2</sup>,
25
           P³, and P⁴ each independently comprises
```

f1f2f3KWDf7Lf3KOf12f13f14 (SEQ ID NO: 125).

40. The composition of matter of Claim 39 of the formula

30 
$$P^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{2}-(L^{2})_{d}.-V^{1}.$$

41. The composition of matter of Claim 39 of the formula  $V^1-(L^1)_c-P^1-(L^2)_c-P^2$ .

- 42. The composition of matter of Claim 39 having an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 122, 123, and 124.
- 5 43. The composition of matter of Claim 40 wherein L<sup>2</sup> is greater than 5 amino acids.
  - 44. The composition of matter of Claim 43 wherein  $L^2$  is selected from  $GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx^1x^2$

10 and

20

25

30

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx<sup>1</sup>x<sup>2</sup>GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx<sup>3</sup>x<sup>4</sup>
(SEQ ID NO: 194)

(SEQ ID NO: 193)

wherein  $x^1$  and  $x^3$  are each independently basic or hydrophobic residues and  $x^2$  and  $x^4$  are each independently hydrophobic residues.

15 45. The composition of matter of Claim 41 wherein L<sup>2</sup> is selected from

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATH

(SEQ ID NO: 59),

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATGM

(SEQ ID NO: 190)

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATGS

(SEQ ID NO: 191), and

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHMGSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHM (SEQ ID NO: 192).

- 46. The composition of matter of Claim 28 comprising a sequence selected from Table 2 (SEQ ID NOS: 29-39, 60-70, and 126-188).
- 47. The composition of matter of Claim 30 comprising a sequence selected from Table 4 (SEQ ID NOS: 44-55).
- 48. The composition of matter of Claim 46, wherein  $V^{\scriptscriptstyle I}$  is an Fc domain.
- 49. The composition of matter of Claim 46, wherein V<sup>1</sup> is an IgG Fc domain.

50. The composition of matter of Claim 46, wherein V<sup>1</sup> is an IgG1 Fc domain.

- 51. A DNA encoding a composition of matter of Claim 34.
- 52. An expression vector comprising the DNA of Claim 51.
- 5 53. A host cell comprising the expression vector of Claim 52.
  - 54. The cell of Claim 53, wherein the cell is an <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u> cell.

10

20

- 55. A method of treating a B-cell mediated autoimmune disease, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 1.
- 56. A method of treating a B-cell mediated autoimmune disease, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 13.
- 57. A method of treating lupus, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 1.
- 58. A method of treating lupus, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 13.
- 15 59. A method of treating a B-cell mediated cancer, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 1.
  - 60. A method of treating a B-cell mediated cancer, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 13.
  - 61. A method of treating B-cell lymphoma, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 1.
  - 62. A method of treating B-cell lymphoma, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 13.

FIG.1

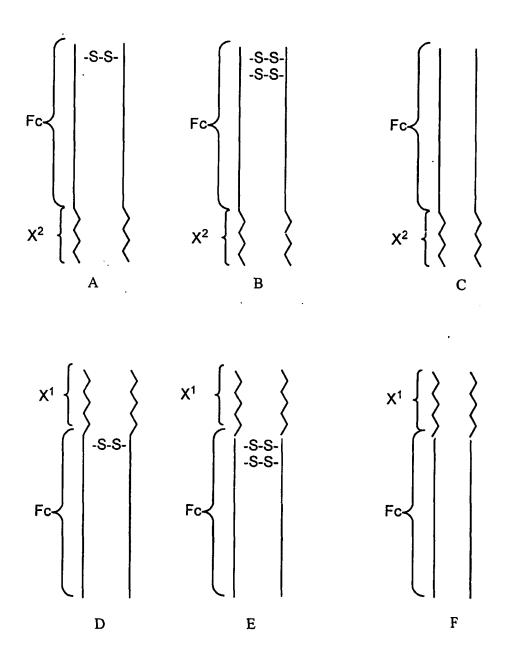
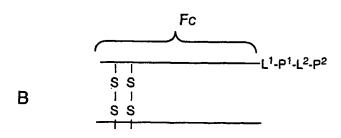
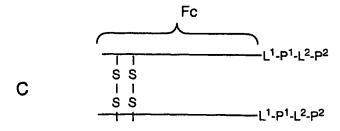


FIG. 2

Fc

L<sup>1</sup>-P<sup>1</sup>-L<sup>2</sup>-P<sup>2</sup>





# FIG. 3

	•	ATGG	ACAA	AACTO	CACAC	CATO	TCC	ACCI	IGTC	CAGC	TCC	GGA	ACT	CCT	GGG	GGG	ACC	GTCA	
	•	TACC	GTT	TTGAC	TGTG	TAC	AGG	TGGA	ACAGO	TCG	AGG	CCT	TGA	GGA	CCC	CCC	TGG	CAGT	⊦ 60
a		M D	K	T F	T F	С	P	P	C P	A	P	E	L	L	G	G	P	s	-
	61	GTCT	CCT	CTTCC	cccc	AAA:	ACC	CAAG	GACA	CCT	CAT	GAT	CTC	CCG	GAC	ccc	TGA	GGTC	120
		CAGA	AGGA(	GAAGO	GGGG	TTT	TGG	GTTC	CTGT	GGA	GTA	CTA	GAG	GGC	CTG	GGG	ACT	CCAG	120
a		V F										_		R	_	<u>-</u> .	E	•	-
	121	ACATO		-+		+			+			-+-			+			+	180
		TGTAC																	
а		T C																	-
	181	GACGO		-+		+			+			-+-			+			+	240
а		CTGCC		E V															
_		TACCO												_			-		-
	241	ATGGC		-+		+			+			-+-			+			+	300
a		Y R															•		_
		AAGTO	CAA	GTCI	CCAA	CAA	AGC	CCTC	CCAGO	ccc	CAT	CGA	GAA	AAC	CAT	CTC	CAA	AGCC	
	301	TTCAC																	360
a		K C	ĸ	v s	s N	K	A	L	A	P	I	E	ĸ	T	I	s	ĸ	A	-
		7770		30000															
	361			-+	ADAD.	ACC	ACA(	GGTG	ACAC	CCT	GCC	CCC.	ATC	CCG	GGA'	TGA	GCT	GACC	420
	361	TTTCC		-+		+			+			-+-			+			+	420
a	361	TTTCC	CGT	P R	CTCT	TGG	TGT Q	CCAC V	T T	GGA L	.CGG	-+- GGG	TAG S	GGC	CCT	ACT E	CGA	+ CTGG T	420 ~
a		TTTCC K G	CCAC	P R	GCTCT	TGG P GAC	TGT Q CTG	V CCTG	TGTCAA	EGGA L L AGG	CGG	GGG P CTA	TAG	GGC(	CCT	ACT E	CGA L	T CGTG T	-
		TTTCC K G AAGAA	CGT(	P R GGTCA	GCTCT	TGG P GAC CTG	TGT Q CTG GAC	CCAC  V  CCTG	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	EGGA L LAGG	P CTT GAA	-+- GGG P CTA -+- GAT	TAGG	GGC0 R CAG0	CGA	ACT( E CAT(	L CGC GCG	T CGTG CGTG CGTG	-
a		TTTCC K G AAGAA TTCTT	CCAC	P R GGTCA CCAGT	SCTCT  SCGGA	TGG  GAC CTG	TGT Q CTG GAC	CCAC V CCTG GGAC	ATGTO  T  TCAA  CAGTT	EGGA L AGG TCC	CTT(CAA)	-+- GGG P CTA -+- GAT	TAGG S TCCG AGGG	GGCC R CAGC GTCC	CGA CGA GCT	ACTO E CATO GTAO	L CGC GCG	T CGTG CGTG CGTG CCAC	-
	421	TTTCC  K G  AAGAA  TTCTT  K N  GAGTG	Q CCAC CGGTC Q	P R GGTCA CCAGT V S GAGCA	GCTCT  GCCT  GCCT  GCGGA  GCGGA  L	TGG  GAC CTG  T  GCA	TGT Q CTG GAC	CCAC  V  CCTG  GGAC  L  GGAG	ATGTO T GTCAP CAGTT K AACAP	EGGA LAGG TTCC G	CGG(CGAAC	GAC	TAGG	GGCC R CAGC GTCC S	CGAGGCTG	ACTO	CGA L CGC GCG	T CGTG CGTG CGTG CGAC V GGAC	- 480 -
a	421	TTTCC  K G  AAGAA  TTCTT  K N  GAGTO	CGTO	P R GGTCA CCAGT V S GAGCA	GCTCT AGCCT CGGA LATGG	TGG PGAC CTG TGCA	TGT Q CTG GAC C	CCAC  CCTG  GGAC  L  GGAG	ATGTO  T  CAGTT  K  ACAA	EGGA LAGG TTCC G LCTA	CTT(	GACC	TAGG S TCCG AGGG P CACG	GGCC R CAGC GTCC S	CGAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	E CATO	CGA	T CGTG CGTG + GCAC V GGAC	- 480 -
	421	TTTCCTT K N GAGTO CTCAC	Q Q Q Q Q Q Q GGGAC E	P R GGTCA CCAGT V S GAGCA CTCGT	GCTCT  GCCT  CGGA  L  ATGG  TACC	TGG  GAC CTG  T  GCA CCGT	TGT Q CTG GAC C GCC GCC	CCAC  CCTG  GGAC  L  GGAG  CCTC	TETCAP CAGTT K AACAP	EGGA L AGG TCC G CTA	CAA	GACC	TAGG S TCCG AGGG P CACG	GGCC R CAGC GTCC S GCCC	CGAGGGG	E CATO	L CGC A A GCT CGA	T CGTG CGTG CGAC V GGAC CCTG	- 480 -
a	421 481	TTTCC  K G  AAGAA  TTCTT  K N  GAGTO	Q Q Q Q Q GGAC E CCTC	P F GGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	CTCT CGGA CGGA CTACG	TGG P GAC CTG T GCA+ CGT Q CCT	TGT	CCAC.  CCTG GGAC  GGAG  CCTC  CAGC.	TAGTT  AGCAA  TTGTT  N  AGCTT  AGCAA	EGGA L AGG TCC G CTA CTA Y	CAAC	GACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTGGACCTACCT	TAGG S TCCC AGGG P CACC GTGG	GGCCC R CAGCC GTCC S GGCCCC	D CGAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	ACTO	L CGC A A GCTV	TCTGG TCGTG GCAC VGGAC CCTG DGCAG	- 480 - 540 -
a	421 481	TTTCC K G AAGAA TTCTT K N GAGTG CTCAC	CCGTO  CCGTO  CGGTO  CGGTO  CGGTO  CGGTO  CGGGTO	P F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	GCTCT  GCCTCT  CGGA  LATGG  TACC  GCTCTT  AGAA	TGG P GAC CTG T GCA CGT Q CCT CGT	Q CTGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	CCAC.  CCTG GGAC.  CCTC CAGC.	TGTCAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAA	EGGA L AGG GCTA CGAT Y CAC	P CCTT GAA F CCAA GTT K CGT GCA	GACO	TAGG  F  CACG  GTGG  CAAGG  T  CAAGG  CAAGG	GGCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	D CGAGGG	E CATO	CGA  L CGC GCG A GCT CGA L CGT	T CTGG T CGTG GCAC V GGAC CCTG D GCAG	- 480 - 540 -
a	421 481 541	TTTCC  K G  AAGAA  TTCTT  K N  GAGTG  CTCAC  E W  TCCGA  AGGCT  S D  GGGAA	Q CCCTC Q Q GGGAC CCCTC E CCGGCC G CCGTC	P F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	ECTCT  ECGGA  LATGG  TACCT  AGAA  CATG	TGG P GAC CTG CTG CCT CGT CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT CC	Q CTGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	V CCTG GGAC L GGAG CCTC E CAGC CAGC S GATG	ATGTCCAA TETCAA TETCAA TATGTT TATGT TATGTT TATGT	LAGG TCC G CTA 'GAT Y CAC GGGG	CGGGGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	GACCTGGAACCCTGGAACCCTGGAACCCTGGAACCCTGGAACCCTGGAACCCTGGAACCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCCTGGAACCCTGAACCAACC	TAGG S TCCCAAGGG T CAAGGGG T CAAGGGG K K CAAG	GGCC R CAGC GTCC S GCCC P P GAGC CTCC S	D CGAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	E CATO	L CGCA A GCTA CGTA Q GCAA	T CTGG T CGTG GCAC V GGAC CCTG D GCAG CGTC Q GAAG	- 480 - 540 - 600
a	421 481 541	TTTCC  K G  AAGAA  TTCTT  K N  GAGTO  CTCAC  E W  TCCGA  AGGCT  S D	Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q	P F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	CCTCT CCGGA CCGGA CTACC CTACC AGAA CCATG	TGG P GAC CTG T GCA CCTG Q CCT GGA L CTC-+	Q CTGGGGGGGATGGATG	CCAC  V  CCTG GGAC  L  CCTC E  CAGC CAGC STCG STCG	ATGTC  T  T  T  T  T  T  T  T  T  T  T  T	LAGG CTA CTA Y CAC GGGG	CGGG P CTTC GAA F CAAA K CGTTC K CGTTC V TCTC	GACO	TAGG S TCCC AGGG P CACCC GTGG K K CAAC	GGCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	D CGAGGG P CAGGGTC R	E CATO	L CGC	CTGG T CGTG GCAC V GGAC CCTG D GCAG CGTC Q GAAG	- 480 - 540 - 600
a	421 481 541	TTTCC  K G  AAGAA  TTCTT  K N  GAGTG  CTCAC  E W  TCCGA  AGGCT  S D  GGGAA	CCCTC  Q  GGGAC  CCCTC  E  CCCTC  C  CCCTC  C  CCCTC  C  CCCTC  C	EGGGGG P F EGGTCA CCAGT V S EAGCA CTCGT S N CTCCT EAGGA S F CTTCT EAAGA	GCTCT  GCGGA  CTACC  GCATG  CCATG	TGG P GAC CTG T GCA CCTT Q CCT CGT CCT CCT CGA GGA CTC GGA GGA CTC GGAG	Q CTGGGGGGGGATGGATGGATGGATGGATGGATGGATGGAT	V CCTG GGAC L GGAG CCTC E STCG STCG STCG SATGC	ATGTC  TETCAA  TETCAA  K AACAA  AACAA  TTGTT  TCGA  K L AAGCT  TTCGA	AGGGAT Y CACCO	P CTTO	GGACCCGTC	TAGG S TCCCACGTGG T CAAGGTGG K CAAGGTTGG	GGCC R CAGC S GGCC P GAGC CTCC S	CCT.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCCCCA.  CCCCCCCCCA.  CCCCCCCCCC	E CATO	L CGCCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGC	CTGG T CGTG GCAC V GGAC CCTG D GCAG CGTC Q GAAG	- 480 - 540 - 600
a	421 481 541	TTTCC  K G  AAGAA  TTCTT  K N  GAGTO  CTCAC  E W  TCCGA  AGGCT  S D  GGGAA  CCCTT	CGTC  Q  CCCAC  Q  CGGTC  Q  GGGAC  CCCTC  G  CGGCC  G  CGGCC  V  CCTCC	P F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	CTCTT  AGAA  CATGC  CTCCC	TGG P GAC CTG CGT Q CCT GGA L CTC GAG S GGG S	Q CTGGGCCCGGGCTACCGGATC	CCAC  V  CCTG  GGAC  L  GGAGC  CCTC  E  S  GGAGC  CAGC  CAGC  CAGC  M  A	ATGTCAAACAAACAAACAAACAAACAAACAAACAAACAAA	AGGGAT Y CACCO	P CTTO	GGACCCGTC	TAGG S TCCCACGTGG T CAAGGTGG K CAAGGTTGG	GGCC R CAGC S GGCC P GAGC CTCC S	CCT.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCCCCA.  CCCCCCCCCA.  CCCCCCCCCC	E CATO	L CGCCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGC	CTGG T CGTG GCAC V GGAC CCTG D GCAG CGTC Q GAAG	- 480 - 540 - 600
a	421 481 541	TTTCC  K G  AAGAA  TTCTT  K N  GAGTG  CTCAC  E W  TCCGA  AGGCT  G GGAA  CCCTT  G N  AGCCT	Q CCCTCC E CCGTC G CCCTC C C CCCTC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	CGGGGG  P R  GGTCA  CCAGT  V S  SAGCA  CTCGT  SAGGA  S F  CTTCT  SAAGA  F S  CCTGT	CTCTC	TGG PGACCTG TGGCACCTG QCTTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGCACCTGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTGGCACCTACCT	Q CTGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	V CCTG GGAC L GGGAG CCTC E CAGC STCG STCG M A A	ATGTCAAACAAACAAACAAACAAACAAACAAACAAACAAA	AGGGAT Y CACCO	P CTTO	GGACCCGTC	TAGG S TCCCACGTGG T CAAGGTGG K CAAGGTTGG	GGCC R CAGC S GGCC P GAGC CTCC S	CCT.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCCGA.  CCCCCCA.  CCCCCCCCCA.  CCCCCCCCCC	E CATO	L CGCCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGC	CTGG T CGTG GCAC V GGAC CCTG D GCAG CGTC Q GAAG	- 480 - 540 - 600

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FIG. 4A

```
1) AGP3-8-1-a
       NdeI
       TATGCCGGGTACTTGTTTCCCGTTCCCGTGGGAATGCACTCACGCTGGTGGAGGCGGT
    GGCCCATGAACAAAGGGCAAGGGCACCCTTACGTGAGTGCGACCACCTCCGCCA
       MPGTCFPFPWECTHAGGGG-
a
      SalI
        1
      GGGG
    61 ---- 69
      CCCCAGCT
      G V D
2) AGP3-8-2-a
       NdeI
       {\tt TATGTGGGGTGCTTGTTGGCCGTTCCCGTGGGAATGTTTCAAAGAAGGTGGAGGCGGT}
    1 ------ 60
        ACACCCCACGAACAACCGGCAAGGGCACCCTTACAAAGTTTCTTCCACCTCCGCCA
а
        MWGACWPFPWECFKEGGGG-
      SalI
     GGGG
    61 ----- 69
     CCCCAGCT
```

G V D -

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FIG. 4B

```
3) AGP3-8-4-a
     NdeI
       {\tt TATGGTTCCGTTCTGTGACCTGCTGACTAAACACTGTTTCGAAGCTGGTGGAGGCGGT}
    1 ------ 60
        {\tt ACCAAGGCAAGACACTGGACGACTGATTTGTGACAAAGCTTCGACCACCTCCGCCA}
       MVPFCDLLTKHCFEAGGGG-
а
     SalI
     GGGG
    61 ---- 69
     CCCCAGCT
     G V D -
4) AGP3-12-4-a
                   November 6, 2000 12:53 ...
     NdeI
       TATGGGTTCTCGTTGTAAATACAAATGGGACGTTCTGACTAAACAGTGTTTCCACCAC
    ACCCAAGAGCAACATTTATGTTTACCCTGCAAGACTGATTTGTCACAAAGGTGGTG
       MGSRCKYKWDVLTKQCFHH-
              SalI
     GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
   61 ----- 81
     CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
     GGGGGVD ~
```

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FIG. 4C

```
5) AGP3-12-3-a
      NdeI
         1.
         TATGCTGCCGGGTTGTAAATGGGACCTGCTGATCAAACAGTGGGTTTGTGACCCGCTG
      ACGACGGCCCAACATTTACCCTGGACGACTAGTTTGTCACCCAAACACTGGGCGAC
          M L P G C K W D L L I K Q W V C D P L -
                 SalI
       GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
     61 ------ 81
       CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
       GGGGGVD ~
6) AGP3-12-5-a
         NdeI
         TATGTCTGCTGACTGTTACTTCGACATCCTGACTAAATCTGACGTTTGTACTTCTTCT
     ACAGACGACTGACAATGAAGCTGTAGGACTGATTTAGACTGCAAACATGAAGAAGA
а
           \begin{smallmatrix} M \end{smallmatrix} \ \ S \ \ A \ \ D \ \ C \ \ Y \ \ F \ \ D \ \ I \ \ L \ \ T \ \ K \ \ S \ \ D \ \ V \ \ C \ \ T \ \ S \ \ S \ \ \ - 
                 SalI
       GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
     61 ------ 81
       CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
       GGGGGVD -
```

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FIG. 4D

```
7) AGP3-12-8-a
        NdeI
        1.
        TATGTCTGACGACTGTATGTACGACCAGCTGACTCGTATGTTCATCTGTTCTAACCTG
     1 ------ 60
         ACAGACTGCTGACATACATGCTGGTCGACTGAGCATACAAGTAGACAAGATTGGAC
        M S D D C M Y D Q L T R M F I C S N L
               SalI
      GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
    61 ------ 81
      CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
      GGGGGVD -
a
8) AGP3-12-9-a
       NdeI
        TATGGACCTGAACTGTAAATACGACGAACTGACTTACAAAGAATGGTGTCAGTTCAAC
     1 -----+ 60
         ACCTGGACTTGACATTTATGCTGCTTGACTGAATGTTTCTTACCACAGTCAAGTTG
        M D L N C K Y D E L T Y K E W C Q F N -
               SalI
      GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
    61. ----- 81
      CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
      GGGGGVD -
```

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FIG. 4E

```
9) AGP3-12-10-a
       NdeI
       1.
       TATGTTCCACGACTGTAAATACGACCTGCTGACTCGTCAGATGGTTTGTCACGGTCTG
    1 -----+ 60
        ACAAGGTGCTGACATTTATGCTGGACGACTGAGCAGTCTACCAAACAGTGCCAGAC
        MFHDCKYDLLTRQMVCHGL -
              SalI
      GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
    61 ------ 81
      CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT -
      GGGGGVD -
10) AGP3-12-11-a
       NdeI
       TATGCGTAACCACTGTTTCTGGGACCACCTGCTGAAACAGGACATCTGTCCGTCTCCG
    1 -----+ 60
        {\tt ACGCATTGGTGACAAAGACCCTGGTGGACGACTTTGTCCTGTAGACAGGCAGAGGC}
а
        MRNHCFWDHLLKQDICPSP -
              SalI
      GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
    61 ------ 81
      CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
      G G G G V D -
```

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FIG. 4F

```
11) AGP3-12-14-a
      NdeI
      1 ------ 60
      MANQCWWDSLLKKNVCEFF-
           SalI
    GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGĠ
   61 ------ 81
    CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
    GGGGGVD -
12)
   AGP3 Consensus
     NdeI
     TATGTTCCACGACTGCAAATGGGACCTGCTGACCAAACAGTGGGTTTGCCACGGTCTG
   1 ------ 60
    \verb|gtatacaaggtgctgacgtttaccctggacgactggtttgtcacccaaacggtgccagac|\\
      M F H D C K W D L L T K Q W V C H G L -
           SalI
    GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
   61 ------ 81
    CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
   GGGGGVD -
```

C

C

С

C

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FIG. 5A P 1 1 n 8 GATCAGCAGTCCCCGGAACATCGTAGCTGACGCCTTCGCGTTGCTCAGTTGTCCAACCCC 1 ------ 60  $\tt CTAGTCGTCAGGGGCCTTGTAGCATCGACTGCGGAAGCGCAACGAGTCAACAGGTTGGGG$ GGAAACGGGAAAAAGCAAGTTTTCCCCGCTCCCGGCGTTTCAATAACTGAAAACCATACT 61 -----+----+ 120 CCTTTGCCCTTTTCGTTCAAAAGGGGCCGAAGGTCATTTTGACTTTTGGTATGA В q ATTTCACAGTTTAAATCACATTAAACGACAGTAATCCCCGTTGATTTGTGCGCCAACACA TAAAGTGTCAAATTTAGTGTAATTTGCTGTCATTAGGGGCAACTAAACACGCGGTTGTGT -35 ----- Promoter (PcopB) -----> GATCTTCGTCACAATTCTCAAGTCGCTGATTTCAAAAAACTGTAGTATCCTCTGCGAAAC 181 ----+ 240 CTAGAAGCAGTGTTAAGAGTTCAGCGACTAAAGTTTTTTTGACATCATAGGAGACGCTTTG **|-->** mRNA start 241 -----+ 300 MSQTENAVTSS---- copB protein ---> 301 -----+----+ 360 L S Q K R F V R R G K P M T D S E K Q M -TGGCCGTTGTTGCAAGAAACGTCTTACACACAAAGAGATAAAAGTTTTTGTCAAAAATC 361 -----+ 420  ${\tt ACCGGCAACAACGTTCTTTTGCAGAATGTGTGTTTTCTCTATTTTCAAAAACAGTTTTTAG}$ A V V A R K R L T H K E I K V F V K N P -S С a T  ${\tt CTCTGAAGGATCTCATGGTTGAGTACTGCGAGAGAGAGGGGGATAACACAGGCTCAGTTCG}$ 421 -----+---+ 480 GAGACTTCCTAGAGTACCAACTCATGACGCTCTCTCTCCCCTATTGTGTCCGAGTCAAGC L K D L M V E Y C E R E G I T Q A Q F V -

# FIG. 5B

		-35
	491	Promoter (PrepA)>   copB binding site  TTGAGAAAATCATCAAAGATGAACTGCAAAGACTGGATATACTAAAGTAAAGACTTTACT
С	401	AACTCTTTTAGTAGTTTCTACTTGACGTTTCTGACCTATATGATTTCATTTCTGAAATGA E K I I K D E L Q R L D I L K *
		-10
	541	TTGTGGCGTAGCATGCTAGATTACTGATCGTTTAAGGAATTTTGTGGCTGGC
		AACACCGCATCGTACGATCTAATGACTAGCAAATTCCTTAAAACACCGACCG
		m d n I
	601	T T   <
с		TTCCACCGTTCCTTGACCAAGACTACACCTAAATGTCCTCGGTCTTTTCGTTTTTGGGGC  M W I Y R S Q K S K N P D copt (ORF)>
	661	<pre>&lt; copA RNAI</pre>
С		TATTAGAAGAAGTTGAAAACGCTCATGCTTTTCTAATGGCCCCGGGTGAATTTGGCATAT N L L Q L L R V R K D Y R G P L K P Y S -
		< Promoter (RNAI)
	721	GCCAACAATTCAGCTATGCGGGGAGTATAGTTATATGCCCGGAAAAGTTCAAGACTTCTT
С		CGGTTGTTAAGTCGATACGCCCCTCATATCAATATACGGGCCTTTTCAAGTTCTGAAGAA Q Q F S Y A G S I V I C P E K F K T S F -
	781	TCTGTGCTCGCTCCTTCTGCGCATTGTAAGTGCAGGATGGTGTGACTGATCTTCACCAAA
С		AGACACGAGCGAAGACGCGTAACATTCACGTCCTACCACACTGACTAGAAGTGGTTT C A R S F C A L * M T D L H Q T repAl protein>
		D r
		a I I
	841	CGTATTACCGCCAGGTAAAGAACCCGAATCCGGTGTTTACACCCCGTGAAGGTGCAGGAA
С		GCATAATGGCGGTCCATTTCTTGGGCTTAGGCCACAAATGTGGGGCACTTCCACGTCCTT Y Y R Q V K N P N P V F T P R E G A G T -
	901	CGCTGAAGTTCTGCGAAAACTGATGGAAAAGGCGGTGGGCTTCACTTCCCGTTTTGATT
С		GCGACTTCAAGACGCTTTTTGACTACCTTTTCCGCCACCCGAAGTGAAGGGCAAAACTAA L K F C E K L M E K A V G F T S R F D F -

FIG. 5C

		B s t B I	
	961	TCGCCATTCATGTGGCGCACGCCCGTTCGCGTGATCTGCGTCGCCGTATGCCACCAGTGC	1020
С		AGCGGTAAGTACACCGCGTGCGGGCAAGCGCACTAGACGCAGCGGCATACGGTGGTCACG A I H V A H A R S R D L R R R M P P V L	
	1021	TGCGTCGTCGGGCTATTGATGCGCTCTTGCAGGGGCTGTGTTTCCACTATGACCCGCTGG+ ACGCAGCAGCCCGATAACTACGCGAGAACGTCCCCGACACAAAGGTGATACTGGGCGACC	1080
С		R R R A I D A L L Q G L C F H Y D P L A -	-
С	1081	CCAACCGCGTCCAGTGCTCCATCACCACGCTGGCCATTGAGTGCGGACTGGCGACGGAGT  GGTTGGCGCAGGTCACGAGGTAGTGGTGCGACCGGTAACTCACGCCTGACCGCTGCCTCA  N R V Q C S I T T L A I E C G L A T E S	
		A C e I I	
	1141	CTGCTGCCGGAAAACTCTCCATCACCCGTGCCACCCGTGCCCTGACGTTCCTGTCAGAGC++1 GACGACGGCCTTTTGAGAGGTAGTGGGCACGGTGGGCACGGGACTGCAAGGACAGTCTCG	1200
С		AAGKLSITRATRALTFLS.EL-	-
С	1201	TGGGACTGATTACCTACCAGACGGAATATGACCCGCTTATCGGGTGCTACATTCCGACCG  ACCCTGACTAATGGATGGTCTGCCTTATACTGGGCGAATAGCCCACGATGTAAGGCTGGC G L I T Y Q T E Y D P L I G C Y I P T D -	
	1261	TATAGTGCAAGTGTAGACGTGACAAACGACGGGAGCTACATAGTCTCCTCCGTCACCGGC	
С		I T F T S A L F A A L D V S E E A V A A -  CCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGTGTGGTATGGGAAACAACAACAACGCAAAAAGCAGGGGCTGGATA	
С	1321	GGCGCGCGCGCGCACACCATACCCTTTTGTTTGTTTGCGTTTTTCGTCCCCGACCTAT  A R R S R V V W E N K Q R K K Q G L D T -	
	1381	CCCTGGGCATGGATGAACTGATAGCGAAAGCCTGGCGTTTTGTTCGTGAGCGTTTTCGCA	.440
С		GGGACCCGTACCTACTTGACTATCGCTTTCGGACCGCAAAACAAGCACTCGCAAAAGCGT L G M D E L I A K A W R F V R E R F R S -	-
		A f l	
	1 4 4 4	I GTTATCAGACAGAGCTTAAGTCCCGTGGAATAAAGCGTGCCCGTGCGCGTCGTGATGCGG	
С	1441	CAATAGTCTGTCTCGAATTCAGGGCACCTTATTTCGCACGGGCACGCGCAGCACTACGCC Y Q T E L K S R G I K R A R A R R D A D -	

# FIG. 5D

	1501	ACAGGGAACGTCAGGATATTGTCACCCTGGTGAAACGGCAGCTGACGCGCGAAATCGCGG
	1301	TGTCCCTTGCAGTCCTATAACAGTGGGACCACTTTGCCGTCGACTGCGCCCTTTAGCGCC
С		R. E. R. Q. D. I. V. T. L. V. K. R. Q. L. T. R. E. I. A. E
	1561	AAGGGCGCTTCACTGCCAATCGTGAGGCGGTAAAACGCGAAGTTGAGCGTCGTGTGAAGG
С		TTCCCGCGAAGTGACGGTTAGCACTCCGCCATTTTGCGCTTCAACTCCCACACACTTCC
C		GRFTANREAVKREVERRVKE-
	1621	
С		TCGCGTACTAAGACAGTGCATTGGCATTAATGTCGGCCGACCGGTGTCGAAGGGGGACTT R M I L S R N R N Y S R L A T A S P *
	1681	AGTGACCTCCTCTGAATAATCCGGCCTGCGCCGGAGGCTTCCGCACGTCTGAAGCCCGAC
	1001	TCACTGGAGGAGACTTATTAGGCCGGACGCGGCCTCCGAAGGCGTGCAGACTTCGGGCTG
		P
		£ 1
	1741	AGCGCACAAAAATCAGCACCACATACAAAAAAACAACCTCATCATCCAGCTTCTGGTGCA
		TCGCGTGTTTTTAGTCGTGGTGTATGTTTTTTTTGTTGGAGTAGTAGGTCGAAGACCACGT
	1801	TCCGGCCCCCCTGTTTTCGATACAAAACACGCCTCACAGACGGGGAATTTTGCTTATCC
	1001	AGGCCGGGGGGACAAAAGCTATGTTTTGTGCGGAGTGTCTGCCCCTTAAAACGAATAGG
		ori
	1861	
		TGTAATTTGACGTTCCCTGAAGGGGTATTCCAATGTTGGCAAGTACAGTATTTCGCGGTA
		CCGCCAGCGTTACAGGGTGCAATGTATCTTTTAAACACCCTGTTTATATCTCCTTTTAAACT
	1921	GGCGGTCGCAATGTCCCACGTTACATAGAAAATTTGTGGACAAATATAGAGGAAATTTGA
		COCOOTCOCATOTCCCACGITACATAGAAAATTTGTGGACAAATATAGAGGAAATTTGA
	1001	ACTTAATTACATTCATTTAAAAAGAAAACCTATTCACTGCCTGTCCTTGGACAGACA
	1981	TGAATTAATGTAAGTAAATTTTTCTTTTGGATAAGTGACGGACAGGAACCTGTCTGT
		ATGCACCTCCCACCGCAAGCGGCGGGCCCCTACCGGAGCCGCTTTAGTTACAACACTCAG
	2041	TACGTGGAGGGTGGCGTTCGCCGCCCGGGGATGGCCTCGGCGAAATCAATGTTGTGAGTC
а		M H L P P Q A A G P Y R S R F S Y N T Q repA4 protein>
		ACACAACCACCAGAAAAACCCCGGTCCAGCGCAGAACTGAAACCACAAAGCCCCTCCCT
	2101	TGTGTTGGTGGTCTTTTTGGGGCCAGGTCGCGTCTTGACTTTGGTGTTTCGGGGAGGGA
а		T Q P P E K P R S S A E L K P Q S P S L -
	2161	ATAACTGAAAAGCGGCCCCGGTCCGAAGGGCCGGAACAGAGTCGCTTTTAATTAT
a		TATTGACTTTTCGCCGGGGCGGGCCAGGCTTCCCCGGCCTTGTCTCAGCGAAAATTAATA
α.		I T E K R P R P G P K G R N R V A F N Y -

# FIG. 5E

	2221	GA	ATG	TTG	TAA	СТА	СТТ	САТ	CAT	CGC	TGT	CAG	rct	TCT	CGC	TGG	AAC	TTC	TCA	AGTA	CACG	
a	2221	CT	TAC	AAC	ATT	GAT	GAA	GTA	GTA	GCG.	ACA:	GTC.	AGA.	AGA	GCG	ACC	TTC	'AAG	AGT	CAT Y	GTGC	2280
							B g l I	f i														
	2281	CT	CGT	AAG	CGG	ccc 	TGA	CGG(	CCC	GCT	AAC	GCG	GAG	ATA	CGC	CCC	GAC	TTC	GGG	TAA	ACCC	2340
a		GA	GCA' V	$T_aT_aC_1$	GCC	GGG.	ACT	GCC	3GG(	CGA	$\mathbf{rrg}$	CGC(	TTC'	$\Gamma A T$	ഭേദ	ഭഭദ	CTC	DAG	CCC	ATT K	TGGG	2340
	2341				-+-			+-				+			-+-			+			GGTC + CCAG	2400
а		S	S	G	P	L	R	P	R	T	E	A	L	S	W	L	K	A	G	M	V	-
	2401	AC	CGT	CCC	GAC	CCC'	TAC	CA:	TC(	CAC		+			-+-			+			GGCT + CCGA	2460
a		W	Q	G	W		W	V	R	*				B s t E								
	2461				-+-			+-							-+-			+			SCTG + CGAC	2520
							٠							B s p L U 1								
	2521				-+			-+-			+				-+			+				2580
		ACA	\AAA	ATA	\GG!	ACAZ	AGTT	'AAA'	LAA.	TTA	CAG	GCG	- ATC	CAA	ATG	\TT(	CAA	ACA	:GT)	ልልጥር	TAC TAAT	
	2581				-+			-+-			+				-+			+-			TTA	2640
	2641				+			-+-			+				+			+-			CGG + GCC	2700
	2701	CG1	rccc	GGA	.AA.	ACGA	YTTC	CGA	AGC	CCA	ACC	TTT:	CAT	AGA	AGG	CGC	GCG(	GTG(	GAAC	rcga	TAAL	2760
		GCF	scicic	CCT	1II	GCI	:AAG	GCT	TCG	GGT	TGG	AAA	GTA	TCT	TCC	:GC(	CGC	CACC	TT?	AGCI	TTA	

FIG. 5F

		N B s p	
		p Î V I	
	2761	CTCGTGATGGCAGGTTGGCGTCGCTTGGTCGGTCATTTCGAACCCCAGAGTCCCGCTCA	n
		GAGCACTACCGTCCAACCCGCAGCGAACCAGCCAGTAAAGCTTGGGGTCTCAGGGCGAGT	,
	2821	GAAGAACTCGTCAAGAAGGCGATAGAAGGCGATGCGCTGCGAATCGGGAGCGGCGATACC	^
£		CTTCTTGAGCAGTTCTTCCGCTATCTTCCGCTACGCGACGCTTAGCCCTCGCCGCTATGG	J
_		* F F E D L L R Y F A I R Q S D P A A I G - < APHII protein [kanamycin resistance gene]	
	2001	GTAAAGCACGAGGAAGCGGTCAGCCCATTCGCCGCCAAGCTCTTCAGCAATATCACGGGT	•
£	2001	CATTTCGTGCTCCTTCGCCAGTCGGGTAAGCGGCGGTTCGAGAAGTCGTTATAGTGCCCA	j
£		Y L V L F R D A W E G G L E E A I D R T -	
	2941	AGCCAACGCTATGTCCTGATAGCGGTCCGCCACACCCAGCCGGCCACAGTCGATGAATCC	0
f		TCGGTTGCGATACAGGACTATCGCCAGGCGGTGTGGGTCGGCCGGTGTCAGCTACTTAGG A L A I D Q Y R D A V G L R G C D I F G -	
		AGAAAAGCGGCCATTTTCCACCATGATATTCGGCAAGCAGGCATCGCCATGAGTCACGAC	
_	3001	TCTTTTCGCCGGTAAAAGGTGGTACTATAAGCCGTTCGTCCGTAGCGGTACTCAGTGCTG	)
f		S F R G N E V M I N P L C A D G H T V V -	
	3061	GAGATCCTCGCCGTCGGGCATGCGCGCCTTGAGCCTGGCGAACAGTTCGGCTGGCGCGAG+	3
f		CTCTAGGAGCGGCAGCCCGTACGCGCGGAACTCGGACCGCTTGTCAAGCCGACCGCGCTC L D E G D P M R A K L R A F L E A P A L -	
		CCCCTGATGCTCTTCGTCCAGATCATCCTGATCGACAAGACCGGCTTCCATCCGAGTACG	
	3121	GGGGACTACGAGAAGCAGGTCTAGTAGGACTAGCTGTTCTGGCCGAAGGTAGGCTCATGC	)
f		G Q H E E D L D D Q D V L G A E M R T R -	
	3181	TGCTCGCTCGATGCGATGTTTCGCTTGGTGGTCGAATGGGCAGGTAGCCGGATCAAGCGT	)
f		ACGAGCGAGCTACGCTACAAAGCGAACCACCAGCTTACCCGTCCATCGGCCTAGTTCGCA A R E I R H K A Q H D F P C T A P D L T -	
		ATGCAGCCGCCATTGCATCAGCCATGATGGATACTTTCTCGGCAGGAGCAAGGTGAGA	
	3241	TACGTCGGCGGCGTAACGTAGTCGGTACTACCTATGAAAGAGCCGTCCTCGTTCCACTCT	)
f		H L R R M A D A M I S V K E A P A L H S -	
	3301	TGACAGGAGATCCTGCCCCGGCACTTCGCCCAATAGCAGCCAGTCCCTTCCCGCTTCAGT	0
f		ACTGTCCTCTAGGACGGGCCGTGAAGCGGGTTATCGTCGGTCAGGGAAGGGCGAAGTCA S L L D Q G P V E G L L W D R G A E T -	
		GACAACGTCGAGCACAGCTGCGCAAGGAACGCCCGTCGTGGCCAGCCA	
	3361	CTGTTGCAGCTCGTGTCGACGCGTTCCTTGCGGGCACCACCGGTCGGT	)
f		V V D L V A A C P V G T T A L W S L R A -	
	3421	TGCCTCGTCCTGCAATTCAGTCAGGACACCGGACAGGTCGGTC	0
		ACGGAGCAGGACGTTAAGTAAGTCCTGTGGCCTGTCCAGCCAG	

## FIG. 5G

f		A	. Е	D	Q	P.	E	N	L	V	G	S	L D	T	K	V	F	L	V	P	-
	2404	GCGC	CCC'	rgc	GCT(	SAC	AGC(	CGG?	AAC	ACGO	CGC	CAT	CAGA	GCA	GCC	TTA	GTC	TGT	TGT	GC	
_	3481	CGCG	GGG.	ACGO	CGAC	TGT	rcg(	GCC1	rTG:	rgcc	CGCC	GTA	GTCI	CGT	CGGC	TAA	CAG	ACA	ACA	CG	
f		R	G	Q	A	S	L	R	F	V	A	A	D S	С	G	I	Т	Q	Q	A	-
												E a									
												g I									
	3541	CCAG	TCA'	rago	CGI	ATA	AGC	CTCT	rcci	ACCC	CAAC	CGG	CCGG	AGA	ACCI	GCG	TGC	ТАА	CCA	rc	2600
f	2241	GGTC.	AGT	ATC	GC1	rati	CGC	SAG	AGG"	rgge	TTC	GCC	GGCC	TCT	TGG!	CGC	ACG	TTA	GGT	AG	
_													A F								_
	3601	TTGT		+-				<del></del> -			+			+			+			-+	3660
f			E	I	M									TAG	ACTA	GAA	CTA	GGG	GAC	3C	
<	· APH]	I (k	anar	nyci	n i	esi	.sta	nce	∍) <u>I</u>										-10	).	
		CCAT	CAG	ATCC	TTC	GCG	GCI	AAG <i>I</i>	AA.	GCCA	> TCC	- mi	RNA TTAC	APH TTT	II - GCAG	 GGC	TTC	CCA	ACC	 l'T	
	3661	GGTA		+-							+			+			+			-+	3720
										•											
							-	-35	_												
		ACCA	GAGO		Pro	mot	er	(AI	ובאי ייים	[) -	ייייטיני דייייטיני	ירברי	 racc	 ጥርጥ	 СС 2 Л	מממי	እሮር	acc.	ግ አ <i>ር</i> ሳ	r <b>~</b>	
	3721			+-			+				+			+			+			-+	3780
		TAGC'																			
	3781	ATCG		+-			+				+			+			+			+	3840
																				_	
	3841			+-			+				+			+			+			-+	3900
		GGAA										_									
	3901			+-			+	- <b>-</b> -			+			+			+			+	3960
		CCGA	AAG	\TGC	ACA	AGG															
		TGAA	GCT <i>I</i>	CAT	'ATA	TGT	ĠAI	CCG	:GGČ	CAAA	TCG	CTG	ATA	TTÇ	CTTT	TGT	CTC	CGA	CCAT	PC	
	3961	ACTT	CGAT	GTA	TAT	'ACA	CTA		CCC	 TTT	+ 'AGC	GAC	 ГТАТ	+ AAG	 GAAA	ACA	+	 3CT(	GGT#	·+	4020
									E	3											
									9												
									1		100	115 -								_	
	4021	<b>AGGC</b>	ACCI	GAG	TCG	CTG	TCI	TTT	TCC	TGA	CAT	TCA	GTTC	GCT	GCGC	TCA	CGG	CTC!	rggo	`A	4080
		TCCG																			
								<b>-</b> -	- p	ar	loc	us -									

## FIG. 5H

4081	GTGAATGGGGGTAAATGGCACTACAGGCGCCTTTTATGGATTCATGCAAGGAAACTACCC	4140
	CACTTACCCCCATTTACCGTGATGTCCGCGGAAAATACCTAAGTACGTTCCTTTGATGGG	4140
4141	ATAATACAAGAAAAGCCCGTCACGGGCTTCTCAGGGCGTTTTATGGCGGGTCTGCTATGT	4200
	TATTATGTTCTTTTCGGGCAGTGCCCGAAGAGTCCCGCAAAATACCGCCCAGACGATACA	
4201	GGTGCTATCTGACTTTTTGCTGTTCAGCAGTTCCTGCCCTCTGATTTTCCAGTCTGACCA	4260
	CCACGATAGACTGAAAAACGACAAGTCGTCAAGGACGGGAGACTAAAAGGTCAGACTGGT	
4261	CTTCGGATTATCCCGTGACAGGTCATTCAGACTGGCTAATGCACCCAGTAAGGCAGCGGT	4320
	GAAGCCTAATAGGGCACTGTCCAGTAAGTCTGACCGATTACGTGGGTCATTCCGTCGCCA N B	
	s s i a	
4321		4380
	TAGTAGTTGTCCGAATGGGCAGAATGACAGCTTCTGCACGCATTGCATACGTACCAGAGG	
	T1 hairpin	
4381	CCATGCGAGAGTAGGGAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATAAAACGAAAGGCTCAGTCGAAAGACT+	4440
	GGGCCTTTCGTTTTATCTGTTGTTGTTGTCGGTGAACGCTCTCCTGAGTAGGACAAATCCGC	4500
•	T1 stop>	
	P s	
	p 1 4	
	0	
	6 I	
4501	CGGGAGCGGATTTGAACGTTGCGAAGCAACGCCCGGAGGGTGGCGGGCAGGACGCCCGC	4560
	GCCCTCGCCTAAACTTGCAACGCTTCGTTGCCGGGCCTCCCACCGCCCGTCCTGCGGGCG	
	T2 hairpin	
1561	CATAAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATTAAGCAGAAGGCCATCCTGACGGATGGCCTTTTTGCGT	4620
42 <b>0</b> I	GTATTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTAATTCGTCTTCCGGTAGGACTGCCTACCGGAAAAACGCA T2 stop>	4020

FIG. 51

		A a	
		t	
		Ī	
	4621	TTCTACAAACTCTTTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGGACGTCGTACTTAAC	_
		AAGATGTTTGAGAAAACAAATAAAAAGATTTATGTAAGTTTATACCTGCAGCATGAATTG *	680
	4601	TTTTAAAGTATGGGCAATCAATTGCTCCTGTTAAAATTGCTTTAGAAATACTTTGGCAGC	
_	#001	AAAATTTCATACCCGTTAGTTAACGAGGACAATTTTAACGAAATTTCATACCAAAAGGAGAGAAA	740
đ	*-	S K F Y P C D I A G T L I A K S I S Q C luxR protein	
	4741	GGTTTGTTGTATTGAGTTTCATTTGCGCATTGGTTAAATGGAAAGTGACCGTGCGCTTAC	
đ		CCAAACAACATAACTCAAAGTAAACGCGTAACCCAATTTACCTTTCACTCCCCAACCCCCAATCC	800
_		R N T T N L K M Q A N T L H F T V T R K -	
	4801	TACAGCCTAATATTTTTGAAATATCCCAAGAGCTTTTTCCTTCGCATGCCCACGCTAAAC	360
đ		ATGTCGGATTATAAAAACTTTATAGGGTTCTCGAAAAAGGAAGCGTACGGGTGCGATTTG S C G L I K S I D W S S K G E C A W A L -	
	40.00	ATTCTTTTCTCTTTTGGTTAAATCGTTGTTTGATTTATTATTATTTCTCTATATTTTTTTT	
_	4861	TAAGAAAAAGAGAAAACCAATTTAGCAACAAACTAAATAATAAAAAAAA	20
đ		CEKERKTLDNNSKNNAINIK-	
	4921	GATAATTATCAACTAGAGAAGGAACAATTAATGGTATGTTCATACACGCATGTAAAAATA	
d		R V N D V I C D W T T TO THE TOTAL THREE TRANSPORTER TO THE TOTAL TRANS	080
		B s	
		m T	
	4981	AACTATCTATATAGTTGTCTTTCTCTGAATGTGCAAAACTAAGCATTCCCAAGCCATTAT	
d	1501	TTGATAGATATATCAACAGAAAGAGACTTACACGTTTTGATTCGTAAGGCTTCGGTAATA	40
u		L S D I Y N D K E S H A F S L M G F G N -	
	5041	TAGCAGTATGAATAGGGAAACTAAACCCAGTGATAAGACCTGATGATTTCGCTTCTTTAA	00
đ		ATCGTCATACTTATCCCTTTGATTTGGGTCACTATTCTGGACTACTAAAGCGAAGAAATT	00
		TTACATTTGGAGATTTTTTATTTACAGCATTGTTTTCAAATATATTCCAATTAATCGGTG	
	DIOI		60
đ		AATGTAAACCTCTAAAAAATAAATGTCGTAACAAAAGTTTATATAAGGTTAATTAGCCAC I V N P S K K N V A N N E F I N W N I P -	
	51 <i>6</i> 1	AATGATTGGAGTTAGAATAATCTACTATAGGATCATATTTTATTAAATTAGCGTCATCAT	
	2101	TTACTAACCTCAATCTTATTAGATGATATCCTAGTATAAAATAATTTAATCGCAGTAGTA	20
đ		S H N S N S Y D V I P D Y K I L N A D D -	

# FIG. 5J

	5221	AATATTGCCTCCATTTTTTAGGGTAATTATCCAGAATTGAAATATCAGATTTAACCATAG	000
đ		TTATAACGGAGGTAAAAATCCCATTAATAGGTCTTAACTTTATAGTCTAAATTGGTATC Y Y Q R W K K P Y N D L I S I D S K V M -	,60
		· r u t	
	5281	AATGAGGATAAATGATCGCGAGTAAATAATATTCACAATGTACCATTTTAGTCATATCAG TTACTCCTATTTACTAGCGCTCATTTATTATAAGTGTTACATGGTAAAATCAGTATAGTC	40
		ATAAGCATTGATTAATTATTGCTTCTACAGGCTTTAATTTTAATTATTCTGT	
	5341	TATTCGTAACTAATTATAGTAATAACGAAGATGTCCGAAATTAAAATAATTAAT	00
	5401	AAGTGTCGTCGGCATTTATGTCTTTCATACCCATCTCTTTATCCTTACCTATTGTTTGT	60
		GCAAGTTTTGCGTGTTATATATCATTAAAACGGTAATAGATTGACATTTGATTCTAATAA+++++++	20
	11	uxR mRNA start sites	
	5521	CRP Binding Site	80
	lux  5581	C B  Promoter (luxPR)> 1 b  operator site -35 -10 a a     I I  TAGGATCGTACAGGTTTACGCAAGAAAATGGTTTGTTATAGTCGATTAATCGATTTGATT	40
		ATCCTAGCATGTCCAAATGCGTTCTTTTACCAAACAATATCAGCTAATTAGCTAAACTAA   1209-85>   mRNA start	
		NdeI I	
	5641	CTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGATCGCTCCACCATGCACCAG  570 GATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACTAGCGAGGTGGTACGTGGTC	00
b		M I A P P C T S -	
	5701	TGAGAAGCATTATGAGCATCTGGGACGGTGCTGTAACAAATGTGAACCAGGAAAGTACAT	60
b		EKHYEHLGRCCNKCEPGKYM-	

# FIG. 5K

	5761	GTCTTCTAAATGCACTACTACCTCTGACAGTGTATGTCTGCCCTGTGGCCCGGATGAATA  1++++++																				
	3/61	CAG	AAG	ATT	TAC	GTG	ATG	ATG	GAG	ACT	GTC	ACA	TAC	AGA	+ CGG	GAC	ACC	GGG	CCI	ACI	TAT	5820
b		s	·s	ĸ	С	Т	т	Т	s	D	s	v	С	L	P	c	G	P	D	E	Y	_
	E001	CTI	GGA	TAG	CTG	GAA	TGA	AGA	AGA	TAA	ATG	СТТ	GCT	'GCA	TAA	AGT	TTG	TGA	TAC	AGG	CAA	
*	2871	GAA	CCI	ATC	GAC	CTI	ACI	TCI	TCT	TTA'	TAC	GAA	.CGA	CGT	+ ATT	TCA	AAC	-+- ACT	ATG	TCC	+ GTT	5880
b		L	D	s	W	N	E	E	D	K	С	L	L	Н	K	V	С	D	T	G	K	_
																	Α	paL	I			
		GGC	CCT	'GGT	GGC	CGT	GGT	'CGC	CGG	CAA	CAG	TAC	GAC	CCC	CCG	GCG	CTG	CGC	 GTG	CAC	:GGC	
	5881		GGA	CCA	.CCG	GCA	CCA	-+- .GCG	GCC	 GTT	+ GTC	ATG	 CTG	GGG	+ GGC	CGC	 GAC	-+- GCG	CAC	GTG	+ CCG	5940
b			L	v		V		A		N		т	т	P	R	R		A		T	A	_
			Kpn	Į																		
	Aco	:65I 																				
	5941	TGG	GTA	.ĊCA	CTG +									CCG							GGG	6000.
		ACC	CAT	GGT	GAC	CTC	GGT	CCT	GAC	GCT	CAC	GAC	GGC	GGC	GTT	GTG	GCT	CAC	GCG	CGG	ccc	
b		G	Y	H	W	S	Q	D	С	E	С	С	R	R	N	Т	E	C	A	,P	G	-
		CCT	GGG	CGC	CCA	GCA	CCC	GTT	GCA	GCT	CAA	CAA	GGA	CAC	AGT	GTG	CAA	ACC'	TTG	ССТ	TGC	
	6001				+			_ 1														
		GGA	CCC	GCG	GGT	CGT	GGG	CAA	CGT	CGA	+ GTT	GTT	CCT	GTG	rca(	CAC	 GTT'	-+- TGG	AAC	 GGA	+ ACG	6060
b		GGA	CCC	GCG	GGT	CGT	GGG	CAA	CGT	CGA	GTT	GTT	CCT	GTG'	rca(	CAC	GTT'	TGG.	AAC	GGA	+ ACG A	
b		GGA L AGG	GCC	GCG A	GGT Q CTC	CGT H TGA	GGG P TGC	CAA L CTT	CGT Q TTC	CGA L CTC	GTT N CAC	GTT K GGA	D CAA	GTG' T ATG(	rca v cag	CAC(	GTT K CTG	TGG: P GAC(	AAC C CAA	GGA L CTG	ACG A TAC	-
b	6061	GGA L AGG	CCC G CTA	GCG A CTT	GGT Q CTC +	CGT H TGA	GGG P TGC	CAA L CTT	CGT Q TTC	CGA	STT N CAC	GTT( K GGA(	D CAA	GTG' T ATG	V CAG	C C ACC	GTT' K CTG	TGG: P GAC:	AAC C CAA	GGA L CTG	ACG A TAC	
b b	6061	GGA L AGG TCC	CCC G CTA  GAT	GCG A CTT	GGT Q CTC + GAG	H TGA ACT.	GGG P TGC	L CTT -+- GAA	Q TTC AAG	CGA	STT N CAC CAC	GTT(  K  GGA(  CCT(	CCT(  D  CAA;	GTG' T ATG	V CAGA	CACC C ACCC IGGG	GTT K CTG GAC	TGG: P GAC:	AAC C CAA	GGA L CTG  GAC	ACG A TAC	-
	6061	GGA L AGG TCC	GCC GCTA GAT	GCG A CTT GAA F	GGT Q CTC + GAG.	H TGA ACT.	GGG P TGC ACG	CAA L CTT -+- GAA F	Q TTC AAG	CGA L CTC GAG	STTO N CACO + STGO T	GTT(  K  GGA(  CCT(  D	CCTO  D  CAA:  GTT:  K	T ATGO TACO	V CAG + GTC	CACC C ACCC IGGG	GTT'  K CTGG GACG	TGG.  P GACC -+ CTGC	AAC C CAA GTT N	GGA L CTG  GAC C	ACG A TAC+ ATG	-
	6061	AGG TCC	CCC G CTA GAT GAT Y CCT	GCG A CTT GAA F TGG	GGT Q CTC + GAG. S AAA	H TGA ACT. D GAG.	GGG- P TGC- ACG- A AGTA	CAA L CTT GAA F AGA	Q TTC AAG S	CGAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	STTO N CACO STGO T	K GGA CCT D GAC	CCTO  CAA:  GTT:  K  AGAG	T ATGO TACO C GAAA	V CAGA H GTC R ATC H	CACC C ACCC FGGC P	GTT'  K CTGG GACG W	TGG. P GACC T T GGTT	AAC CAA GTT N	GGA L CTG GAC C	ACG A TAC+ ATG T TTC+	-
		GGA L AGG TCC	CCC  G CTA GAT  Y CCT GGA	GCG A CTT GAA F TGG. ACC	GGT Q CTC + GAG. S AAA	H TGA ACT. D GAG.	GGG- P TGC- ACG- A AGTA	CAA L CTT GAA F AGA TCT	Q TTC AAG S	CGA L CTC GAG S TCA	N CACO	K GGA CCT D GAC	CCTO  CAA:  GTT:  K  AGAG	T ATGO TACO C GAAA	V CAG F GTC R ATC FAG	CACC C ACCC FGGC P	GTT'  K CTGG GACG W	TGG. P GACC T T GGTT	CAAGGTTG	GGA L CTG GAC C	ACG A TAC+ ATG T TTC+	- 6120 -
b		AGG TCC	CCC  G CTA GAT  Y CCT GGA	GCG A CTT GAA F TGG. ACC	GGT Q CTC' + GAG. S AAA:	H TGA ACT. D GAG.	GGG- P TGC- ACG- A AGTA	CAA L CTT GAA F AGA TCT	CGT Q TTC AAG S ACA	CGA L CTC GAG S TCA	N CACO	K GGA CCT D GAC	CCTO  CAA  GTT  K  AGAO	TACC CAAA	V CAG STC R ATC FAG S	CACC C ACCC FGGC P CGAC	K CTGG GACG W IGTG	TGG. P GACC T GGTT	CAAGGTTG	GGA  L CTG GAC  C CAG GTC	ACG A TAC+ ATG T TTC+ AAG	- 6120 -
b		AGG TCC	CCC  G CTA GAT  Y CCT GGA	GCG A CTT GAA F TGG. ACC	GGT Q CTC' + GAG. S AAA:	H TGA ACT. D GAG.	GGG- P TGC- ACG- A AGTA	CAA L CTT GAA F AGA TCT	CGT Q TTC AAG S ACA	CGA L CTC GAG S TCA	N CACO	K GGA CCT D GAC	CCTO  CAA  GTT  K  AGAO	TACC CAAA	V CAG STC R ATC FAG S	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	K CTGG GACG W IGTG	TGG. P GACC T GGTT	CAAGGTTG	GGA  L CTG GAC  C CAG GTC	ACG A TAC+ ATG T TTC+ AAG	- 6120 -
b		GGA  AGG  TCC  G  CTTT  GAA  F	CCC G CTA GAT Y CCT GGA L	GCG A CTT GAA F TGG. ACC G	GGT Q CTC' GAG. S AAAA + TTT K	H TGA ACT: D GAG. CTC	GGGG P TGCCAACG A AGTICA V	CAA  L CTT -+ GAA  F AGA TCT E	Q TTCC AAGG S ACA H H ACC	CGA L CTCC GAG S TCA AGT H	N CACCO	K GGAG CCTG T	D CAAA K K AGAGAC E	T ATGG C C GAAA K K	V CAGA STC: R ATCO FAGG Sal	CACCO C ACCOO P CCGA:	K CTGG GAC W TGTG ACAC	P GACCTGC T T CCA.	C CAACTO	GGA L CTG GAC C CAG GTC S TCA	ACG A TAC+ ATG TTC+ AAG S	- 6120 -
b	6121	GGA L AGG TCC G CTT GAA	CCC G CTA GAT Y CCT GGA L	GCG A CTT GAA F TGG. ACC G	GGT Q CTC' GAG. S AAAA + TTT K	H TGA ACT: D GAG. CTC	GGGG P TGCGAACGA A AGTA TCA V	CAA  L CTT -+ GAA  F AGA TCT E	Q TTCC AAAG S ACA H ACC	CGA L CTCC GAG S TCA AGT H	N CACCO	K GGAG CCTG T	D CAAA K K AGAGAC E	T ATGG C C GAAA K K	V CAGA STC: R ATCO FAGG Sal	CACCO C ACCOO P CCGA:	K CTGG GAC W TGTG ACAC	P GACCTGC T T CCA.	C CAACTO	GGA L CTG GAC C CAG GTC S TCA	ACG A TAC+ ATG TTC+ AAG S	- 6120 - 6180
b		GGA L AGG TCC G CTTT GAA	GCCC G CTA GAT Y CCT GGA L	GCG A CTT GAA F TGG ACC	Q CTC' + GAG. S AAAA + TTTC	H TGA ACT D GAG CTC	GGGG P TGC: ACG A AGTI TCA V	L CTT -+- GAA F AGA -+- TCT	Q TTCC AAAG S ACA TGTA	CGA  L CTCC GAG S TCA AGT	N CACC GTG T TGGG ACCC	K GGA( CCT)  D GAC CTG	D CAAL GTT K AGAG TCTC	T ATGG TTACG C GAAAA CTTTT K	V CAGA + GTC R ATCO FACTOR Sal	CACCO C ACCO P CGAM CCT D CCI	K CTGC GACC W TGTC	P GACO	CAAC CCAAC GTT N TTGC	GGA L CTG GAC C CAG GTC S	ACG A TAC+ ATG T TTC+ AAG	- 6120 -
b	6121	GGA L AGG TCCC G CTTCC GAA F	CCC G CTA GAT Y CCT GGA L TCT AGA	GCG A CTT GAA F TGG. ACC G GCC.	GGT Q CTC' GAG. S AAA(+ TTTT' K	H TGA ACT: D GAG. CTC' R	GGGG P TGCC ACG A AGTA TCA V	CAA  L CTT -+- GAA  F AGA -+- TCT E	Q TTTC AAG S ACA TGT H	CGA L CTCC GAG S TCA AGT H AAAA	STTO N CACO GTG T TIGGO ACCO G	K GGAG CCTG D GACC T T ACCC	CCTC D CAAA GTT K AGAGA FCTCTC E CCAT	T ATGGTTACC	V CAGA FINA R ATCO FINA S A ATCO S A A ATCO S A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	CACCO C ACCO P CGA: GCT2 CGTC V	K CTGG W TGTC ACAC V CGAC	P GACO	AAC C CAA GTT N TTGG AAC C AAC TTGG	GGA L CTG GAC C CAG GTC S TCAG H	ACG A TAC+ ATG TTC+ AAG S	- 6120 - 6180 -

FIG. 5L

						В	spE.	I						Ah	ďI							
	6241	ATG	TCC.	ACC																		
	0241	TAC	AGG'	TGG		AGG				TGA	.GGA	ccc	ccc	TGG	CAG	TCA	GAA	-+- GGA	GAA	GGG	GGG	6300
b		С	Ρ.	P	С	P	A	P	E	L	L	G	G	P	S	٧	F	L	F	P	P	_
						Bsp																
	6301	AAA	ACC	CAA	GGA	CAC	CŤ(	CAT	GAT	CTC	CCG	GAC	CCC	TGA	GGT	CAC	ATG					6260
	0301	TTT																				6360
b		K	P	K	D	T	L	M	I	S	R	T	P	E	V	T	С	V	Ÿ	V	D	-
	6361	CGT	GAG	CCA	CGA	AGAC	CC	rga(	GGT	CAA	GTT	CAA	CTG	GTA	CGT	GGA	CGG	CGT	GGA	GGT	GCA	
	0301	GCA	CTC	GGT	GCT	CTC	GGZ	ACTY	CCA	GTT	CAA	GTT	GAC	CAT	+ GCA	CCT	GCC	GCA	CCT	CCA	CGT	6420
b		v	S	Н	E	ם	P	E	v	ĸ	F	N	W	Y	v	D	G	v	E	v	Н	-
	C 4 2 1	TAA'	TGC	CAA	GAC	AAAC	CCC	GCG(	GGA	GGA	GCA	GTA	CAA	CAG	ÇAC	GTA	CCG'	rg T	GGT	CAGO	CGT	
	6421	ATT	ACG	STT(	+ CTG	rtt	GGG	CGC	CCT	CCT	+ CGT	CAT	GTT	GTC	+ GTG	 CAT	GGC	-+- ACA	CCA	GTC	+ GCA	6480
b		N	A	ĸ	T	ĸ	P	R	E	E	Q	Y	N	s	т	Y	R	v	v	s	v	_
					m	7.																
					Ecol	Ĩ																
	6481	CCT			+			-+			+				+			-+			+	6540
		GGA	GTG(	3CA(	GGA(	CGTC	GTC	CTC	GAC	CGA	CTT.	ACC	GTT	CCT	CAT	GTT(	CAC	GTT(	CCA	GAGO	TT	
b		L	Т	V	L	Н	Q	D	W	L	N	G	K	E	Y	K	С	K	V	S	N	-
	6541	CAA	AGCC	CT	CCC2	4GCC	CCC	TATC	CGA	GAA	AAC	CAT	CTC	CAA	AGC	CAA	AGG	GCA(	GCC	CCGA		6600
		GTT:	rcgo	GA(	GG?																	
b		K	A	L	P	A	P	I	E	K	Т	I	S	K	A	K	G	Q	P	R	E	-
			Bsi	:GĮ					Bı	Sma maĮ	aI 					Se	κΑĮ					
		ACC	ACAG	) GTY	CATE	CACC	СТС	CCC	CC	) ATC	CCG	GGA'	TGA	GCT	GAC	CAAC	JAAC	CAC	GTC	CAGC	СТ	
	6601	TGG																				6660
b		P	Q	V	Y	т	L	P	P	s	R	D	E	L	Т	ĸ	N	Q	v	s	L	-
		GAC	CTGC	сто	GTC	:AAA	.GGC	TTC	CTA:	TCC	CAG	CGA	CAT	CGC	CGTY	GGA(	GTG	GA(	GAGO	CAAT	'GG	
	6661	CTG																				6720
b		T	С	L	v	K	G	F	Y	P	s	D	I	A	v	E	W	E	s	N	G	_
		GCA																				C700
	6721	CGT																				0780

FIG. 5M

р		Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D S D G S F I	? <u>-</u>
	6781	CCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCAT	
	0,01	GGAGATGTCGTTCGAGTGGCACCTGTTCTCGTCCACCGTCGTCCCCTTGCAGAAGAGT	-+ 6840 AC
р		LYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS	
	6841	CTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTC	+ 6900
ь		GAGGCACTACGTACTCCGAGACGTGTTGGTGATGTGCGTCTTCTCGGAGAGGGACAGAC S V M H E A L H N H Y T O K S L S L S I	
•		BamHI	-
	C001	   GGGTAAATAATGGATCCGCGGAAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGCCCGAAAGGAAGCTC	;A
	6901	CCCATTTATTACCTAGGCGCCTTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCGGGCTTTCCTTCGAC	+ 6960 T
þ		G K * BlpI	
		T7 hairpin	
	6961	GTTGGCTGCCACCGCTGAGCAATAACTAGCATAACCCCTTGGGGCCTCTAAACGGG	+ 7020
		CAACCAACGACGGIGGCGACICGIIAIIGATCGIATTGGGGGAACCCCGGAGATTIGCCC	:A ->
	7021		+ 7080
•		GAACTCCCCAAAAAACGACTTTCCTCCTTGGCGAGAAGTGCGAGAAGTGCGCCTATTTA	T
		toop hairpin	.>
	7081	AGTAACGATCCGGTCCAGTAATGACCTCAGAACTCCATCTGGATTTGTTCAGAACGCTC	+ 7140
		TCATTGCTAGGCCAGGTCATTACTGGAGTCTTGAGGTAGACCTAAACAAGTCTTGCGAG	С
		toop hairpin <	C
	7141	CAACGCCGCCAAAAAATAACCACTCTTAGCGTCGTTGAACAGCGCGGTTAGCTCG	+ 7200
		toop stop>	
	7201	ATGTCGTCGTCAACGACCCCCCATTCAAGAACAGCAAGCA	C + 7260
		TACAGCAGCAGTTGCTGGGGGGTAAGTTCTTGTCGTTCGT	
	7261	CAGTCCCTCTTCCACCTGCTGACCG	
	1201	GTCAGGGAGAAGGTGGACGACTGGC	

### FIG. 6A

[<u>Aat</u>II sticky end] 5' GCGTAACGTATGCATGGTCTCC-(position #4358 in pAMG21) 3' TGCACGCATTGCATACGTACCAGAGG-

- $-{\tt CCATGCGAGAGTAGGGAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATAAACGAAAGGCTCAGTCGAAAGACT--GGTACGCTCTCATCCCTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTATTTTGCTTTTCCGAGTCAGCTTTCTGA--$
- -GGGCCTTTCGTTTATCTGTTGTTGTCGGTGAACGCTCTCCTGAGTAGGACAAATCCGC--CCCGGAAAGCAAAATAGACAACAAACAGCCACTTGCGAGAGGACTCATCCTGTTTAGGCG-
- -CATAAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATTAAGCAGAAGGCCATCCTGACGGATGGCCTTTTTGCGT--GTATTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTAATTCGTCTTCCGGTAGGACTGCCTACCGGAAAAACGCA-

# Aatii -TTCTACAAACTCTTTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGGACGTCGTACTTAAC-AAGATGTTTGAGAAAACAAATAAAAAGATTTATGTAAGTTTATACCTGCAGCATGAATTG-

- $\mathtt{TTTTAAAGTATGGGCAATCAATTGCTCCTGTTAAAATTGCTTTAGAAATACTTTGGCAGC-AAAATTTCATACCCGTTAGTTAACGAGGACAATTTTAACGAAATCTTTATGAAACCGTCG-$
- $-\mathsf{GGTTTGTTGTATTGAGTTCATTTGCGCATTGGTTAAATGGAAAGTGACCGTGCGCTTTAC-\\-\mathsf{CCAAACAACATAACTCAAAGTAAACGCGTAACCAATTTACCTTTCACTGGCACGCGAATG-\\$
- $\mathtt{TACAGCCTAATATTTTGAAATATCCCAAGAGCTTTTTCCTTCGCATGCCCACGCTAAC-ATGTCGGATTATAAAAACTTTATAGGGTTCTCGAAAAAGGAAGCGTACGGGTGCGATTTG-$
- $-\mathsf{GATAATTATCAACTAGAGAAGGAACAATTAATGGTATGTTCATACACGCATGTAAAAATA-\\-\mathsf{CTATTAATAGTTGATCTCTTTCTTGTTAATTACCATACAAGTATGTGCGTACATTTTTAT-\\$
- $-{\tt TAGCAGTATGAATAGGGAAACTAAACCCAGTGATAAGACCTGATGATTTCGCTTCTTTAA-ATCGTCATACTTATCCCTTTGATTTGGGTCACTATTCTGGACTACTAAAGCGAAGAAATT-$
- $TTACATTTGGAGATTTTTTATTTACAGCATTGTTTTCAAATATATTCCAATTAATCGGTG-\\-AATGTAAACCTCTAAAAAAATAAATGTCGTAACAAAAGTTTATATAAGGTTAATTAGCCAC-$
- -AATATTGCCTCCATTTTTTAGGGTAATTATCCAGAATTGAAATATCAGATTTAACCATAG--TTATAACGGAGGTAAAAAATCCCATTAATAGGTCTTAACTTTATAGTCTAAATTTGGTATC-
- -AATGAGGATAAATGATCGCGAGTAAATAATATCACAATGTACCATTTTAGTCATATCAG--TTACTCCTATTTACTAGCGCTCATTTATTATAAGTGTTACATGGTAAAATCAGTATAGTC-

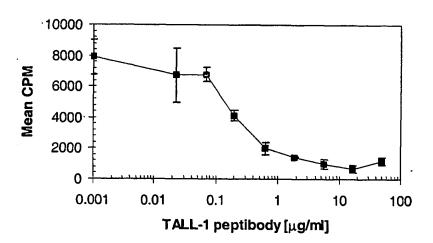
PCT/US02/15273

### FIG. 6B

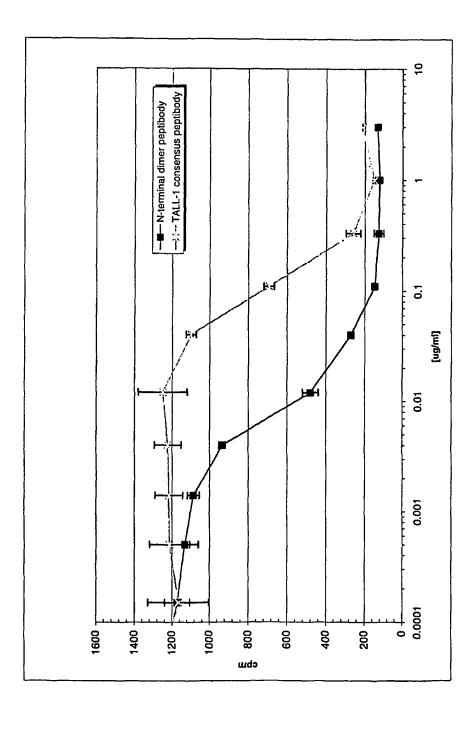
- $-\mathtt{ATTGGATTTTTGTCACACTATTATATCGCTTGAAATACAATTGTTTAACATAAGTACCTG--TAACCTAAAAACAGTGTGATAATATAGCGAACTTTATGTTAACAAATTGTATTCATGGAC--$
- $-{\tt TAGGATCGTACAGGTTTACGCAAGAAAATGGTTTGTTATAGTCGATTAATCGATTTGATT-ATCCTAGCATGTCCAAATGCGTTCTTTTACCAAACAATATCAGCTAATTAGCTAAACTAA-}\\$
- $-\mathtt{CTAGATTTGTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGTTAACGCGTTGGAATTCGA-GATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCAATTGCGCAACCTTAAGCT-$
- $GCTCACTAGTGTCGACCTGCAGGGTACCATGGAAGCTTACTCGAGGATCCGCGGAAAGAA-\\ CGAGTGATCACAGCTGGACGTCCCATGGTACCTTCGAATGAGCTCCTAGGCGCCCTTTCTT-$

- -AACCGCTCTTCACGC 3' [SacII sticky end]
  -TTGGCGAGAAGTGCGAGAAGTG 5' (position #5904 in pAMG21)

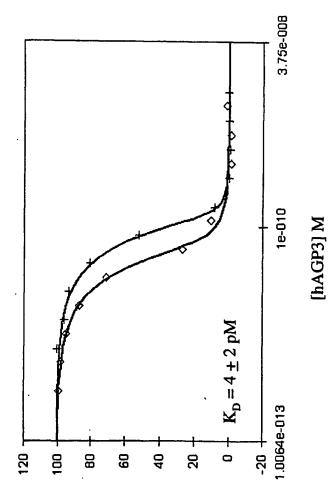
FIG. 7











Percentage of free AGP3 peptibody



FIG. 10A

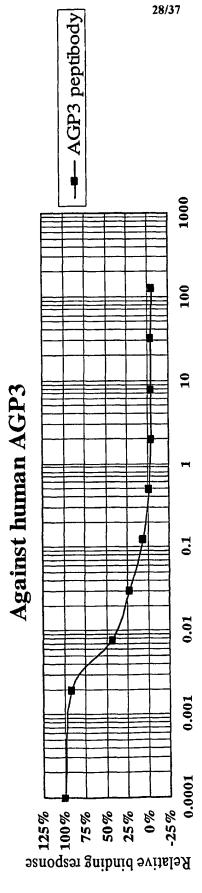


FIG. 10B

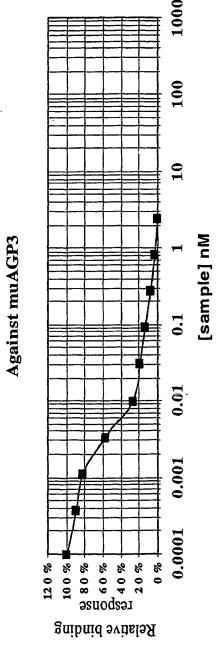


FIG. 11A

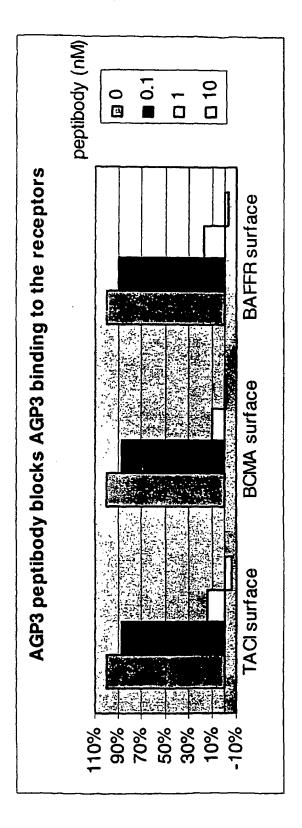


FIG. 11B

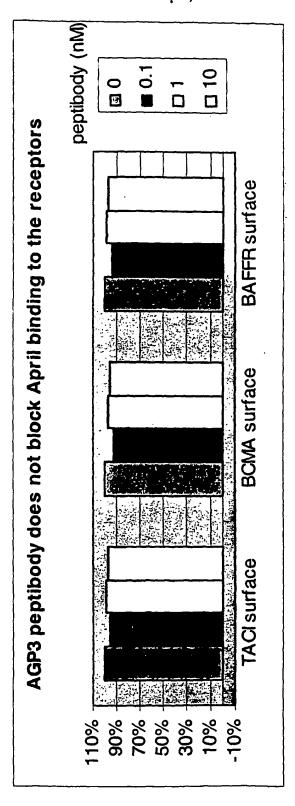
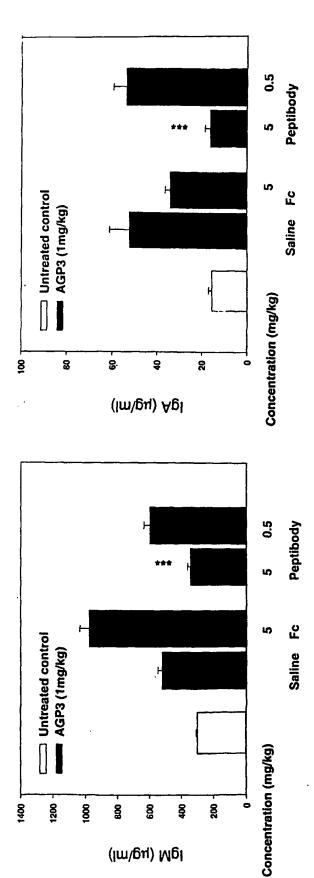


FIG. 12A

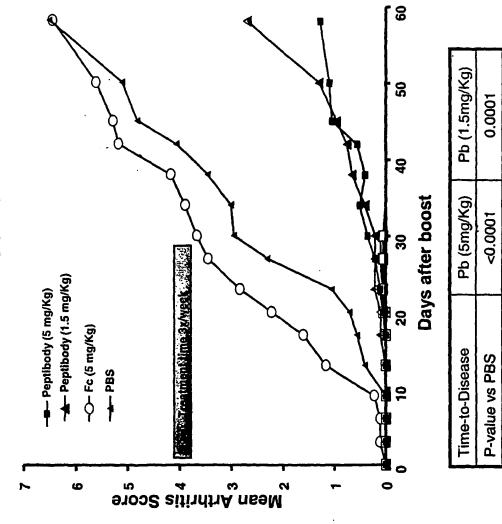


0.0004

<0.0001

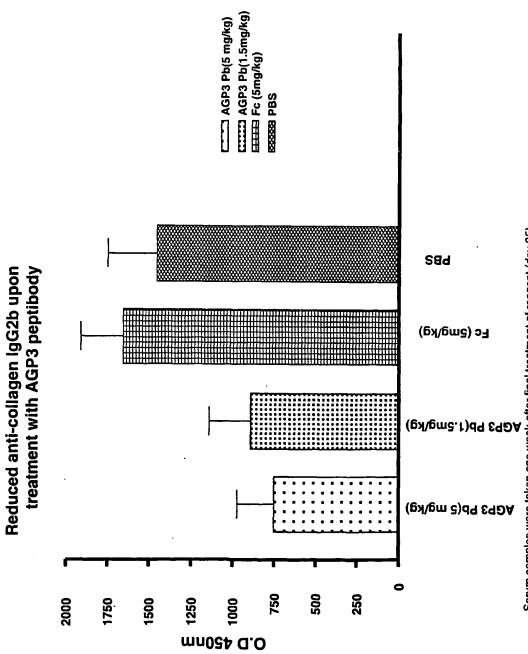
P-value vs Fc

FIG. 13



Note: p-value based on log-rank test

FIG. 14



Serum samples were taken one week after final treatment of reagent (day 35). The graph above is representative of the IgG1, IgG3, and IgG2a isotypes as well.

Fig. 15A

Fig. 15B

Delayed proteinuria with AGP3 protein blockers

← Fc control (5 mg/kg)

- PBS

AGP3 Pb(5 mg/kg)

Percent proteinuria (>300mg/dl)

Prolonged survival with AGP3 blockers

100
90
90
40
30
20
10
10
10
0
6
7
8
9
10
10

35/37

Time-to-Death	Pb
p-value vs PBS	0.3685
p-value vs Fc	0.0159

0.0108

p-value vs PBS

P-vs Fc

Pp

Proteinuria Incidence

0.0573

2

Months of age

P-value based Fisher's Exact test

log-rank test		
based		
P-value	:	

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# FIG. 16A

																			Bam	uτ	
1	AT	GCT	TCC	AGG	CTG	CAA	GTG	GGA	TCI	TCI	TAT	LAT1	AGC	ATG	GG1	PTAT				TGGA	60
	TA	CGA	AGG	TCC	GAC	GT1	CAC	CCI	'AGA	AGA	ATA	\AT7	rcg	TAC	CCA	TAC	GCT	AGG	TGA	ACCT	60
	M	r.	P	G	С	К	W	D	L	L	I	K	Q	W	v	С	D	P	L	G	-
61	TC	CGG	TTC	TGC	TAC	TGG	TGG	TTC	CGG	CTC	CAC	CCGC	CAAC	CTC	TGG	TTC	AGG	CAG	TGC	GACT	
-	AG	GCC.	AAG	ACG	ATG	ACC	ACC	AAG	GCC	GAG	GTO	GCG	TTC	GAG	ACC	AAG	TCC	GTC	ACG	CTGA	120
	S	G	s	A	T	G	G	s	G	s	T	A	s	s	G	s	G	Ś	A	т	_
N	deI ì																				
121	CA'	rat	GCT	GCC	GGG	TTG	TAA	ATG	GGA	CCI	GCI	GAT	CAA	ACA	GTG	GGI	TTG	TGA	ccc	GCTG	100
	GT	ATA	CGA	CGG	CCC	AAC	ATT	TÃC	CCI	'GGA	CGA	СТА	GTT	TGT	CAC	CCA	AAC	ACT	GGG	CGAC	180
	Н	M	L	P	G	С	ĸ	À	D	Ļ	L	I	K	Q	W	V	С	D	P	L	-
					Sa	lI i															
181																				ACTC	240
																				TGAG	240
	G	G	G	G	G	V	D	K	т	H	Т	С	P	P	С	P	A	P	E	L	-
241																	CCT			CTCC	300
	GA	CCC	CCC	TGG	CAG	TCA	GAA	GGA	GAA	.GGG	GGG	TTT	TGG	GTT	CCT	GTG	GGA	GTA	CTA	GAGG	
	L	G	G	P	S	V	F	L	F	Þ	P	K	P	ĸ	D	т	L	M	I	S	-
301																				CAAG	360
	GC	CTG	GG()	ACT	CCA	GTG	TAC	GCA	CCA	.CCA	CCT	'GCA	CTC	GGT	GCT	TCT	GGG.	ACT	CCA	GTTC	
	R	Т	P	E	V	Т	С	V	V	V	D	V	s	Н	E	D	P	E	V	K	-
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	F	N	W	Y	V	D	G	V	E	V	Н	N	A	K	T	K	P	R	E	E	-
421																				GCTG	480
																				CGAC	
	$^{\circ}$	v	N	C	ጥ	v	Ð	17	17	C	3.7	τ.	T	7.7	т.	н	$\circ$	ח	TAT	T.	_

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# FIG. 16B

481			CAA	.GGA																.GAAA			
			GTT	CCT	CAT	GTT	CAC	GTI	CCA	GAC	GTI	GTI	TCG	GGA	GGG	TCC	GGG	GTA	GCT	+ CTTT	540		
	N	Ğ	K	E	Y	ĸ	С	K	V	S	N	ĸ	A	L	P	A	P	I	E	K	-		
541	AC	CAT	CTC	CAA -+-	AGC	CAA	AGG	GCA	GCC	CCG	AGA	ACC	ACA	GGT	GTA	CAC	CCT	GCC	CCC.	ATCC	600		
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001	GC	CCT	ACT	CGA	CTG	GTT	СТТ	GGT	CCA	GTC	GGA	CTG	GAC	GGA	CCA	GTT	TCC	GAA	GAT.	AGGG	660		
	R	D	E	L	т	K	N	Q	V	S	L	T	С	L	V	K	G	F	Y	P	-		
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	TC	GCT(	GTA	GCG	GCA	CCT	CAC														, 20		
	s	D	I	A	•	E	W	E	S	N	_	-				N	_		_	•	-		
721				-+-			+				+			-+-			+			CAAG	780		
									GAG	GAA	GAA	GGA	GAT	GTC	GTT	CGA	GTG	GCA	CCT	GTTC			
		P						_	S	_	_	_	Y	_	K	L	T	V	D	K	-		
781				-+-			+				+			-+-			+			CAAC	840		
	TCC	STC	CAC	CGT	CGT	CCC	CTT	GCA	GAA	GAG	TAC	GAG	GCA	CTA	CGT	ACT	CCG	AGA	CGT	GTTG			
	S		W	~	-	-	N		F	_						E	A	L	Н	N	-		
841				-+			+				+			-+-	- 8	82							
		SATO													T								
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Gly	Cys 2210	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala 2215	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 2220	Gly	Ala	Ala
Thr	Gly 2225	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ala 2230	Ala	Суѕ	Thr	Ala	Cys 2235	Thr	Thr	Cys
Ala	Thr 2240	Cys	Ala	Thr	Cys	Gly 2245	Cys	Thr	Gly	Thr	Cys 2250	Ala	Gly	Thr
	Thr 2255	Thr	Сув	Thr	Cys	Gly 2260	Cys	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala 2265	Ala	Gly	Thr
Thr	Cys 2270	Thr	Сув	Ala	Gly	Thr 2275	Ala	Сув	Ala	Cys	Gly 2280		Thr	Cys
Gly	Thr 2285	Ala	Ala	Gly	Суѕ	Gly 2290	Gly	Суз	Cys	Суѕ	Thr 2295	Gly	Ala	Cys
Gly	Gly 2300		Сув	Cys	Gly	Cys 2305	Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys	Gly 2310	Cys	Gly	Gly
Ala	Gly 2315		Thr	Ala	Суѕ	Gly 2320	Cys	Сув	Суѕ	Суз	Gly 2325	Ala	Сув	Thr
Thr	Cys 2330		Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala 2335	Ala	Ala	Суѕ	Cys	Cys 2340	Thr	Cys	Gly
Thr	Cys 2345		Gly	Gly	Ala	Cys 2350		Ala	Cys	Thr	Cys 2355		Gly	Ala
Суз	Cys 2360	_	Cys	Gly	Cys	Ala 2365	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala 2370	Gly	Cys	Thr
Суз	Thr 2375		Thr	Сув	Ala	Thr 2380	Gly	Gly	Cys	Thr	Gly 2385	Ala	Ala	Ala
Gly	Cys 2390		Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala 2395		Gly	Gly	Thr	Cys 2400		Gly	Gly
Cys	Ala 2405		Gly	Gly	Cys	Thr 2410		Gly	Gly	Gly	Ala 2415		Gly	Gly
Gly	Thr 2420		Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 2425	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr 2430		Thr	Ala

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Thr	Cys 2435	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala 2440	Gly	Thr	Ala	Cys	Cys 2445	Gly	Gly	Суѕ
Thr	Thr 2450	Ala	Cys	Gly	Cys	Cys 2455	Gly	Gly	Gly	Cys	Thr 2460	Thr	Cys	Gly
Gly	Cys 2465	Gly	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr 2470	Thr	Ala	Cys	Thr	Cys 2475		Thr	Gly
Thr	Thr 2480	Thr	Суѕ	Ala	Thr	Ala 2485	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala 2490	Ala	Ala	Cys
Ala	Ala 2495	Суз	Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 2500	Cys	Ala	Cys	Cys	Gly 2505	Cys	Сув	Thr
Thr	Cys 2510	Cys	Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys 2515	Cys	Gly	Суз	Thr	Gly 2520	Ala	Thr	Gly
Cys	Gly 2525	Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr	Ala 2530	Thr	Суѕ	Сув	Thr	Gly 2535	Gly	Thr	Ala
	2540					Thr 2545					2550			
Thr	Thr 2555	Ala	Thr	Ala	Сув	Ala 2560	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gly	Thr 2565	Ala	Thr	Ala
Thr	Ala 2570	Cys	Gly	Thr	Gly	Gly 2575	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly 2580	Ala	Сув	Ala
	2585					Gly 2590	_		_		2595	_		
	2600					Thr 2605			-		2610	_	-	_
	2615					Thr 2620					2625			
Cys	Ala 2630	Сув	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala 2635	Thr	Cys	Ala	Ala	Thr 2640	Ala	Thr	Cys
Gly	Gly 2645	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly 2650	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Ala 2655	Ala	Gly	Ala
Ala	Cys 2660	Thr	Cys	Cys	Ala	Gly 2665	Суѕ	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala 2670	Gly	Ala	Thr
Cys	Cys 2675	Сув	Cys	Gly	Cys	Gly 2680	Cys	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala 2685	Gly	Gly	Ala

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Thr	Cys 2690	Ala	Thr	Суѕ	Сув	Ala 2695	Gly	Суз	Суз	Gly	Gly 2700	Сув	Gly	Thr
Cys	Cys 2705	Cys	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala 2710	Ala	Ala	Cys	Gly	Ala 2715	Thr	Thr	Cys
Cys	Gly 2720	Ala	Ala	Gly	Cys	Cys 2725	Cys	Ala	Ala	Cys	Cys 2730	Thr	Thr	Thr
Cys	Ala 2735	Thr	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala 2740	Gly	Gly	Суз	Gly	Gly 2745	Cys	Gly	Gly
Thr	Gly 2750		Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys 2755		Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr 2760	Cys	Thr	Сув
Gly	Thr 2765		Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly 2770	Суѕ	Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 2775	Thr	Gly	Gly
Gly	Cys 2780	Gly	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys 2785	Thr	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr 2790	Cys	Gly	Gly
Thr	Cys 2795		Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 2800	Gly	Ala	Ala	Cys	Суs 2805	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly	Ala 2810		Thr	Суз	Cys	Cys 2815	Gly	Сув	Thr	Cys	Ala 2820	Gly	Ala	Ala
Gly	Ala 2825	Ala	Cys	Thr	Cys	Gly 2830	Thr	Сув	Ala	Ala	Gly 2835	Ala	Ala	Gly
Gly	Cys 2840	Gly	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 2845	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Cys 2850	Gly	Ala	Thr
Gly	Cys 2855	Gly	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys 2860	Gly	Ala	Ala	Thr	Сув 2865	Gly	Gly	Gly
Ala	Gly 2870		Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly 2875	Ala	Thr	Ala	Cys	Суs 2880	Gly	Thr	Ala
Ala	Ala 2885	_	Cys	Ala	Cys	Gly 2890		Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala 2895	Gly	Суѕ	Gly
Gly	Thr 2900		Ala	Gly	Cys	Cys 2905	Cys	Ala	Thr	Thr	Cys 2910	Gly	Cys	Cys
Gly	Cys 2915	Суз	Ala	Ala	Gly	Cys 2920	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr	Суs 2925	Ala	Gly	Суѕ
Ala	Ala 2930		Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala 2935	Суз		Gly		Thr 2940	Ala	Gly	Cys

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Суѕ	Ala 2945	Ala	Cys	Gly	Cys	Thr 2950	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr	Cys 2955	Cys	Thr	Gly
Ala	Thr 2960	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Gly 2965	Thr	Суѕ	Суѕ	Gly	Cys 2970	Cys	Ala	Cys
Ala	Cys 2975	Сув	Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys 2980		Gly	Gly	Сув	Cys 2985	Ala	Cys	Ala
Gly	Thr 2990	Cys	Gly	Ala	Thr	Gly 2995	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys	Cys 3000	Ala	Gly	Ala
Ala	Ala 3005	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Gly 3010	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr	Thr 3015	Thr	Thr	Cys
Cys	Ala 3020	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr	Gly 3025	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr 3030	Cys	Gly	Gly
Cys	Ala 3035	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly 3040	Gly	Сув	Ala	Thr	Cys 3045	Gly	Cys	Cys
Ala	Thr 3050	Gly	Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys 3055	Ala	Cys	Gly	Ala	Суз 3060	Gly	Ala	Gly
Ala	Thr 3065		Сув	Thr	Cys	Gly 3070		Суз	Gly	Thr	Сув 3075	Gly	Gly	Gly
Cys	Ala 3080	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys 3085	Gly	Cys	Суѕ	Thr	Thr 3090	Gly	Ala	Gly
Cys	Cys 3095	Thr	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly 3100	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ala	Gly 3105	Thr	Thr	Cys
Gly	Gly 3110	Cys	Thr	Gly	Gly	Cys 3115	Gly	Cys	Gly	Ala	Gly 3120	Cys	Cys	Cys
Cys	Thr 3125		Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys 3130	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr	Cys 3135		Thr	Cys
Cys	Ala 3140		Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala 3145	Thr	Cys	Cys	Thr	Gly 3150	Ala	Thr	Cys
Gly	Ala 3155	Cys	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala 3160	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys 3165	Thr	Thr	Cys
Суѕ	Ala 3170	Thr	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ala 3175	Gly	Thr	Ala	Cys	Gly 3180	Thr	Gly	Суз
Thr	Cys 3185	Gly	Cys	Thr	Cys	Gly 3190	Ala		Gly		Gly 3195	Ala	Thr	Gly

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Thr	Thr 3200	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys	Thr 3205	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly 3210		Thr	Cys
Gly	Ala 3215	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly 3220	Cys	Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 3225	Ala	Gly	Cys
Cys	Gly 3230	Gly	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala 3235	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Thr 3240		Thr	Gly
Cys	Ala 3245	Gly	Cys	Cys	Gly	Cys 3250	Cys	Gly	Суѕ	Ala	Thr 3255	Thr	Gly	Cys
Ala	Thr 3260	Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys	Cys 3265	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr 3270	Gly	Gly	Ala
Thr	Ala 3275	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 3280	Thr	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys 3285	Ala	Gly	Gly
Ala	Gly 3290	Сув	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly 3295	Thr	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala 3300	Thr	Gly	Ala
Cys	Ala 3305	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala 3310	Thr	Суѕ	Cys	Thr	Gly 3315	Cys	Cys	Cys
Cys	Gly 3320	Gly	Cys	Ala	Cys	Thr 3325	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys	Cys 3330	Суз	Ala	Ala
Thr	Ala 3335	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys 3340	Cys	Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys 3345	Cys	Сув	Thr
Thr	Суs 3350	Суѕ	Cys	Gly	Cys	Thr 3355	Thr	Cys	Ala	Gly	Thr 3360	Gly	Ala	Cys
Ala	Ala 3365	Суѕ	Gly	Thr	Cys	Gly 3370	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Cys 3375	Ala	Gly	Cys
Thr	Gly 3380	Суѕ	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala 3385	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	Cys 3390	Gly	Cys	Cys
Cys	Gly 3395	Thr	Cys	Gly	Thr	Gly 3400	Gly	Cys	Cys	Ala	Gly 3405	Cys	Cys	Ala
Cys	Gly 3410	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Cys 3415	Cys	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys 3420	Thr	Gly	Cys
Cys	Thr 3425	Cys	Gly	Thr	Суѕ	Cys 3430	Thr	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala 3435	Thr	Thr	Cys
Ala	Thr 3440	Thr	Cys	Ala	Gly	Gly 3445	Ala	Суѕ	Ala	Cys	Cys 3450	Gly	Gly	Ala

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Cys	Ala 3455	Gly	Gly	Thr	Суs	Gly 3460	Gly	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr 3465	Gly	Ala	Cys
Ala	Ala 3470	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala 3475	Ala	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly 3480	Gly	Суз	Gly
Cys	Cys 3485	Суѕ	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys 3490	Gly	Cys	Thr	Gly	Ala 3495	Cys	Ala	Gly
Cys	Cys 3500		Gly	Ala	Ala	Cys 3505	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys 3510	Gly	Gly	Cys
Ala	Thr 3515		Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly 3520		Ala	Gly	Cys	Cys 3525	Gly	Ala	Thr
Thr	Gly 3530		Cys	Thr	Gly	Thr 3535	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gly	Cys 3540	Cys	Суз	Ala
Gly	Thr 3545	Cys	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 3550		Суѕ	Gly	Ala	Ala 3555	Thr	Ala	Gly
Cys	Суз 3560	Thr	Cys	Thr	Cys	Cys 3565	Ala	Cys	Cys	Cys	Ala 3570	Ala	Gly	Cys
Gly	Gly 3575		Cys	Gly	Gly	Ala 3580	Gly	Ala	Ala	Суз	Cys 3585	Thr	Gly	Cys
Gly	Thr 3590	Gly	Суз	Ala	Ala	Thr 3595	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr	Суз 3600	Thr	Thr	Gly
Thr	Thr 3605	Cys	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys 3610	Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 3615	Ala	Ala	Ala
Cys	Gly 3620		Thr	Cys	Cys	Thr 3625		Ala	Thr	Cys	Cys 3630	Thr	Gly	Thr
Cys	Thr 3635	Суѕ	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ala 3640	Thr	Суs	Thr	Gly	Ala 3645	Thr	Суѕ	Thr
Thr	Gly 3650	Ala	Thr	Cys	Cys	Cys 3655	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 3660	Cys	Cys	Ala
Thr	Cys 3665	Ala	Gly	Ala	Thr	Cys 3670	Сув	Thr	Thr	Gly	Gly 3675	Cys	Gly	Gly
Cys	Ala 3680		Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala 3685	Gly	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr 3690	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly	Thr 3695	Thr	Thr	Ala	Cys	Thr 3700	Thr		Gly	_	Ala 3705	Gly	Gly	Gly

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Cys	Thr 3710	Thr	Сув	Суз	Cys	Ala 3715	Ala	Суа	Cys	Thr	Thr 3720	Ala	Суз	Суз
Ala	Gly 3725		Gly	Gly	Gly	Cys 3730	Gly	Суз	Cys	Суѕ	Cys 3735	Ala	Gly	Cys
Thr	Gly 3740	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala	Thr 3745	Thr	Суз	Cys	Gly	Gly 3750	Thr	Thr	Cys
GJA	Cys 3755	Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys	Thr 3760	Gly	Thr	Суз	Суз	Ala 3765	Thr	Ala	Ala
Ala	Ala 3770		Cys	Gly	Сув	Cys 3775		Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys 3780		Ala	Gly
Cys	Thr 3785	Ala	Thr	Суѕ	Gly	Cys 3790		Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr 3795	Ala	Ala	G].y
Сув	Cys 3800	Суѕ	Ala	Суз	Thr	Gly 3805	Cys	Ala	Ala	Gly	Cys 3810	Thr	Ala	Cys
Cys	Thr 3815		Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr 3820	Суз	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr 3825	Thr	Gly	Cys
Gly	Cys	Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 3835	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 3840	Cys	Cys	Thr
Thr	Gly 3845	Thr	Cys	Cys	Ala	Gly 3850	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Cys 3855	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly	Thr 3860	Ala	Gly	Cys	Thr	Gly 3865	Ala	Cys	Ala	Thr	Thr 3870	Cys	Ala	Thr
Cys	Cys 3875	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr 3880	Cys	Ala	Gly	Суз	Ala	Cys	Cys	Gly
_											3885			
Thr	Thr 3890	Thr	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys 3895	Gly	Gly	Ala	Cys	3885 Thr 3900	Gly	Gly	Cys
					_	3895		_		_	Thr	_		
Thr	3890 Thr	Thr	Cys	Thr	Ala	3895 Cys 3910	Gly	Thr	Gly	Thr	Thr 3900 Thr 3915	Cys	Cys	Gly
Thr	3890 Thr 3905 Thr	Thr	Cys Cys	Thr Cys	Ala	3895 Cys 3910 Thr 3925	Gly	Thr	Gly Gly	Thr Cys	Thr 3900 Thr 3915	Cys Gly	Cys Cys	Gly

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Ala Gly 3965	Cys	Thr	Ala	Суѕ	Ala 3970		Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr 3975	Gly	Thr	Gly
Ala Thr 3980	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Gly 3985	Cys	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr 3990	Cys	Gly	Cys
Thr Gly 3995	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr 4000	Thr	Cys	Cys	Thr	Thr 4005	Thr	Thr	Gly
Thr Cys 4010	Thr	Сув	Cys	Gly	Ala 4015	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr	Cys 4020	Ala	Gly	Gly
Cys Ala 4025	Cys	Суѕ	Thr	Gly	Ala 4030	Gly	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys 4035	Thr	Gly	Thr
Cys Thr 4040	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 4045	Gly	Thr	Gly	Ala	Cys 4050	Ala	Thr	Thr
Cys Ala 4055	Gly	Thr	Thr	Сув	Gly 4060	Cys	Thr	Gly	Суз	Gly 4065	Cys	Thr	Cys
Ala Cys 4070	Gly	Gly	Cys	Thr	Cys 4075	Thr	Gly	Gly	Cys	Ala 4080	Gly	Thr	Gly
Ala Ala 4085	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly 4090	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala 4095	Thr	Gly	Gly
Cys Ala 4100	Cys	Thr	Ala	Cys	Ala 4105	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys 4110	Cys	Thr	Thr
Thr Thr 4115	Ala	Thr	Gly		Ala 4120	Thr	Thr	Cys		Thr 4125	Gly	Сув	Ala
Ala Gly 4130	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Cys 4135	Thr	Ala	Cys	Cys	Cys 4140	Ala	Thr	Ala
Ala Thr 4145	Ala	Cys	Ala	Ala	Gly 4150	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly 4155	Cys	Cys	Суз
Gly Thr 4160	Cys	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly 4165	Gly	Cys	Thr	Thr	Cys 4170	Thr	Суз	Ala
Gly Gly 4175	Gly	Cys	Gly	Thr	Thr 4180	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly 4185	Gly	Cys	Gly
Gly Gly 4190	Thr	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys 4195	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr 4200	Gly	Gly	Thr
Gly Cys 4205	Thr	Ala	Thr	Cys	Thr 4210	Gly		Cys		Thr 4215	Thr	Thr	Thr

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Gly	Cys 4220		Gly	Thr	Thr	Cys 4225	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly 4230		Thr	Cys
Cys	Thr 4235	Gly	Cys	Cys	Суѕ	Thr 4240	Cys	Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr 4245	Thr	Thr	Thr
Cys	Cys 4250		Gly	Thr	Cys	Thr 4255	Gly	Ala	Суз	Суѕ	Ala 4260	Cys	Thr	Thr
Cys	Gly 4265	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala 4270	Thr	Суз	Суѕ	Суѕ	Gly 4275	Thr	Gly	Ala
Cys	Ala 4280	Gly	Gly	Thr	Cys	Ala 4285	Thr	Thr	Суз	Ala	Gly 4290	Ala	Сув	Thr
Gly	Gly 4295	Cys	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr 4300	Gly	Суѕ	Ala	Cys	Cys 4305	Cys	Ala	Gly
Thr	Ala 4310		Gly	Gly	Cys	Ala 4315	Gly	Суѕ	Gly	Gly	Thr 4320	Ala	Thr	Cys
Ala	Thr 4325	Cys	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ala 4330	Gly	Gly	Суѕ	Thr	Thr 4335	Ala	Суѕ	Cys
Cys	Gly 4340		Суѕ	Thr	Thr	Ala 4345	Суз	Thr	Gly	Thr	Cys 4350	Gly	Ala	Ala
Gly	Ala 4355		Gly	Thr	Gly	Cys 4360	GJĀ	Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys 4365	Gly	Thr	Ala
Thr	Gly 4370	Суз	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly 4375	Thr	Суз	Thr	Сув	Cys 4380	Cys	Суѕ	Ala
Thr	Gly 4385	Cys	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala 4390	Gly	Thr	Ala	Gly	Gly 4395	Gly	Ala	Ala
Cys	Thr 4400	Gly	Cys	Суѕ	Ala	Gly 4405	Gly	Суз	Ala	Thr	Cys 4410	Ala	Ala	Ala
Thr	Ala 4415	Ala	Ala	Ala	Cys	Gly 4420	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly 4425	Cys	Thr	Cys
Ala	Gly 4430	Thr	Cys	Gly	Ala	Ala 4435	Ala	Gly	Ala	Сув	Thr 4440	Gly	Gly	Gly
Cys	Cys 4445	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys	Gly 4450	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala 4455	Thr	Суѕ	Thr
Gly	Thr 4460	Thr	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr 4465	Gly	Thr	Сув	Gly	Gly 4470	Thr	Gly	Ala

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Ala Cys Gl 4475	y Cys.	Thr	Суѕ	Thr 4480	Суз	Суѕ	Thr	Gly	Ala 4485	Gly	Thr	Ala
Gly Gly Al	a Cys	Ala	Ala	Ala 4495	Thr	Суѕ	Сув	Gly	Cys 4500	Суѕ	Gly	Gly
Gly Ala Gl 4505	y Cys	Gly	Gly	Ala 4510	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ala 4515	Ala	Cys	Gly
Thr Thr G: 4520	y Cys.	Gly	Ala	Ala 4525	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala	Cys 4530	Gly	Gly	Cys
Cys Cys G: 4535	y Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly 4540	Gly	Thr	Gly	Gly	Cys 4545	Gly	Gly	Gly
Cys Ala G 4550	y Gly	Ala	Суз	Gly 4555	Cys	Cys	Cys	Gly	Cys 4560		Ala	Thr
Ala Ala A 4565	a Cys.	Thr	Gly	Cys 4570	Cys	Ala	Gly	Gly	Cys 4575	Ala	Thr	Cys
Ala Ala Al 4580	a Thr	Thr	Ala	Ala 4585	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala 4590	Ala	Gly	Gly
Cys Cys A: 4595	a Thr	Cys	Cys	Thr 4600	Gly	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly 4605	Ala	Thr	Gly
Gly Cys Cy 4610	s Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr 4615	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly	Thr 4620	Thr	Thr	Cys
Thr Ala Cy 4625	s Ala	Ala	Ala	Cys 4630	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr 4635	Thr	Gly	Thr
Thr Thr A	la Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr 4645	Thr	Cys	Thr	Ala	Ala 4650	Ala	Thr	Ala
Cys Ala Tl 4655	r Thr	Cys	Ala	Ala 4660	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly 4665	Gly	Ala	Cys
Gly Thr Cy 4670	s Gly	Thr	Ala	Cys 4675	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys 4680	Thr	Thr	Thr
Thr Ala Ai 4685	la Ala	Gly	Thr	Ala 4690	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Cys 4695	Ala	Ala	Thr
Cys Ala Al 4700	a Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys 4705	Thr	Сув	Cys	Thr	Gly 4710	Thr	Thr	Ala
Ala Ala Al 4715	la Thr	Thr	Gly	Суs 4720	Thr		Thr		Gly 4725	Ala	Ala	Ala

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Thr	Ala 4730	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly 4735		Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys 4740		Gly	Thr
Thr	Thr 4745	Gly	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr 4750	Ala	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ala 4755	Gly	Thr	Thr
Thr	Cys 4760	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly 4765		Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr 4770	Thr	Gly	Gly
Thr	Thr 4775	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly 4780		Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly 4785		Gly	Ala
Cys	Cys 4790	Gly	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 4795		Thr	Thr	Ala	Cys 4800	Thr	Ala	Cys
Ala	Gly 4805	Cys	Сув	Thr	Ala	Ala 4810	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr 4815	Thr	Thr	Gly
Ala	Ala 4820	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr	Cys 4825		Суз	Ala	Ala	Gly 4830	Ala	Gly	Cys
Thr	Thr 4835	Thr	Thr	Thr	Сув	Cys 4840		Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys 4845	Ala	Thr	Gly
Суѕ	Cys 4850	Cys	Ala	Cys	Gly	Cys 4855	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala	Суз 4860	Ala	Thr	Thr
Cys	Thr 4865	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 4870	Thr	Суз	Thr	Thr	Thr 4875	Thr	Gly	Gly
Thr	Thr 4880	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys 4885	Gly	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr 4890	Thr	Thr	Gly
Ala	Thr 4895	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr 4900	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly 4905	Суз	Thr	Ala
Thr	Ala 4910	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 4915	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 4920		Ala	Thr
Ala	Ala 4925	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Cys 4930	Ala	Ala	Cys	Thr	Ala 4935	Gly	Ala	Gly
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Cys	Ala 4970	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala 4975	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala 4980	Ala	Ala	Cys

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Thr	Ala 4985	Thr	Cys	Thr	Ala	Thr 4990	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Thr 4995	Thr	Gly	Thr
Cys	Thr 5000	Thr	Thr	Суѕ	Thr	Cys 5005		Gly	Ala	Ala	Thr 5010	Gly	Thr	Gly
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Thr	Ala 5120	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Cys 5125	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr 5130	Thr	Gly	Thr
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Ala	Ala 5180	Thr	Суз	Thr	Ala	Cys 5185	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 5190	Gly	Ala	Thr
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Ala	Thr 5270	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys 5275		Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 5280	Ala	Ala	Thr
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Ala	Thr 5480	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala	Thr 5485	Thr		Ala		5490	Суѕ	Gly	Gly

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Суз	Thr 6080	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys	Cys 6085	Thr	Cys	Cys		Cys 6090	Gly	Gly	Ala
Суз	Ala 6095	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys 6100	Ala	Gly	Ala	Cys	Cys 6105	Cys	Thr	Gly
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Pro Leu Xaa

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#### A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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                                      Page 63
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt residues; <220> <221> misc\_feature <222> (5 and)..(8) <223> Xaa (Pos5,8) is a neutral hydrophobic residue; Xaa (Pos10) is an acidic residue; <220> <221> misc\_feature <222> (14)..(14)<223> Xaa (Pos14) is absent or is an amino acid residue. <400> 101 Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Pro Phe Xaa Trp Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa 10 <210> 102 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Modulator of TALL-1 <220> <221> misc\_feature (1, 2, 3, 12, 13 and)..(14) <222> <223> Xaa (Pos1,2,3,12,13,14) are each independently absent or amino ac id residues; <220> <221> misc\_feature <222> (6 and)..(7)
<223> Xaa (Pos6,7) is a hydrophobic residue; <220> <221> misc\_feature <222> (10)..(10) <223> Xaa (Pos10) is an acidic or polar hydrophobic residue. <400> 102 Xaa Xaa Xaa Trp Xaa Xaa Trp Gly Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa 5 10 <210> 103 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Modulator of TALL-1

<220> <221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)..(1) <223> Xaa (Pos1) is absent or is an amino acid residue;

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (2 and)..(14)
<223> Xaa (Pos2,14) is a neutral hydrophobic residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (3 and)..(10)
<223> Xaa (Pos3,10) is an amino acid residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and)..(13)
<223> Xaa (Pos5,6,7,8,12,13) are each independently amino acid residues
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222>
       (9)..(9)
<223> Xaa (Pos9) is an acidic residue.
<400> 103
Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa
<210> 104
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Modulator of TALL-1
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1, 2, 12, 13, 16, 17 and)..(18) 
<223> Xaa (Pos1,2,12,13,16,17,18) are each independently absent or amin
       o acid residues;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (3)..(3)
<223> Xaa (Pos3) is an acidic or amide residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5 and)..(8)
<223> Xaa (Pos5,8) is an amino acid residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (6)..(6)
<223> Xaa (Pos6) is an aromatic residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (11)..(11)
```

```
A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
<223> Xaa (Posl1) is a basic residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222>
       (14)..(14)
<223> Xaa (Pos14) is a neutral hydrophobic residue.
<400> 104
Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Asp Xaa Leu Thr Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa
Xaa Xaa
<210> 105
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Modulator of TALL-1
<220>
<221> misc_feature
       (1, 2 and)..(3)
<222>
<223> Xaa (Pos1,2,3) are each independently absent or amino acid residu
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5, 7, 14 and)..(16)
<223> Xaa (Pos5,7,14,16) is an amino acid residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (10)..(10)
<223> Xaa (Pos10) is a basic residue:
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (11 and)..(12)
<223> Xaa (Pos11,12) are each independently amino acid residues;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (13 and)..(17)
<223> Xaa (Pos13,17) is a neutral hydrophobic residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (18)..(18)
<223> Xaa (Pos18) is an amino acid residue or is absent.
<400> 105
Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Asp Xaa Leu Thr Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa
```

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```
A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
                5
                                                          15
1
                                     10
Xaa Xaa
<210> 106
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Modulator of TALL-1
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1, 2, 3, 16, 17 and)..(18)
<223> Xaa (Pos1,2,3,16,17,18) are each independently absent or amino ac
       id residues;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5, 6, 7, 10, 13 and)..(14)
<223> Xaa (Pos5,6,7,10,13,14) are each independently amino acid residue
<400> 106
Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Trp Asp Xaa Leu Thr Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa
Xaa Xaa
<210> 107
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Modulator of TALL-1
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1,2,3,15,16,17)..(18)
<223> Xaa (Pos1,2,3,15,16,17,18) are each independently absent or amino
       acid residues;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5, 6, 7, 9 and)..(13)
<223> Xaa (Pos 5,6,7,9 13) are each independently amino acid residues;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (11)..(11)
<223> Xaa (Pos 11) is T or I; and
<400> 107
```

```
Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Asp Xaa Leu Xaa Lys Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa
Xaa Xaa
<210> 108
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Modulator of TALL-1
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (2)..(2)
<223> X at (Pos 2) is an amino acid residue
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (4)..(4)
<223> X at (Pos 4) is threonyl or isoleucyl
<400> 108
Asp Xaa Leu Xaa
<210> 109
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Modulator of TALL-1
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1, 2 and)..(3)
<223> X at (Pos 1, 2, 3) are absent or are amino acid residues (with on
      e of X1, X2,
                                           and X3 preferred to be C when one of X12,
 X13, an
       d X14 is C);
<220>
<221> misc_feature <222> (5)..(5)
<223> X at (Pos 5) is W, Y, or F (W preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (7)..(7)
<223> X at (Pos 7) is an amino acid residue (L preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222>
      (9)..(9)
<223> X at (Pos 9) is T or I (T preferred);
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (10)..(10)
<223> X at (Pos 10) is K, R, or H ( K preferred).
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (12)..(12)
<223> X at (Pos 12) is C, a neutral hydrophobic residue, or a basic res
       idue (W, C, or R
                                       preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (13)..(13)
                      is C, a neutral hydrophobic residue or is absent
<223> X at (Post 13)
       (V preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222>
      (14)..(14)
<223> X at (Pos 14) is any amino acid residue or is absent.
<400> 109
Xaa Xaa Xaa Lys Xaa Asp Xaa Leu Xaa Xaa Gln Xaa Xaa
<210> 110
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Modulator of TALL-1
<400> 110
Pro Phe Pro Trp Glu
<210> 111
<211> 248
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies
<400> 111
Met Pro Gly Thr Cys Phe Pro Phe Pro Trp Glu Cys Thr His Ala Gly
Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala
Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro
                            40
```

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#### A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val

Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val

Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln 100 105

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro

Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr

Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser

Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr

Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe

Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys

Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245

<210> 112 <211> 248 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 112

Met Trp Gly Ala Cys Trp Pro Phe Pro Trp Glu Cys Phe Lys Glu Gly

Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Page 70

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Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro

20

Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val

Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val 65 70 75 80

Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro

Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr

Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser

Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr 200

Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe

Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys

Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 113 <211> 248 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 113

## A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Met Val Pro Phe Cys Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys His Cys Phe Glu Ala Gly 1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala

Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro

Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val

Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val

Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro

Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr

Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser 165 170

Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr 200

Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe

Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys

Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245

<210> 114

<211> 252 <212> PRT

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 114

Met Gly Ser Arg Cys Lys Tyr Lys Trp Asp Val Leu Thr Lys Gln Cys 1 10 15

Phe His His Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro 20 . 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe 35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val 50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 100 105 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val 115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210 220

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
Page 73

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 245

<210> 115

<211> 252
<211> 252
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 115

Met Leu Pro Gly Cys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Ile Lys Gln Trp Val Cys 1 5 10 15

Asp Pro Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 200

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210 215

#### A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245 250

<210> 116

<211> 252

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 116

Met Ser Ala Asp Cys Tyr Phe Asp Ile Leu Thr Lys Ser Asp Val Cys 1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro 20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe 35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val 50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr
100 105 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val 115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Page 75

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Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 117 <211> 252

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 117

Met Ser Asp Asp Cys Met Tyr Asp Gln Leu Thr Arg Met Phe Ile Cys

Ser Asn Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 170 165

#### A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 200

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 118

<211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 118

Met Asp Leu Asn Cys Lys Tyr Asp Glu Leu Thr Tyr Lys Glu Trp Cys

Gln Phe Asn Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 100

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Page 77

160

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 145 150

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 200

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 119

<211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

Met Phe His Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Leu Leu Thr Arg Gln Met Val Cys

His Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val 120

## A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210 215 220

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245 250

<210> 120

<211> 252

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 120

Met Arg Asn His Cys Phe Trp Asp His Leu Leu Lys Gln Asp Ile Cys  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$ 

Pro Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro 20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe 35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val 50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Page 79

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 100

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 200

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 121

<211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 121

Met Ala Asn Gln Cys Trp Trp Asp Ser Leu Thr Lys Lys Asn Val Cys

Glu Phe Phe Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

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Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 105

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245

<210> 122

<211> 252 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

Met Phe His Asp Cys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Val Cys

His Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Page 81

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 100 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val 115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210 215

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 123

<211> 293

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 123

Met Leu Pro Gly Cys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Ile Lys Gln Trp Val Cys 1 5 10 15

Asp Pro Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Ala 20 25 30

## A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr His Met Leu Pro Gly Cys Lys Trp 35 40 45

Asp Leu Leu Ile Lys Gln Trp Val Cys Asp Pro Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly 50 55 60

Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu 65 70 75 80

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr 85 90 95

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val
100 105 110

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 115 120 125

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser 130 140

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu 145 150 155 160

Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala 165 170 175

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro 180 185 190

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln 195 200 205

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala 210 215 220

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr 225 230 235 240

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu 245 250 255

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser 260 265 270

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser 275 280 285

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 290

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Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr His Met Phe His Asp Cys Lys Trp 35 40 45

Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Val Cys His Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly 50 55 60

Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu 65 70 75 80

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr 85 90 95

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val
100 105 110

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 115 120 125

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser 130 135 140

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu 145 150 155 160

Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala 165 170 175

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro
180 185 190

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln 195 200 205

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala 210 215 220

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Page 84

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
225
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Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu
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Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser
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                                            and X3 preferred to be C when one of X12,
 X13, an
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        (12)..(12)
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preferred);
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Pro Gln

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Gln Ser
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#### A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Gln Ala

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Ala Pro

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Thr Thr

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<210> 144

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<210> 145

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Val Gly

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Leu Asp

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Gln Ala

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Pro Val
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

<213> Artificial Sequence

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- <210> 160 <211> 18

- <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

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Ile Met

- <210> 161 <211> 18

- <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

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Asn Met

- <210> 162

- <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

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<400> 162

Gln Arg Gln Cys Ala Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Cys Val Leu

Phe Tyr

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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#### A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Gln Ser

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Ser Val

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PCT/US02/15273

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WO 02/092620
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Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr Gly Ser 20

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Val Asp Cys Arg Leu Leu 35

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His Ala Cys Ile Pro Cys Gln Leu Arg Cys

## (19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



### 

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- C07K 14/52,
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- (22) International Filing Date: 13 May 2002 (13.05.2002)
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(26) Publication Language:

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- (74) Agents: ODRE, Steven et al.; Amgen, Inc., One Amgen Center Drive, M/S 27-4-A, Thousand Oaks, CA 91320-1799 (US).
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: PEPTIDES AND RELATED MOLECULES THAT BIND TO TALL-1

a'a'a'CDa'La'a'a''Ca''a''a''

(SEQ. ID. NO: 100),
b'b'b'Cb'b'Db'Lb''b''b''b''2b''b''Cb''b''b''

(SEQ. ID. NO: 104)

c'c'c'C'Cc'Dc'Lc'c''c''c''c''c'''Cc''c'''

(SEQ. ID. NO: 105)
d'd'd'Cd'5d'6d'WDd''Ld'''d'''d'''

(SEQ. ID. NO: 106)
e'e'e'C'e'e'e'De'Le'''Ke''Ce''5e'''e'''

(SEQ. ID. NO: 107)

f'f'f'Kf'Df'Lf'f"Qf"f"f" (SEO. ID NO: 109)

 $(X^{1})_{a}-V^{1}-(X^{2})_{b}$  (1)

(57) Abstract: The present invention concerns therapeutic agents that modulate the activity of TALL-1. In accordance with the present invention, modulators of TALL-1 may comprise an amino acid sequence Dz<sup>2</sup>Lz<sup>4</sup> wherein z<sup>2</sup> is an amino acid residue and z<sup>4</sup> is threonyl or isoleucyl. Exemplary molecules comprise a sequence of the formulae a1a2a3CDa6La8a9a10Ca12a13a14 (SEQ.ID.NO:100),  $b^1b^2b^3Cb^5b^6Db^8Lb^{10}b^{11}b^{12}b^{13}b^{14}Cb^{16}b^{17}b^{18}$ (SEQ.ID.NO:104)  $c^{1}c^{2}c^{3}Cc^{5}Dc^{7}Lc^{9}c^{10}c^{11}c^{12}c^{13}c^{14}Cc^{16}c^{17}c^{18}$ (SEQ.ID.NO:105) d1d2d3Cd5d6d7WDd10Ld13d14d15Cd16d17d18 (SEQ.ID.NO:106)  $e^{1}e^{2}e^{3}Ce^{5}e^{6}e^{7}De^{9}Le^{11}Ke^{13}Ce^{15}e^{16}e^{17}e^{18}$ (SEQ.ID.NO:107) f<sup>1</sup>f<sup>2</sup>f<sup>3</sup>Kf<sup>5</sup>Df<sup>7</sup>Lf<sup>9</sup>f<sup>10</sup>Qf<sup>12</sup>f<sup>13</sup>f<sup>14</sup> (SEQ.ID NO:109) wherein the substituents are as defined in the specification. The invention further comprises compositions of matter of the formula (X1)n-V1-(X2)b wherein V1 is a vehicle that is covalently attached to one or more of the above TALL-I modulating compositions of matter. The vehicle and the TALL-1 modulating composition of matter may be linked through the N- or C-terminus of the TALL-1 modulating portion. The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain, and the preferred Fc domain is an IgG Fc domain.

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#### Published:

with international search report

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

			PCT/US02/15273	1	
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  IPC(7) : C07K 14/52, 14/525; A61K 38/19; C12N 5/10, 15/28  US CL : 530/351, 402; 514/2, 8, 12; 536/23.5; 435/69.1, 71.1, 471, 320.1, 325, 252.3, 254.11  According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC					
B. FIELDS SEARCHED					
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S.: 530/351, 402; 514/2, 8, 12; 536/23.5; 435/69.1, 71.1, 471, 320.1, 325, 252.3, 254.11					
Documentation NONE	searched other than minimum documentation to the	e extent that such	documents are include	d in the fields searched	
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) Please See Continuation Sheet					
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where a	opropriate, of the	relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
A Database PNAS, SHU, HB. et al. B cell maturation protein is a receptor for the tumor necrosis factor family member TALL-1. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 01 August 2000, Vol. 97, No. 16, pages 9156-9161.			1-62		
A Database PNAS, KHARE et al. Severe B cell hyperplasia and autoimmune disease in TALL-1 transgenis mice. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 28 March 2000, Vol. 97, No pages 3370-3375.			1-62		
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